

# reescale Semiconductor

Mask Set Errata

MSE9S08QE8\_8M40J Rev. 0, 11/2010

# Mask Set Errata for Mask 8M40J

# Introduction

This report applies to mask 8M40J for these products:

- MC9S08QE8
- MC9S08QE4

The mask set is identified by a 5-character code consisting of a version number, a letter, two numerical digits, and a letter, for example 0J27F. All standard devices are marked with a mask set number and a date code.

Device markings indicate the week of manufacture and the mask set used. The date is coded as four numerical digits where the first two digits indicate the year and the last two digits indicate the work week. For instance, the date code "0301" indicates the first week of the year 2003.

Some MCU samples and devices are marked with an SC, PC, or XC prefix. An SC prefix denotes special/custom device. A PC prefix indicates a prototype device which has undergone basic testing only. An XC prefix denotes that the device is tested but is not fully characterized or qualified over the full range of normal manufacturing process variations. After full characterization and qualification, devices will be marked with the MC or SC prefix.

# SE156-ADC-COCO: COCO bit may not get cleared when ADCSC1 is written to

Errata type: Silicon Affects: ADC

**Description:** If an ADC conversion is near completion when the ADC Status and Control 1 Register

(ADCSC1) is written to (i.e., to change channels), it is possible for the conversion to complete, setting the COCO bit, before the write instruction is fully executed. In this scenario, the write may not clear the COCO bit, and the data in the ADC Result register (ADCR) will be that of the

recently completed conversion.

If interrupts are enabled, then the interrupt vector will be taken immediately following the write

to the ADCSC1 register.





Workaround: It is recommended when writing to the ADCSC1 to change channels or stop continuous

conversion, that you write to the register twice. The first time should be to turn the ADC off and disable interrupts, and the second should be to select the mode/channel and re-enable the

interrupts.

SE157-ADC-INCORRECT-DATA: Boundary case may result in incorrect data being

read in 10- and 12-bit modes

Errata type: Silicon Affects: ADC

**Description:** In normal 10-bit or 12-bit operation of the ADC, the coherency mechanism will freeze the

conversion data such that when the high byte of data is read, the low byte of data is frozen, ensuring that the high and low bytes represent result data from the same conversion.

In the errata case, there is a single-cylce (bus clock) window per conversion cycle when a high byte may be read on the same cycle that subsequent a conversion is completing. Although extremely rare due to the precise timing required, in this case, it is possible that the data transfer occurs, and the low byte read may be from the most recently completed conversion.

In systems where the ADC is running off the bus clock, and the data is read immediately upon completion of the conversion, the errata will not occur. Also, in single conversion mode, if the data is read prior to starting a new conversion, then the errata will not occur.

The errata does not impact 8-bit operation.

Introducing significant delay between the conversion completion and reading the data, while a following conversion is executing/pending, could increase the probability for the errata to occur. Nested interrupts, significant differences between the bus clock and the ADC clock, and not handling the result register reads consecutively, can increase the delay and therefore the probability of the errata occuring.

Workaround: Using the device in 8-bit mode will eliminate the possibility of the errata occuring.

Using the ADC in single conversion mode, and reading the data register prior to initiating a subsequent conversion will eliminate the possibility of the errata occuring.

Minimizing the delay between conversion complete and processing the data can minimize the risk of the errata occuring. Disabling interrupts on higher priority modules and avoiding nested interrupts can reduce possible contentions that may delay the time from completing a conversion and handling the data. Additionally, increasing the bus frequency when running the ADC off the asynchronous clock, may reduce the delay from conversion complete to handling of the data.



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Technical Information Center, EL516
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Tempe, Arizona 85284
+1-800-521-6274 or +1-480-768-2130
www.freescale.com/support

# Europe, Middle East, and Africa:

Freescale Halbleiter Deutschland GmbH
Technical Information Center
Schatzbogen 7
81829 Muenchen, Germany
+44 1296 380 456 (English)
+46 8 52200080 (English)
+49 89 92103 559 (German)
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#### Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd. Headquarters ARCO Tower 15F 1-8-1, Shimo-Meguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153-0064 Japan 0120 191014 or +81 3 5437 9125 support.japan@freescale.com

### Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor China Ltd.
Exchange Building 23F
No. 118 Jianguo Road
Chaoyang District
Beijing 100022
China
+86 10 5879 8000
support.asia@freescale.com

## For Literature Requests Only:

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