INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



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XA 16-bit microcontroller Errata Sheet

PXAG30

IDENTIFICATION:

The typical PXAG30 devices have the following top-side marking:

PXAG30xxx

XXXXXX

xxxYYWW R

The last letter in the third line (field 'R') will identify the device revision. This Errata Sheet covers the following revisions of the PXAG30:

Revision Identifier (R)	Comment
В	

Field 'YY' states the year the device was manufactured. Field 'WW' states the week the device was manufactured during that year.

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ELECTRICAL AND TIMING SPECIFICATIONS DEVIATIONS OF PXAG30

DC.IPD.1: Higher Power–Down Current I_{PD}

Problem:

The Power–Down current I_{PD} may exceed the 100 μ A maximum value specified in the data sheet.

Current values for I_{PD}: 75 μ A typical / 250 μ A max. for T_{amb} = 0 °C to 70 °C and 80 μ A typical / 300 μ A max. for T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C.

Note: The operating supply current I_{DD} was reduced by about 50% in Revision B.

FUNCTIONAL DEVIATIONS OF XA-G30

CORE.1: End of Segment Return Error

Introduction:Memory segments are divided into 64K blocks. The processor normally pre-fetches up to 16 bytes of code.Problem:With an XA-G30 running in 16 bit mode out of external code space, the code fails if a RET instruction is located within
16 bytes of the end of a 64K segment. (xxfff0H - xxffffH) This absolute location may be affected by whatever code precedes
the RET instruction, but the problem can occur anywhere in the last 16 bytes of a 64 kB segment.
No such failures have been observed when executing external code in 8-bit mode.

Workaround: Ensure that RET statements are not located within the last 16 bytes of a 64K segment. (e.g. by declaring these memory locations as reserved.)

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ERRATA HISTORY - FUNCTIONAL PROBLEMS

Functional Problem	Short Description	errata occurs in device revision
CORE.1	End of Segment Error	В
DC.IPD.1	Higher Power-Down Current I _{PD}	В