PN71xx Linux Software Stack Integration Guidelines

Rev. 2.4 — 10 August 2018 335024

Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

Document information

Info	Content
Keywords	NFC, Linux, Libnfc-nci
Abstract	This note describes how to add support for a PN7120 or PN7150 NFC Controller to a generic GNU/Linux system



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Rev	Date	Description
2.4	20180810	Updated to R2.4 software stack version
2.3	20170612	Updated to R2.2 software stack version
		Added description of NFC Factory Test application
2.2	20160704	Updated to R2.1 software stack version
		Added description of configuration files
2.1	20160509	Added support for PN7150 NFCC IC
2.0	20160223	Updated to R2.0 software stack version
		Updated <u>Section 7.3 Licenses</u>
1.1	20150824	Updated to R1.0 software stack version
1.0	20150601	First released version
0.1	20150507	Creation of the document

Revision history

Contact information

For more information, please visit: <u>http://www.nxp.com</u>

AN11697

1. Introduction

This document provides guidelines for the integration of NXP's PN7120 and PN7150 NFC Controllers to a generic GNU/Linux platform from software perspective, based on the Linux NFC stack. The related architecture is depicted in below Fig 1.



Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

2. Release note

The present document describes the Linux libnfc-nci stack version R2.2.

2.1 Change history

2.1.1 R2.4

- Runtime discovery of the NFC controller to accordingly load proper configuration and enable appropriate features
- Adding possibility to send multiple NDEF messages over P2P
- Adding support for the Tag NDEF Formatting
- Fixed NDEF message size limitation
- Enable the support for the Multiple Tags and Multiprotocol Tags
- Optimize the presence check thread for the multiple tag handling
- Adding capability to choose the compiler optimization and the debug build option during the configuration of the stack
- Adding naming of all the threads to help identify them during debugging

2.1.2 R2.2

- Adding support for alternative to pn5xx_i2c kernel driver
- Adding support for lpcusbsio based device
- Updated demo application with MIFARE product-based cards additional examples
- Fixed issue with presence check mechanism with respect to MIFARE Classic scenario
- Fixed SNEP server creation issue on x64/x86 platforms
- Fixed conflict when using latest version of openssl
- Fixed syntax error in Self-Test implementation
- Fixed issue with I2C fragmentation
- Updates of PN7150 RF settings configuration

2.1.3 R2.1

- Adding support for PN7150 NFCC IC
- Fixed issue of RF block write fail
- Fixed issue of HCE not working when polling tech mask is null
- Fixed issue of listen mode for HCE always enabled when NXP_NFC_NATIVE_ENABLE_HCE=false
- Updated PN7150 configuration file in the scope of RF performance optimization of OM5578 demo kit

2.1.4 R2.0

• Implementation of LLCP1.3 (enable/disable through configuration)

- Implementation of P2P Connectionless data transfer for LLCP1.2 and LLCP1.3
- Fixed Read NDEF return status on failure
- Fixed P2P RF issue during multiple transfer in LLCP1.3
- Fixed Segmentation fault observed during secured P2P transfer
- Fixed thread creation issue discovered in specific case of endurance testing with remote tag set at the limit of detection
- Fixed buffer allocation issue discovered in specific case of endurance testing with remote tag set at the limit of detection

2.1.5 R1.0

- Fixed SNEP Connect Error on PC x64 platform
- Fixed issue of failing initialization due to DWL_GPIO not connected or not defined
- Fixed error during receive of BT CHO message
- Fixed error during receive of WIFI CHO message
- Fixed issue of Handover select API returning success for corrupted payload
- Fixed issue of HCE data receive call back not being invoked in case of receiving check NDEF frame
- Fixed error during multiprotocol card reading
- Fixed status error when push message failed
- Fixed segmentation fault in case of URI NDEF record with invalid/RFU prefixes
- Fixed MIFARE Classic buffer de-allocation during write
- Fixed RF Stuck issue during P2P or tag write

2.1.6 R0.4

First official delivery of the Linux libnfc-nci stack.

2.2 Possible problems, known errors and restrictions

LLCP1.3 support requires OpenSSL Cryptography and SSL/TLS Toolkit (version 1.0.1j or later)

3. Low level access to PN71xx HW

Several different possibilities are offered to allow mapping the Linux NFC stack, depicted in Fig 1, to the PN71xx NFC Controller.

3.1 Kernel driver pn5xx_i2c

PN5xx I2C kernel mode driver can be used to communicate with the PN71xx NFC Controller. Source code is available from the following repository: http://www.github.com/NXPNFCLinux/nxp-pn5xx .



3.1.1 Driver details

The PN5xx I2C driver offers communication to the NFC Controller connected over I2C physical interface. This is insured through the device node named /*dev/pn544*. This driver is compatible with a large range of NXP's NFC Controllers (e.g. PN544).

3.1.2 Installation instructions

The following instructions assume the driver being installed under the *drivers/misc* kernel source sub-folder. Below instructions may have to be adapted accordingly in case another path is chosen for the driver installation.

3.1.2.1 Getting the driver

Clone the nxp-pn5xx repository into the kernel directory:

- \$ cd drivers/misc
- \$ git clone https://github.com/NXPNFCLinux/nxp-pn5xx.git

This will create the sub-folder *nxp-pn5xx* containing the following files:

- *pn5xx_i2c.c*: driver implementation
- pn5xx_i2c.h: driver interface definition
- *README.md*: repository comments
- Makefile: driver related makefile
- Kconfig: driver related config file
- LICENSE: driver licensing terms
- sample_devicetree.txt. example of device tree definition

3.1.2.2 Including the driver to the kernel

Include the driver to the compilation by adding below line to the heading makefile (*drivers/misc/Makefile*).

obj-y += nxp-pn5xx/

Include the driver config by adding below line to the heading configuration file (*drivers/misc/Kconfig*).

```
source "drivers/misc/nxp-pn5xx/Kconfig"
```

3.1.2.3 Creating the device node

Two methods are supported for the creation of the /dev/pn544 device node: device tree and platform data. Any of the two methods can be used, but of course the I2C address (0x28 in the below examples) and GPIO assignments must be adapted to the hardware integration in the platform.

i. Device tree

Below is an example of definition to be added to the platform device tree file (.*dts* file located for instance under *arch/arm/boot/dts* kernel sub-folder for ARM based platform).

&i2c{

```
status = "okay";
pn547: pn547@28 {
    compatible = "nxp,pn547";
    reg = <0x28>;
    clock-frequency = <400000>;
    interrupt-gpios = <&gpio2 17 0>;
    enable-gpios = <&gpio4 21 0>;
};
};
```

ii. Platform data

Below is an example of definition to be added to the platform definition file. The structure *pn544_i2c_platform_data* being defined in the driver interface header file, *pn5xx_i2c.h* must be included in the platform definition file, and *pn5xx_i2c.h* file must be copied to *include/linux* kernel source sub-folder.

PN71xx Linux Software Stack Integration Guidelines

```
static struct pn544_i2c_platform_data nfc_pdata = {
    .irq_gpio = GPIO_TO_PIN(1,29),
    .ven_gpio = GPIO_TO_PIN(0,30),
    .firm_gpio = GPIO_UNUSED
    .clkreq_gpio = GPIO_UNUSED
};
static struct i2c_board_info __initdata nfc_board_info[] = {
    {
        I2C_BOARD_INFO("pn547", 0x28),
        .platform_data = &nfc_pdata,
    },
};
```

Then the declared *nfc_board_info* structure must be added to the platform using dedicated procedure (platform specific).

3.1.2.4 Building the driver

Through *menuconfig* procedure include the driver to the build, as built-in (<*>) or modularizes features (<M>):

```
Device Drivers --->
Misc devices --->
< > NXP PN5XX based driver
```

If <M> option is selected, build the driver and install the generated $pn5xx_i2c.ko$ module. Otherwise if built-in, build the complete kernel, the driver will be included in the kernel.

If the device tree method was used in previous step, build the platform related device tree and install generated dtb file.

3.1.2.5 Changing access to device node

By default, r/w permission to the /*dev/pn544* node is set to root user only. This might be an issue when running an application without root privilege.

Permissions of the device node can be changed on the platform, by instance using **udev** rules management For example, creating a new file named **pn5xx_i2c.rules** located in **/etc/udev/rules.d** platform sub-directory, and containing such line declaration:

ACTION=="add", KERNEL=="pn544", MODE="0666"

This will update the device node permission, to r+w to any user, during platform boot.

3.2 Alternative to pn5xx_i2c kernel driver

In case the existing kernel offers access to GPIO and I2C resources from the user space (through /**sys/class/gpio** and /**dev/i2c-dev** interface), an alternative to the pn5xx_i2c kernel driver is proposed. This is managed inside the Hardware Abstraction Layer component of the libnfc-nci SW stack and selected at the "Makefile generation" step (see 4.2.2) using "--enable-alt" option.



When accessing the NFC Controller through the /sys/class/gpio and /dev/i2c-dev rights must be insured to the NFC application (either the NFC application must be executed as root or rights must be extended to user).

The I2C and GPIO connection to the NFC Controller is depicted in *phTmlNfc_alt.h* file and must be adapted to the targeted platform:

#define	I2C_BUS	"/dev/i2c-1"
#define	I2C_ADDRESS	0x28
#define	PIN_INT	23
#define	PIN_ENABLE	24

- {I2C_BUS} defines the I2C dev instance the NFC Controller is connected to
- {I2C_ADDRESS} defines the NFC Controller 7 bits I2C slave address
- {PIN_INT} defines the GPIO number the NFC Controller IRQ pin is connected to
- {I2C_ENABLE} defines the GPIO number the NFC Controller VEN pin is connected to

3.3 LPCUSBSIO based device

For USB devices implementing PN7150 with HID interface expose via LPCUSBSIO protocol, the libnfc-nci stack implement the support of this communication. This is managed inside the Hardware Abstraction Layer component of the libnfc-nci SW stack and selected at the "Makefile generation" step (see 4.2.2) using "--enable-lpcusbsio" option.



AN11697

4. NFC library

The Linux libnfc-nci stack consists in a library running in User space. It is available from the following repository: <u>https://github.com/NXPNFCLinux/linux_libnfc-nci</u>

4.1 Library details

The library is comprised of 3 layers:



- The Interface layer expose the library API
- The Core layer implement NFC features (NCI, NDEF, LLCP and SNEP protocols, Tag Operations, Host Card Emulation...)
- The Hardware Abstraction Layer provides connection to the kernel driver as well as basic functionalities like self-test or firmware update

4.2 Installation instructions

4.2.1 Getting the library

Clone the Linux libnfc-nci stack repository:

\$ git clone https://github.com/NXPNFCLinux/linux_libnfc-nci.git

conf└── libnfc-nci.conf └── libnfc-nxp-init.conf └── libnfc-nxp-pn547.conf └── libnfc-nxp-pn548.conf doc Linux_NFC_API_Guide ∟ ... Linux NFC API Guide.html src └── halimpl └─ ... └── include └─ ... — libnfc-nci └─ ... └── service └─ ... demoapp ∟ … - libnfc-nci.pc.in - bootstrap — configure.ac - Makefile.am

The following directory structure will be created:

4.2.1 Generating the configuration script

Generate the configuration script by simply executing the bootstrap bash script:

\$./bootstrap

This requires the *automake*, *autoconf* and *libtool* packages to be installed on the machine used for compilation (directly on the target or cross-compiling machine). This can be done using standard *apt-get install* procedure.

4.2.2 Generating the Makefile

Call the newly created configure script enabling the generation of the Makefile recipe file:

```
$ ./configure <OPTIONS>
```

Here are some options one might be interested in when cross-compiling:

 --enable-i2c, --enable-alt or --enable-lpcusbsio: define the way to communicate with the NFC Controller (see chapter 3). Default is pn5xx_i2c kernel driver.

- --enable-llcp1_3: enable support of LLCP1.3. Requires OpenSSL Cryptography and SSL/TLS Toolkit. If not set LLCP1.3 is not supported (falling back to LLCP1.2 support).
- openssIdir=DIR: (optional) path to openssI installation folder (mandatory for LLCP1.3 support)
- --enable-debug: enable including debug symbols
- -h: display all available command-line options.

When --enable-llcp1_3 option is selected, configuration step will fail if openssldir path is not set. (e.g. "./configure --enable-llcp1_3 openssldir=/opt/openssl")

4.2.3 Building the source

Using the *Makefile* recipe file, building the library and the test application is done with the simple make command:

\$ make

4.2.4 Installing the library

The generated library can be installed on the target using *make install* command.

Depending on the target directories, installation may require the use of root privileges, generally granted by *su* or *sudo*:

make install

It installs the libnfc-nci-linux library to */usr/local/lib* target directory. This path must be added to *LD_LIBRARY_PATH* environment variable for proper reference to the library during linking/execution of application.

It also installs the configuration files (refer to chapter 4.4) to /usr/local/etc.

4.3 Library APIs

For detailed information about libnfc-nci library API, please refer to the dedicated document *Linux_NFC_API_Guide.html* inside *doc* sub-folder of the stack delivery (refer to chapter 4.2.1).

4.4 Configuration Files

Four files allow configuring the libnfc-nci library at runtime: *libnfc-nci.conf*, *libnfc-nxp-init.conf*, *libnfc-nxp-pn547.conf*(relates to pn7120) and *libnfc-nxp-pn548.conf*(relates to pn7150). There are defining tags which are impacting library behavior. The value of the tags depends on the targeted platform. For more details, refer to the examples given in *conf* sub-folder of the stack delivery (see chapter 4.2.1).

These files are loaded by the library, from */usr/local/etc* directory of the target, during the initialization phase. Refer to chapter 4.2.4 for installation procedure, the files can also be manually copied to the target */usr/local/etc* directory.

Pay attention that the configuration files provided as part of the library relates to the NFC Controller demo boards. These files must be adapted according to the target integration.

Below is the description of the different useful tags in the configuration files (refer to the example conf files for detailed information about the tag values).

Table 1.	Tag list of libnf	c-nci.conf file
	Tay list of libility	

Тад	Description
APPL_TRACE_LEVEL	Log levels for libnfc-nci.
	Recommended value for debugging is 0xFF
PROTOCOL_TRACE_LEVEL	Log levels for libnfc-nci.
	Recommended value for debugging is 0xFF
HOST_LISTEN_ENABLE	Configuration force HOST listen feature
POLLING_TECH_MASK	Configuration of the polling technologies
NFA_DM_DISC_DURATION_POLL	Configuration of the discovery loop TOTAL DURATION (in milliseconds)
P2P_LISTEN_TECH_MASK	Configuration of listen technologies for P2P

Table 2. Tag list of libnfc-nxp-init.conf file

Тад	Description
NXPLOG_EXTNS_LOGLEVEL	Configure level of EXTNS logs
	Recommended value for debug is 0x03
NXPLOG_NCIX_LOGLEVEL	Set level of NCIX logs
	Recommended value for debug is 0x03
NXPLOG_NCIR_LOGLEVEL	Set level of NCIR logs
	Recommended value for debug is 0x03
NXPLOG_FWDNLD_LOGLEVEL	Set level of FWDNLD logs
	Recommended value for debug is 0x03
NXPLOG_TML_LOGLEVEL	Set level of FWDNLD logs
	Recommended value for debug is 0x03
NXPLOG_NCIHAL_LOGLEVEL	Set level of NCIHAL logs
	Recommended value for debug is 0x03
NXP_ACT_PROP_EXTN	Set NXP's NFC Controller proprietary features
NXP_NFC_PROFILE_EXTN	Set discovery profile
NXP_CORE_STANDBY	Set NFC Controller standby mode
NXP_NFC_DEV_NODE	Set the device node when pn5xx_i2c kernel driver configuration is used
NXP_I2C_FRAGMENTATION_ENABLED	Set the I2c fragmentation feature

Table 3. Tag list of libnfc-nxp-pn5487.conf and libnfc-nxp-pn548.conf files			
Тад	Description		
NXP_NFC_FW_PATH	Defines path from which the library shall load the NFC Controller firmware		
NXP_NFC_FW_NAME	Defines NFC Controller firmware library name to be loaded		
MIFARE_READER_ENABLE	Set the support of the reader for MIFARE Classic		
NXP_NFC_PROPRIETARY_CFG	Defines the proprietary protocols ID used in discovery loop		
NXP_SYS_CLK_SRC_SEL	Configure the clock source of the NFC Controller		
NXP_SYS_CLK_FREQ_SEL	Set the clock frequency in case of PLL clock source		
NXP_SYS_CLOCK_TO_CFG	Set clock request acknowledgment time value in case of PLL clock source		
NXP_EXT_TVDD_CFG	Set TVDD configuration used		
NXP_EXT_TVDD_CFG_1	Configure TxLDO when CFG1 is used		
NXP_EXT_TVDD_CFG_2	Configure TxLDO when CFG2 is used		
NXP_RF_CONF_BLK_x	Set platform specific RF configuration		
NXP_CORE_CONF_EXTN	Configure proprietary parts of the NFC Controller		
NXP_CORE_CONF	Configure standardized parts of the NFC Controller		
NXP_CORE_MFCKEY_SETTING	Proprietary configuration for Key storage		
NFA_MAX_EE_SUPPORTED	Set the maximum number of Execution Environments supported		

Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

5. Example application

5.1 Application details

The Linux libnfc-nci stack offers an application example demonstrating use of the library to run NFC features. It is available as part of the stack delivery (refer to chapter 4.2 for installation instructions). Source code is located in *demoapp* sub-folder of the libnfc-nci stack directory.

The purpose of this application is to demonstrate NFC features offers by the libnfc-nci library and provides code example of the library API.

It is built together the libnfc-nci library, following procedure depicted in chapter 4.2.3.

5.2 Using the application

The application must be started with parameters:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp <OPTIONS>
```

You can get the parameters details by launching the application help menu:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp --help
```

ol@raspberrypi	- \$./nfcDemoApphelp
.OMMAND:	Polling mode e.g. cofcDemotor poll >
write	Write tag e.g. onfcDemokop writetype=Text -l en -r "Test">
share	Tag Emulation Mode e.g. <nfcdemoapp -t="" -u="" http:="" share="" uri="" www.nxp.com=""></nfcdemoapp>
push	Push to device e.g. <nfcdemoapp -t="" -u="" http:="" push="" uri="" www.nxp.com=""></nfcdemoapp>
	e.g. <nfcdemoapp "2200ac597405af1c0e09476<="" "application="" -d="" -m="" pushtype="mime" td="" vnd.bluetooth.ep.oob"=""></nfcdemoapp>
5C617879204E6F7	4652033040D0C024005031E110B11">
Help Options:	they hale entires
n,necp	
ol@raspberrypi	~ \$ I

The demo application offers 3 modes of operation:

- **Polling**: continuously waiting for a remote NFC device (tag or peer device) and displays related information
- Tag writing: allows writing NDEF content to a NFC tag
- Tag emulation: allows sharing NDEF content to a NFC reader device
- Device push: allows pushing NDEF content to a remote NFC peer device

5.2.1 Run Polling mode

When in this mode, the application will display information of any discovered NFC tags or remote NFC device. It is reached starting the application with "poll" parameter:

\$./nfcDemoApp poll

*# ################### # #############	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	NFC demo ####################################	## ***********************************	
laiting for a	Tag/Device			
IFC Tag Found				
	Type : Record Found :	'Type A - Mifare Ul' NDEF Content Max size : NDEF Actual Content size : ReadOnly : Type : URI :	'868 bytes' '29 bytes' 'FALSE' 'URI' 'http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/OM5577'	
9 bytes of ND	EF data received			
1 19 55 01 6E FC Tag Lost	78 70 2E 63 6F 6	5D 2F 64 65 6D 6F 62 6F 61 72 64	4 2F 4F 4D 35 35 37 37	
laiting for a	Tag/Device			

5.2.2 Tag writing mode

This mode allows writing data to an NFC tag. It is reached using "write" parameter:

\$./nfcDemoApp write <OPTIONS>

giespoeriype a 5	press en	ter to guit		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*****	******	
	N	FC demo	##	
	Write m	ode activated	***	
	*****	*****		
iting for a Tag/D	evice			
C Tag Found				
Тур	e: 'Type A - I	Mifare Ul'		
Rec	ord Found :			
	NDEF Conte	nt Max size :	'137 bytes'	
	NDEF Actua	c content size :	29 Bytes	
	Readonity :		FALSE	
	пуре.		'http://www.pxp.com/demohoard/om5577'	
bytes of NDEF da	ta received :			
1 1 10 55 81 65 70 7	3 2E 63 6E 6D 2E 64 65	5D 6E 62 6E 61 72	64 2E 6E 6D 35 35 37 37	
rite Tan OK	5 2E 05 0F 05 2F 04 05 1	00 01 02 01 01 72	04 2r 0r 00 33 33 37 37	
Read back data	Record Found :			
	NDEF Conte	nt Max size :	'137 bytes'	
	NDEF Actua	l Content size :	'18 bytes'	
	ReadOnly :		'FALSE'	
	Type :		'Text'	
	Text :		'hello world'	
P byter of NDEE day	ta received :			
1	co received .			
- 1 0E 54 02 65 6E 6 FC Tag Lost	8 65 6C 6C 6F 20 77 6F	72 6C 64		
aiting for a Tag/D	evice			

You can get more information about the message format using "-h" or "--help" parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp write --help
```

5.2.3 Tag emulation mode

This mode allows emulating an NFC tag (NFC Forum T4T) to share data to a remote NFC reader (e.g. an NFC phone). It is reached using "share" parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp share <OPTIONS>
```

⊗ ⊜ © pi@raspberrypi: ~
pigraspberrypi ~ \$./nfcDemoApp share -t URI -u http://www.nxp.com ####################################
press enter to quit
Waiting for a Tag/Device
NFC Reader Found
Received data from remote device : 00 A4 04 00 07 D2 76 00 00 85 01 01 00
Response sent : 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 A4 00 0C 02 E1 03
Response sent : 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 B0 00 00 F
Response sent : 00 0F 20 00 FF 00 FF 04 06 E1 04 00 FF 00 FF 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 A4 00 0C 02 E1 04
Response sent : 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 B0 00 00 02
Response sent : 00 0C 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 A4 00 0C 02 E1 04
Response sent : 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 B0 00 00 OC
Response sent : 00 0C D1 01 08 55 01 6E 78 70 2E 63 90 00
Received data from remote device : 00 B0 00 0C 02
Response sent : 6F 6D 90 00
NFC Reader Lost
Waiting for a Tag/Device
Fig 9. Linux demo application Tag emulation mode

You can get more information about the message format using "-h" or "--help" parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp share --help
```

AN11697

5.2.4 Device push mode

This mode allows pushing data to a remote NFC device (e.g. an NFC phone). It is reached using "push" parameter:

\$./nfcDemoApp push <OPTIONS>



You can get more information about the message format using "-h" or "--help" parameter:

```
$ ./nfcDemoApp push --help
```

Application note

COMPANY PUBLIC

6. NFC Factory Test application

6.1 Application details

To ease the characterization of the NFC integration in the Linux device, the NFC Factory Test application is offered. It allows setting the NFC controller into either:

- Constant RF emission mode (no modulation)
- or PRBS (Pseudo Random Binary Sequence) mode (continuous modulation)
- Standby mode

The source code is available from the following repository: https://github.com/NXPNFCLinux/linux_NfcFactoryTestApp.

This application does not run on top of the libnfc-nci SW stack but rather directly access the NFC Controller to send the appropriate NCI commands allowing to set it into the expected mode.

6.2 Building the application

Clone the nxp-pn5xx repository into the kernel directory:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/NXPNFCLinux/linux_NfcFactoryTestApp.git
```

Using the Makefile recipe file, build the application with the "make" command:

\$ make

This will generate the application based on the pn5xx_i2c kernel driver for the communication to the NFC Controller (see 3.1). If the integration is based on the alternative option (refer to 3.2), the application must be build using the "alt" parameter:

\$ make alt

I2C and GPIO connection details being defined in *tml_alt.c* file:

#define	I2C_BUS	"/dev/i2c-1
#define	I2C_ADDRESS	0x28
#define	PIN_INT	23
#define	PIN_ENABLE	24

Run the application (pay attention that the low level access rights are given) :

\$./NfcFactoryTestApp



AN11697

Application note

COMPANY PUBLIC

7. Legal information

7.1 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

7.2 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the

customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

Evaluation products — This product is provided on an "as is" and "with all faults" basis for evaluation purposes only. NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates and their suppliers expressly disclaim all warranties, whether express, implied or statutory, including but not limited to the implied warranties of non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. The entire risk as to the quality, or arising out of the use or performance, of this product remains with customer.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates or their suppliers be liable to customer for any special, indirect, consequential, punitive or incidental damages (including without limitation damages for loss of business, business interruption, loss of use, loss of data or information, and the like) arising out the use of or inability to use the product, whether or not based on tort (including negligence), strict liability, breach of contract, breach of warranty or any other theory, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever (including without limitation, all damages referenced above and all direct or general damages), the entire liability of NXP Semiconductors, its affiliates and their suppliers and customer's exclusive remedy for all of the foregoing shall be limited to actual damages incurred by customer based on reasonable reliance up to the greater of the amount actually paid by customer for the product or five dollars (US\$5.00). The foregoing limitations, exclusions and disclaimers shall apply to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, even if any remedy fails of its essential purpose.

7.3 Licenses

Purchase of NXP ICs with NFC technology

Purchase of an NXP Semiconductors IC that complies with one of the Near Field Communication (NFC) standards ISO/IEC 18092 and ISO/IEC 21481 does not convey an implied license under any patent right infringed by implementation of any of those standards. Purchase of NXP Semiconductors IC does not include a license to any NXP patent (or other IP right) covering combinations of those products with other products, whether hardware or software.

7.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are property of their respective owners.

MIFARE — is a trademark of NXP B.V.

MIFARE Classic - is a trademark of NXP B.V.

Application note

COMPANY PUBLIC

8. List of figures

Fig 1.	Linux libnfc-nci stack overview	3
Fig 2.	Linux libnfc-nci stack with pn5xx_i2c kernel	
	driver	6
Fig 3.	Linux libnfc-nci stack with alternative to	
	pn5xx_i2c kernel driver	9
Fig 4.	Linux libnfc-nci stack with lpcusbsio HID	
	communication	10
Fig 5.	Linux libnfc-nci library overview	11
Fig 6.	Linux demo application commands	16
Fig 7.	Linux demo application polling mode	17
Fig 8.	Linux demo application tag writing mode	17
Fig 9.	Linux demo application Tag emulation mode	18
Fig 10.	Linux demo application device push mode	19
Fig 11.	NFC Factory Test application	21

Application note COMPANY PUBLIC

Contents 9.

1.	Introduction3
2.	Release note4
2.1	Change history4
2.1.1	R2.44
2.1.2	R2.24
2.1.3	R2.14
2.1.4	R2.04
2.1.5	R1.05
2.1.6	R0.45
2.2	Possible problems, known errors and
	restrictions5
3.	Low level access to PN71xx HW6
3.1	Kernel driver pn5xx_i2c6
3.1.1	Driver details6
3.1.2	Installation instructions6
3.1.2.1	Getting the driver6
3.1.2.2	Including the driver to the kernel7
3.1.2.3	Creating the device node7
3.1.2.4	Building the driver8
3.1.2.5	Changing access to device node8
3.2	Alternative to ph5xx_l2c kernel driver
3.3	LPCUSBSIO based device10
4.	NFC library11
4.1	Library details11
4.2	Installation instructions11
4.2.1	Getting the library11
4.2.1	Generating the configuration script
4.2.2	Generating the Makefile
4.2.3	Building the source
4.2.4	Library ADIa
4.3	LIDIARY APIS
4.4	Configuration Files
5.	Example application16
5.1	Application details
5.2	Using the application
5.2.1	Run Polling mode17

522	Tag writing mode	17
5.2.2	Tag emulation mode	
5.2.4	Device push mode	19
6.	NFC Factory Test application	20
6.1	Application details	20
6.2	Building the application	20
7.	Legal information	22
7.1	Definitions	22
7.2	Disclaimers	22
7.3	Licenses	22
7.4	Trademarks	22
8.	List of figures	23
9.	Contents	24

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in the section 'Legal information'.

© NXP B.V. 2018.

For more information, visit: http://www.nxp.com

Date of release: 10 August 2018 335024 Document identifier: AN11697

All rights reserved.