

# Freescal<sup>e</sup> MQX™ USB Device API – Reference Manual

MQXUSBDEV<sup>RM</sup>  
Rev. 3  
02/2014



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## Revision History

To provide the most up-to-date information, the revision of our documents on the World Wide Web will be the most current. To verify you have the latest information available, refer to [freescale.com](http://freescale.com) and navigate to Design Resources>Software and Tools>All Software and Tools>Freescale MQX Software Solutions.

The following revision history table summarizes changes contained in this document.

| Revision Number | Revision Date | Description of Changes   |
|-----------------|---------------|--|
| Rev. 0          | 01/2009       | Initial Release coming with MQX 3.0  |
| Rev. 1          | 12/2011       | “USB Device Layer API”, “USB Device Class API”, “USB Descriptor API” and “Data Structures” sections added. |
| Rev. 2          | 06/2013       | Grammatical and stylistic corrections.   |
| Rev. 3          | 10/2013       | Updated content to reflect the switch from MQX types to C99 types.   |

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# Chapter 1

## Before You Begin

### 1.1 About This Book

This *USB Device API Reference* describes the USB Device driver and the programming interface as it is implemented in the MQX™ RTOS.

The authors assume that the user is familiar with the following reference material:

- *Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 1.1*
- *Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0*

Use this book in addition to:

- *Freescale MQX™ User's Guide*
- *Freescale MQX™ API Reference Manual*
- *Freescale MQX™ USB Host User's Guide*
- *Source Code*

### 1.2 About MQX

MQX is real-time operating system from MQX Embedded. It is designed for uniprocessor, multiprocessor, and distributed-processor embedded real-time systems.

To leverage the success of the MQX RTOS, Freescale Semiconductor adopted this software platform for its microprocessors. Compared to the original MQX distributions, Freescale MQX distribution is simpler to configure and use. One release now contains MQX operating system in addition to other software components supported for a given microprocessor part (such as network or USB communication stacks). The first Freescale MQX RTOS release is assigned a number 3.0. It is based on, and is API-level compatible with, the MQX RTOS 2.50 released by ARC.

In this book, MQX is used as an abbreviation for MQX Real Time Operating System.

### 1.3 Acronyms and abbreviations

**Table 1-1. Acronyms and abbreviations**

| Term | Description                       |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| API  | Application Programming Interface |
| CDC  | Communication Device Class        |
| DCI  | Device Controller Interface       |
| HID  | Human Interface Device            |
| MSD  | Mass Storage Device               |

**Table 1-1. Acronyms and abbreviations (continued)**

|      |                                  |
|------|----------------------------------|
| MSC  | Mass Storage Class               |
| PHD  | Personal Healthcare Device       |
| PHDC | Personal Healthcare Device Class |
| QOS  | Quality Of Service               |
| SCSI | Small Computer System Interface  |
| USB  | Universal Serial Bus             |

## 1.4 Function Listing Format

This is the general format of an entry for a function, compiler intrinsic, or a macro.

**function\_name()**

A short description of what function **function\_name()** does.

### Synopsis

Provides a prototype for function **function\_name()**.

```
<return_type> function_name(
    <type_1> parameter_1,
    <type_2> parameter_2,
    ...
    <type_n> parameter_n)
```

### Parameters

parameter\_1 [in] — Pointer to x  
 parameter\_2 [out] — Handle for y  
 parameter\_n [in/out] — Pointer to z

Parameter passing is categorized as follows:

- *In* — Means the function uses one or more values in the parameter you give it without storing any changes.
- *Out* — Means the function saves one or more values in the parameter you give it. You can examine the saved values to find out useful information about your application.
- *In/out* — Means the function changes one or more values in the parameter you give it and saves the result. You can examine the saved values to find out useful information about your application.

**Description** — Describes the function **function\_name()**. This section also describes any special characteristics or restrictions that might apply:

- function blocks or might block under certain conditions
- function must be started as a task
- function creates a task
- function has pre-conditions that might not be obvious
- function has restrictions or special behavior

**Return value** — Specifies any value or values returned by function **function\_name()**.

**See also** — Lists other functions or data types related to function **function\_name()**.

**Example** — Provides an example (or a reference to an example) that illustrates the use of function **function\_name()**.

## Chapter 2 Overview

### 2.1 USB at a Glance

USB (Universal Serial Bus) is a polled bus. USB Host configures devices attached to it, either directly or through a USB hub, and initiates all bus transactions. USB Device responds only to the requests sent to it by a USB Host.

USB Device software consists of the:

- USB Device application
- USB Device Driver (contains USB Device Class APIs)
- USB Device APIs (independent of hardware)
- USB Device controller interface (DCI) - low-level functions used to interact with the USB Device controller hardware

### 2.2 Interaction Between USB Host and USB Device

Freescale MQX USB Device API includes the following components:

- USB Device APIs
- USB Device controller interface (DCI)
- An example of a USB specification's Chapter 9 (device framework) responder
- USB Class APIs

[Figure 2-1](#) shows the interaction between a USB Host and a USB Device.

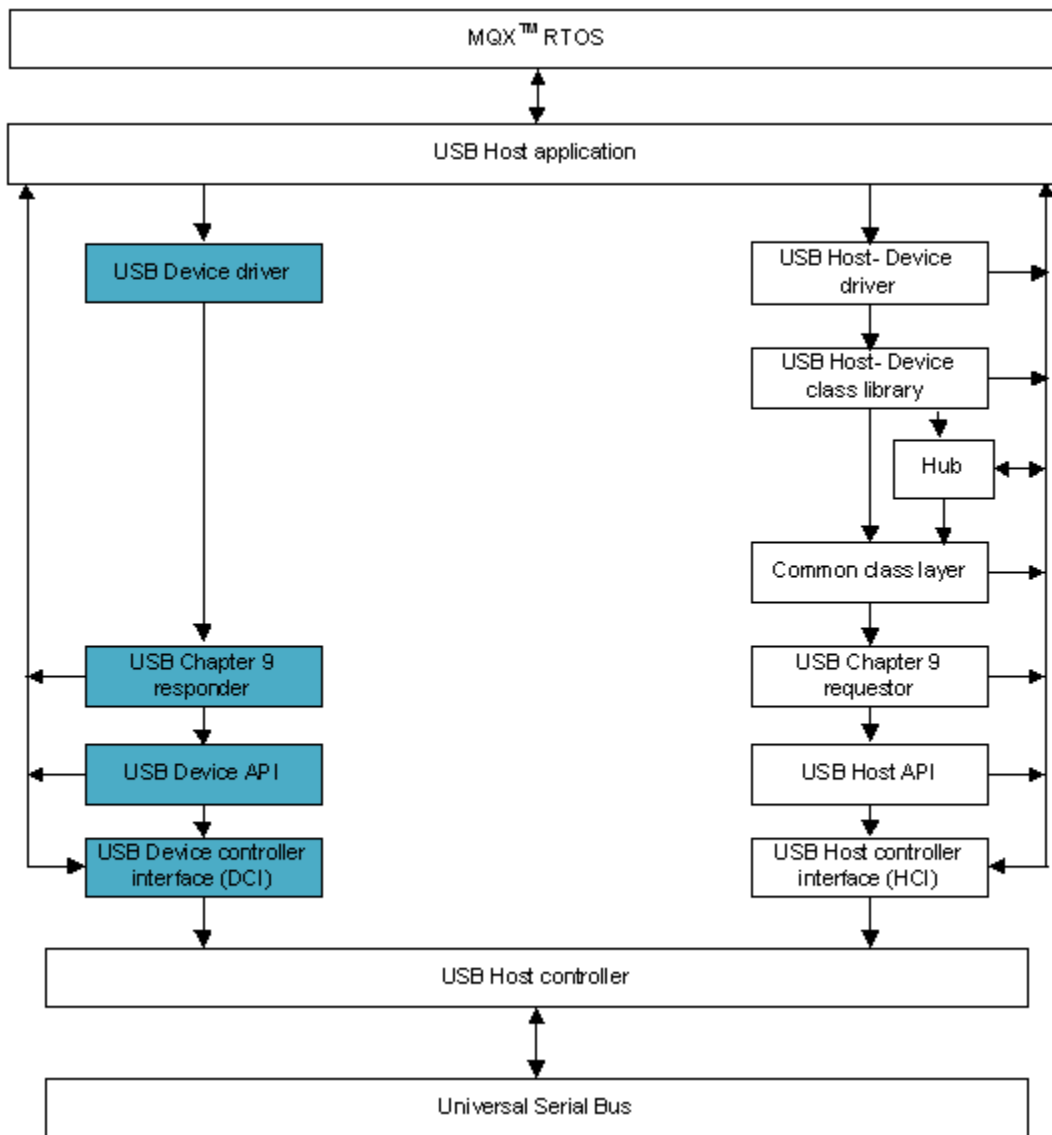


Figure 2-1. USB Host and USB Device Interaction

## 2.3 API Overview

This section describes the list of API functions and their use.

Table 2-1 summarizes the USB Device APIs.

Table 2-1. Summary of USB Device APIs

| No. | API function                 | Description                                  |
|-----|------------------------------|--|
| 1   | USB_Device_Assert_Resume()   | Resumes signal on the bus for remote wake-up |
| 2   | USB_Device_Cancel_Transfer() | Cancels a pending send or receive call       |

**Table 2-1. Summary of USB Device APIs (continued)**

| No. | API function                     | Description   |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|
| 3   | USB_Device_DeInit_EndPoint()     | Disables the previously initialized endpoint passed as parameter                              |
| 4   | USB_Device_Get_Status()          | Gets the internal USB device state  |
| 5   | USB_Device_Get_Transfer_Status() | Gets the status of the last transfer on a particular endpoint                                 |
| 6   | USB_Device_Init()                | Initializes a USB device controller   |
| 7   | USB_Device_Init_EndPoint()       | Initializes the endpoint provided as parameter to the API                                     |
| 8   | USB_Device_Read_Setup_Data()     | Reads the setup data for an endpoint  |
| 9   | USB_Device_Recv_Data()           | Copies the data received on an endpoint and sets the endpoint to receive the next set of data |
| 10  | USB_Device_Register_Service()    | Registers the callback service for a type of event or endpoint                                |
| 11  | USB_Device_Send_Data()           | Sends data on an endpoint   |
| 12  | USB_Device_Set_Address()         | Sets the address of a USB device controller   |
| 13  | USB_Device_Set_Status()          | Sets the internal USB device state  |
| 14  | USB_Device_Shutdown()            | Shuts down a USB device controller  |
| 15  | USB_Device_Stall_EndPoint()      | Stalls an endpoint in the specified direction   |
| 16  | USB_Device_Unstall_EndPoint()    | Un-stalls a previously stalled endpoint   |
| 17  | USB_Device_Unregister_Service()  | Un-registers the callback service for a type of event or endpoint                             |

Table 2-2 summarizes the common class APIs

**Table 2-2. Summary of common class APIs**

| No. | API function          | Description  |
|-----|-----------------------|--|
| 1   | USB_Class_Init()      | The function initializes the Class Module                                |
| 2   | USB_Class_Send_Data() | The function calls the device to send data upon receiving an IN token    |
| 3   | USB_Class_Get_Desc()  | This function is called in to get the descriptor as specified in command |
| 4   | USB_Class_Set_Desc()  | This function is called in to Set the descriptor as specified in command |

Table 2-3 summarizes the CDC class APIs.

**Table 2-3. Summary of CDC class APIs**

| No. | API function                  | Description   |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| 1   | USB_Class_CDC_Init()          | Initializes the CDC class                                   |
| 2   | USB_Class_CDC_Recv_Data()     | Receives the data from the host                             |
| 3   | USB_Class_CDC_Send_Data()     | Send the data to the host                                   |
| 4   | USB_Class_CDC_Periodic_Task() | Periodic call to the class driver to complete pending tasks |

Table 2-4 summarizes the HID class APIs.

**Table 2-4. Summary of HID class APIs**

| No. | API function                  | Description   |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| 1   | USB_Class_HID_Init()          | Initializes the HID class                                   |
| 2   | USB_Class_HID_Send_Data()     | Sends the HID report to the host                            |
| 3   | USB_Class_HID_Periodic_Task() | Periodic call to the class driver to complete pending tasks |

Table 2-5 summarizes the MSC class APIs.

**Table 2-5. Summary of MSC class APIs**

| No. | API function                  | Description   |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| 1   | USB_Class_MSC_Init()          | Initializes the MSC class                                   |
| 2   | USB_Class_MSC_Periodic_Task() | Periodic call to the class driver to complete pending tasks |

Table 2-6 summarizes the PHDC class APIs.

**Table 2-6. Summary of PHDC class APIs**

| No. | API function                   | Description   |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|
| 1   | USB_Class_PHDC_Init()          | Initializes the PHDC class                                  |
| 2   | USB_Class_PHDC_Send_Data()     | Sends the PHDC report to the host                           |
| 3   | USB_Class_PHDC_Recv_Data()     | Receives data from the PHDC Receive Endpoint of desired QOS |
| 4   | USB_Class_PHDC_Periodic_Task() | Periodic call to the class driver to complete pending tasks |

Table 2-7 summarizes the descriptor module API functions required by the class layers for application implementation. See [Chapter 5, “USB Descriptor API](#) for more details about sample implementation of each API function.

**Table 2-7. Summary of Descriptor Module API functions**

| No. | API function                   | Description;  |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|
| 1   | USB_Desc_Get_Descriptor()      | Gets various descriptors from the application                 |
| 2   | USB_Desc_Get_Endpoints()       | Gets the endpoints used and their properties                  |
| 3   | USB_Desc_Get_Interface()       | Gets the currently configured interface                       |
| 4   | USB_Desc_Remote_Wakeup()       | Checks whether the application supports remote wake-up or not |
| 5   | USB_Desc_Set_Interface()       | Sets new interface  |
| 6   | USB_Desc_Valid_Configuration() | Checks whether the configuration being set is valid or not    |
| 7   | USB_Desc_Valid_Interface()     | Checks whether the interface being set is valid or not        |

## 2.4 Using the USB Device API

This section describes how to use various device and class API functions.



## 2.4.1 Using the Device Layer API

This section describes how to use the device layer API functions from the class driver or the monolithic application.

### 2.4.1.1 Initialization flow

To initialize the driver layer, the class driver must:

1. Call `_usb_device_init()` to initialize the low level driver and the controller.
2. Call `_usb_device_register_service()` to register service callback functions for the following bus event:
  - `USB_SERVICE_BUS_RESET`
  - `USB_SERVICE_SUSPEND`
  - `USB_SERVICE_SOF`
  - `USB_SERVICE_RESUME`
  - `USB_SERVICE_SLEEP`
  - `USB_SERVICE_ERROR`
  - `USB_SERVICE_STALL`
3. Call `_usb_device_register_service()` to register service call back functions for control and non-control endpoints (endpoint events).
4. Call `_usb_device_init_endpoint()` to initialize the control endpoint and endpoints used by the application.
5. The device layer must be initialized to send callbacks registered in any event on the USB bus. The devices must start receiving the USB Chapter 9 framework calls on control endpoint. The lower layer driver propagates these calls to the class driver.

### 2.4.1.2 Transmission flow

After the initialization, the class driver can call the low level send routine to transmit data. The transmission process includes the following steps:

1. The class driver calls `_usb_device_send_data()` to start the transmission by passing the endpoint number, size, and buffer to the call.
2. As soon as the controller completes the transfer, a call is made to the service callback registered to the particular endpoint.

### 2.4.1.3 Receive flow

After the initialization, the class driver must be ready to receive data. The receive process includes the following steps:

1. When the data is received at the configured endpoint, the low level driver calls the service registered using `_usb_device_register_service()` to that endpoint passing it the buffer and size of the data received.

2. The class driver calculates the size of the complete packet from the data in the buffer and makes a call to the `_usb_device_recv_data()` to receive the complete packet. To do so, it passes the class driver buffer pointer and complete packet size to receive the data. When the complete packet size is equal to the data received, it processes the packet. Otherwise, it waits to receive the complete packet in the next callback to process it.

## 2.4.2 CDC Class Layer API

To use CDC class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call `USB_Class_CDC_Init()` to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the `USB_APP_ENUM_COMPLETE` event, the application should move into the connected state.
3. Call `USB_Class_CDC_Send_Data()` to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.
4. Call `USB_Class_CDC_Recv_Data()` when callback function is called with the `USB_APP_DATA_RECEIVED` event (that implies reception of data from the host).

## 2.4.3 HID Class Layer API

To use HID class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call `USB_Class_HID_Init()` to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as a parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the `USB_APP_ENUM_COMPLETE` event, the application should move into the ready state.
3. Call `USB_Class_HID_Send_Data()` to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.

## 2.4.4 MSC Class Layer API

To use MSD class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call `USB_Class_MSC_Init()` to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as a parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the `USB_APP_ENUM_COMPLETE` event, the application should move into the ready state.
3. Callback function is called with the `USB_MSC_DEVICE_READ_REQUEST` event to copy data from the storage device before sending it to the USB bus. It reads data from the mass storage device to the driver buffer.
4. Callback function is called with the `USB_MSC_DEVICE_WRITE_REQUEST` event to copy data from the USB driver buffer to the Storage device. It reads data from the driver buffer to the mass storage device.

## 2.4.5 PHDC Class Layer API

To use PHDC class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call [USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Init\(\)](#) to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the `USB_APP_ENUM_COMPLETE` event, the application should move into the connected state.
3. Call [USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Send\\_Data\(\)](#) to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.
4. Call [USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Recv\\_Data\(\)](#) when callback function is called with the `USB_APP_DATA_RECEIVED` event (that implies reception of data from the host).

## Chapter 3

# USB Device Layer API

### 3.1 USB Device Layer API function listings

#### 3.1.1 `_usb_device_assert_resume()`

Resume the USB Host.

##### Synopsis

```
void _usb_device_assert_resume
(
    _usb_device_handle    handle
);
```

##### Parameters

*handle [in]* — USB Device handle

##### Description

The function sends a resume signal on the USB bus for remote wakeup. This function is called when the device needs to send data to the USB host and the USB bus is in suspend state. Blocks for 20 ms until the resume assertion is complete.

##### Return value

None

##### See also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

### 3.1.2 `_usb_device_cancel_transfer()`

Cancel the transfer on the endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_cancel_transfer
(
    _usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t                 endpoint_number,
    uint8_t                 direction
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*endpoint\_number* [in] - Endpoint number for the transfer

*direction* [in] - Direction of transfer; one of:

**USB\_RECV**

**USB\_SEND**

#### Description

The function checks whether the transfer on the specified endpoint and direction is active. If it is not active, the function changes the status to idle and returns. If the transfer is active, the function calls the DCI function to terminate all transfers queued on the endpoint and sets the status to idle.

This function blocks until the transfer cancellation at the hardware is completed.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

### 3.1.3 `_usb_device_deinit_endpoint()`

Disable the endpoint for the USB Device controller.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_deinit_endpoint
(
    _usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t                 endpoint_number,
    uint8_t                 direction
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle  
*endpoint\_number [in]* - Endpoint number  
*direction [in]* - Direction of transfer; one of:  
**USB\_RECV**  
**USB\_SEND**

#### Description

The function resets the data structures specific to the specified endpoint and calls the DCI function to disable the endpoint in the specified direction.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: endpoint deinitialization failed)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

### 3.1.4 `_usb_device_get_status()`

Get the internal USB device state.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_get_status
(
    _usb_device_handle handle,
    uint8_t component,
    uint16_t * status
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle

*component [in]* - Component status to get; one of:

**USB\_STATUS\_ADDRESS**

**USB\_STATUS\_CURRENT\_CONFIG**

**USB\_STATUS\_DEVICE**

**USB\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_STATE**

**USB\_STATUS\_ENDPOINT** - The LSB nibble carries the endpoint number

**USB\_STATUS\_INTERFACE**

**USB\_STATUS\_SOF\_COUNT**

*status [out]* - Requested status

#### Description

The function gets the status of the specified component for the GET STATUS device request. This function must be used by the GET STATUS device response function.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_BAD\_STATUS** (failure: incorrect component status requested)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: unknown error)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_set\\_status\(\)](#)

### 3.1.5 `_usb_device_get_transfer_status()`

Get the status of the last transfer on the endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_get_transfer_status
(
    _usb_device_handle handle,
    uint8_t endpoint_number,
    uint8_t direction
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*endpoint\_number* [in] - Endpoint number

*direction* [in] - Direction of transfer; one of:

**USB\_RECV**

**USB\_SEND**

#### Description

The function gets the status of the transfer on the endpoint specified by *endpoint\_number*. It reads the status and also checks whether the transfer is active. If the transfer is active, depending on the hardware, the function may call the DCI function to check the status of that transfer.

To check whether a receive or send transfer was complete, the application can call [\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#) or use the callback function registered for the endpoint.

#### Return Value

- Status of the transfer; one of:
  - USB\_STATUS\_TRANSFER\_IN\_PROGRESS** (transfer is active on the specified endpoint)
  - USB\_STATUS\_DISABLED** (endpoint is disabled)
  - USB\_STATUS\_IDLE** (endpoint is idle)
  - USB\_STATUS\_STALLED** (endpoint is stalled)
  - USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: unknown error)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_rcv\\_data\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_send\\_data\(\)](#)



### 3.1.6 `_usb_device_init()`

Initialize the USB Device controller.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_init
(
    uint8_t          device_number,
    _usb_device_handle * handle,
    uint8_t          number_of_endpoints
);
```

#### Parameters

*device\_number* [in] - USB Device controller to initialize

*handle* [out] - Pointer to a USB Device handle

*number\_of\_endpoints* [in] - Number of endpoints to initialize

#### Description

The function does the following:

- Initializes the USB Device-specific data structures
- Initializes the status for all transfer data structures to **USB\_STATUS\_DISABLED**
- Changes the device state from **USB\_UNKNOWN\_STATE** to **USB\_POWERED\_STATE**
- Calls the device-specific initialization function
- Installs the interrupt service routine for USB interrupts

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_INVALID\_DEVICE\_NUM** (failure: invalid USB device controller)
- **USBERR\_ALLOC\_STATE** (failure: cannot allocate memory for USB device state structure)
- **USBERR\_DRIVER\_NOT\_INSTALLED** (failure: USB callback structure is not initialized)
- **USBERR\_UNKNOWN\_ERROR** (failure: unknown error)
- **USBERR\_ALLOC\_TR** (failure: cannot allocate memory for endpoints' structure)
- **USBERR\_ALLOC** (failure: cannot allocate memory for internal scratch structure)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: USB device callback function pointer of DCI Device Init function is not initialized)
- **USBERR\_INSTALL\_ISR** (failure: cannot install USB interrupt)

See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_shutdown\(\)](#)

### 3.1.7 `_usb_device_init_endpoint()`

Initialize the endpoint for the USB Device controller.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_init_endpoint
(
    _usb_device_handle      handle,
    USB_EP_STRUCT_PTR      ep_ptr,
    uint8_t                 flag
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*ep\_ptr* [in] - Pointer to the USB endpoint

*flag* [in] - One of:

- 0**- if the last data packet transferred is MAX\_PACKET\_SIZE bytes, terminate the transfer with a zero-length packet
- 1 or 2** - maximum number of transactions per microframe (relevant only for USB 2.0 and high-bandwidth endpoints)

#### Description

The function initializes endpoint-specific data structures and calls the DCI function to initialize the specified endpoint.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_EP\_INIT\_FAILED** - USB 2.0 Device API only (failure: endpoint initialization failed)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: USB device callback function pointer of DCI Init Endpoint function is not initialized)
- **USBERR\_ALLOC** (failure: cannot allocate memory)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_deinit\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

### 3.1.8 `_usb_device_read_setup_data()`

Read the setup data for the endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_read_setup_data
(
    _usb_device_handle  handle,
    uint8_t             endpoint_number,
    unsigned char *     buffer_ptr
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle  
*endpoint\_number* [in] - Endpoint number for the transaction  
*buffer\_ptr* [in/out] - Pointer to the buffer into which to read data

#### Description

Call the function only after the callback function for the endpoint notifies the application that a setup packet has been received. The function reads the setup packet, which USB Device API received by calling [\\_usb\\_device\\_rcv\\_data\(\)](#) internally.

Depending on the hardware, the function may call the DCI function to read the setup data from the endpoint.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_rcv\\_data\(\)](#)

### 3.1.9 `_usb_device_rcv_data()`

Receive data from the endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_rcv_data
(
    _usb_device_handle handle,
    uint8_t endpoint_number,
    unsigned char * buffer_ptr,
    uint32_t size
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle  
*endpoint\_number [in]* - Endpoint number for the transaction  
*buffer\_ptr [in]* - Pointer to the buffer into which to receive data  
*size [in]* - Number of bytes to receive

#### Description

The function enqueues the receive request and returns.

To check whether the transaction was complete, the application can call [\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#) or use the callback function registered for the endpoint.

Do not call [\\_usb\\_device\\_rcv\\_data\(\)](#) to receive a setup packet.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_RX\_FAILED** (failure: data reception from the endpoint failed)
- **USBERR\_TRANSFER\_IN\_PROGRESS** (failure: Endpoint is stalled; no transfer can take place until the endpoint is unstalled)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: other errors)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

### 3.1.10 `_usb_device_register_service()`

Register the service for the type of event or endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_register_service
(
    _usb_device_handle handle,
    uint8_t event_endpoint,
    void (_CODE_PTR service)(USB_EVENT_STRUCT, void *),
    void * arg
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle

*event\_endpoint [in]* - Endpoint (0 through 15) or event to service. Event; one of:

**USB\_SERVICE\_BUS\_RESET**

**USB\_SERVICE\_ERROR**

**USB\_SERVICE\_RESUME**

**USB\_SERVICE\_SLEEP**

**USB\_SERVICE\_STALL**

*service [in]* - Callback function that services the event or endpoint

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ALLOC** (failure: could not allocate internal data structures for registering services)
- **USBERR\_OPEN\_SERVICE** (failure: service was already registered)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_unregister\\_service\(\)](#)

### 3.1.11 `_usb_device_send_data()`

Send data on the endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_send_data
(
    _usb_device_handle handle,
    uint8_t endpoint_number,
    unsigned char * buffer_ptr,
    uint32_t size
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle

*endpoint\_number [in]* - Endpoint number of the transaction

*buffer\_ptr [in]* - Pointer to the buffer to send

*size [in]* - Number of bytes to send

#### Description

The function calls the DCI function to send the data on the endpoint specified by *endpoint\_number*. The function queues the sent request by passing the data size as a parameter along with the buffer pointer. When the complete data has been sent, the device layer sends an event to the calling function. This can be done only if a service for this endpoint has been registered. The buffer pointed to by the buffer pointer must not be used until the complete send data event is received. To check whether the transaction was complete, the application can call [\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#) or use the callback function registered for the endpoint.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_TRANSFER\_IN\_PROGRESS** (failure: previously queued transfer on the specified endpoint is still in progress; wait until the transfer has been completed; call [\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#) to determine when the endpoint has a status of `USB_STATUS_IDLE`). Relevant to USB 1.1 stack only).
- **USBERR\_TX\_FAILED** (failure: data transfer from the endpoint failed)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: other error)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_rcv\\_data\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_transfer\\_status\(\)](#)

### 3.1.12 `_usb_device_set_address()`

Set the address of the USB Device. Available in USB 2.0 Device API only.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_set_address
(
    _usb_device_handle  handle,
    uint8_t             address
);
```

#### Parameter

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle

*address [in]* - Address of the USB device

#### Description

The function calls the DCI function to initialize the device address. It can be called by set-address response functions. This API function is called only when the control transfer that carries the address as part of the setup packet from the host to the device has completed.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure)

### 3.1.13 `_usb_device_set_status()`

Set the internal USB device state.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_set_status
(
    _usb_device_handle handle,
    uint8_t component,
    uint16_t setting
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*component* [in] - Component status to set (see [\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_status\(\)](#))

*status* [in] - Status to set

#### Description

The function sets the status of the specified component for the SET STATUS device request. This function must be used by the SET STATUS device response function.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_BAD\_STATUS** (failure: incorrect component status requested)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: other errors)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_get\\_status\(\)](#)



### 3.1.14 `_usb_device_shutdown()`

Shuts down the USB Device controller.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_shutdown
(
    _usb_device_handle  handle
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle

#### Description

The function is useful if the services of the USB Device controller are no longer required or if the USB Device controller needs to be configured as a host.

The function does the following:

1. Terminates all transactions
2. Un-registers all the services
3. Disconnects the device from the USB bus

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_init\(\)](#)

### 3.1.15 `_usb_device_stall_endpoint()`

Stall the endpoint in the specified direction.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_stall_endpoint
(
    _usb_device_handle  handle,
    uint8_t             endpoint_number,
    uint8_t             direction
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle  
*endpoint\_number* [in] - Endpoint number to stall  
*direction* [in] - Direction to stall; one of:  
**USB\_RECV**  
**USB\_SEND**

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_unstall\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

### 3.1.16 `_usb_device_unregister_service()`

Un-register the service for the type of event or endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_unregister_service
(
    _usb_device_handle  handle,
    uint8_t              event_endpoint
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*event\_endpoint* [in] - Endpoint (0 through 15) or event to service (see [\\_usb\\_device\\_register\\_service\(\)](#))

#### Description

The function un-registers the callback function that is used to process the event or endpoint. As a result, that type of event or endpoint cannot be serviced by a callback function.

Before calling the function, the application must disable the endpoint by calling [\\_usb\\_device\\_deinit\\_endpoint\(\)](#).

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_CLOSED\_SERVICE** (failure: service was not previously registered)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure: other errors)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_deinit\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

[\\_usb\\_device\\_register\\_service\(\)](#)

### 3.1.17 `_usb_device_unstall_endpoint()`

Unstall the endpoint in the specified direction.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t _usb_device_unstall_endpoint
(
    _usb_device_handle  handle,
    uint8_t             endpoint_number,
    uint8_t             direction
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB Device handle

*endpoint\_number [in]* - Endpoint number to unstall

*direction [in]* - Direction to unstall; one of:

**USB\_RECV**

**USB\_SEND**

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_ERROR** (failure)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_stall\\_endpoint\(\)](#)

## Chapter 4

# USB Device Class API

This section discusses the API functions provided as part of class implementations.

### 4.1 Common Class API function listings

#### 4.1.1 USB\_Class\_Init()

Initialize the class module.

##### Synopsis

```
USB_CLASS_HANDLE USB_Class_Init
(
    _usb_device_handle      handle,
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK      class_callback,
    USB_REQ_FUNC            other_req_callback,
    void *                  user_arg,
    DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT_PTR desc_callback_ptr
);
```

##### Parameters

*handle [in]* - USB device controller to initialize

*class\_callback [in]* - class callback function pointer

*other\_req\_callback[in]* - vendor specific callback function pointer

*user\_arg[in]* - parameter to be passed to class callback function

*desc\_callback\_ptr[in]* - pointer to a structure of the descriptor function pointers

##### Description

The function initializes the class state object and registers service for USB events.

##### Return Value

- **class handle** (success)
- **others** (failure)

## 4.1.2 USB\_Class\_Send\_Data()

Sends data to the host.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_Send_Data
(
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE    handle,
    uint8_t             ep_num,
    uint8_t *          buff_ptr,
    uint32_t           size
)
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] - class handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_Init\(\)](#)

*ep\_num* [in] - endpoint number

*buff\_ptr* [in] - buffer to send

*size* [in] - length of the transfer

### Description

This function is called to send data upon receiving an IN token.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **others** (failure)

### 4.1.3 USB\_Class\_Get\_Desc()

Get the descriptor.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_Get_Desc
(
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE  handle,
    int32_t            cmd,
    uint8_t            input_data,
    uint8_t *          out_buf
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - class handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_Init\(\)](#)

*cmd* [in] - command for USB descriptor to get

*input\_data* [in] - input to the application function

*out\_buf* [out] - buffer to get descriptor to

#### Description

The function returns device descriptor. This function is called when a GET request is received from the host.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.1.4 USB\_Class\_Set\_Desc()

Set the descriptor.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_Get_Desc
(
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE  handle,
    int32_t           cmd,
    uint8_t           input_data,
    uint8_t *        *in_buf
)
```

### Parameters

*handle [in]* - class handle returned by the [USB\\_Class\\_Init\(\)](#)

*cmd [in]* - command for the USB descriptor to set

*input\_data [in]* - input to the application function

*in\_buf [in]* - buffer containing a descriptor to set

### Description

This functions is called when a SET request is received from host.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)



## 4.2 CDC Class API function listings

This section defines the API functions used for the Communication Device Class (CDC). The user can employ these API functions to make CDC applications.

### 4.2.1 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Init()

Initialize the CDC class.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_CDC_Init
(
    CDC_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR cdc_config_ptr
);
```

#### Parameters

*cdc\_config\_ptr [in]* - pointer to the configuration parameter sent by the API to configure the CDC class

#### Description

Application calls this API function to initialize the CDC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[CDC\\_CONFIG\\_STRUCT](#)

## 4.2.2 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Send\_Data()

Send CDC data.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_CDC_Send_Data
(
    CDC_HANDLE      handle,
    uint8_t         ep_num,
    uint8_t *       app_buff,
    uint32_t        size
);
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] - handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_CDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

*ep\_num*[in] - endpoint number

*app\_buff*[in] - buffer to send

*size*[in] - length of the transfer

### Description

The application calls this API function to send DIC data specified by *app\_buff* and *size*. Data is sent through DIC\_SEND\_ENDPOINT. Once the data has been sent, the application layer receives a callback event. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event stating that the data has been sent.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### See Also:

[USB\\_Class\\_CDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

### 4.2.3 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Recv\_Data()

Receive CDC data.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_CDC_Recv_Data
(
    CDC_HANDLE      handle,
    uint8_t         ep_num,
    uint8_t *       buff_ptr,
    uint32_t        size
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_CDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

*ep\_num*[in] - endpoint number

*buff\_ptr*[out] - buffer to receive

*size*[in] - Number of bytes to receive

#### Description

The function calls this API function to receive CDC report data in the specified *buff\_ptr* of length given by *size*. Data is received through DIC\_RECV\_ENDPOINT. Once the data has been received, the application layer receives a callback event. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event stating that the data has been received.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[USB\\_Class\\_CDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

#### 4.2.4 USB\_CDC\_Periodic\_Task()

Complete any left over activity during a specified time period.

##### Synopsis

```
void USB_Class_CDC_Periodic_Task(void);
```

##### Parameters

None

##### Description

The application calls this API function to enable the driver to complete any left over activity on the device's control endpoint.

##### Return Value

None

## 4.3 HID Class API function listings

This section defines API functions used for the Human Interface Device (HID) class. The user can employ these API functions to make HID applications by using a USB transport.

### 4.3.1 USB\_Class\_HID\_Init()

Initialize the HID class.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_HID_Init  
(  
    HID_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR hid_config_ptr  
);
```

#### Parameters

*hid\_config\_ptr [in]* - pointer to the configuration parameter sent by the API to configure the HID class

#### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the HID class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[HID\\_CONFIG\\_STRUCT](#)

### 4.3.2 USB\_Class\_HID\_Send\_Data()

Send HID data.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_HID_Send_Data
(
    HID_HANDLE      handle,
    uint8_t         ep_num,
    uint8_t *       app_buff,
    uint32_t        size
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_HID\\_Init\(\)](#)

*ep\_num[in]* - endpoint number

*app\_buff[in]* - buffer to send

*size[in]* - length of the transfer

#### Description

The function calls this API to send HID report data specified by *app\_buff* and *size*. Once the data has been sent, the application layer receives a callback event. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event stating that the data has been sent.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[USB\\_Class\\_HID\\_Init\(\)](#)

### 4.3.3 USB\_HID\_Periodic\_Task()

Complete any left over activity during a specified time period.

#### Synopsis

```
void USB_Class_HID_Periodic_Task(void);
```

#### Parameters

None

#### Description

The application calls this API function to enable the class driver to complete any left over activity on the device's control endpoint.

#### Return Value

None

## 4.4 MSC Class API function listings

This section defines API functions used for the Mass Storage Class (MSC). The user can employ these API functions to make MSD applications.

### 4.4.1 USB\_Class\_MSC\_Init()

Initialize the MSC class.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_MSC_Init
(
    USB_MSD_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR msd_config_ptr
)
```

#### Parameters

*usb\_msd\_config\_ptr [in]* - pointer to the configuration parameter send by the API to configure the MSC class

#### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the MSC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[USB\\_MSD\\_CONFIG\\_STRUCT](#)



## 4.4.2 USB\_MSC\_Periodic\_Task()

Complete any left over activity during a specified time period.

### Synopsis

```
void USB_Class_MSC_Periodic_Task(void);
```

### Parameters

None

### Description

The application calls this API function to enable the class driver to complete any left over activity on the device's control endpoint.

### Return Value

None

## 4.5 PHDC Class API function listings

This section defines API functions used for the Personal Healthcare Device Class (PHDC). The user can employ these API functions to make PHDC applications.

### 4.5.1 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Init()

Initialize the PHDC class.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_PHDC_Init
(
    PHDC_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR phdc_config_ptr
);
```

#### Parameters

*phdc\_config\_ptr* [*in*] - pointer to the configuration parameter sent by the API to configure the PHDC class

#### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the PHDC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[DESC\\_CALLBACK\\_FUNCTIONS\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

## 4.5.2 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Send\_Data()

Sends the PHDC report to the host.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_PHDC_Send_Data
(
    PHDC_HANDLE handle,
    bool meta_data,
    uint8_t num_tfr,
    uint8_t qos,
    uint8_t *app_buff,
    uint32_t size
);
```

### Parameters

*handle [in]* - handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

*meta\_data[in]* - packet is meta data or not

*num\_tfr[in]* - number of transfer

*qos[in]* - current qos of the transfer

*app\_buff[in]* - buffer to send

*size[in]* - length of the transfer

### Description

The function calls this API function to send PHDC report data specified by *meta\_data*, *num\_tfr*, *qos*, *app\_buff*, and *size*. Once the data has been sent, the application layer receives a callback event. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event stating that the data has been sent.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### See Also:

[USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

### 4.5.3 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Recv\_Data()

Receives data from the PHDC receive endpoint of desired QOS.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Class_PHDC_Recv_Data
(
    PHDC_HANDLE handle,
    uint8_t qos,
    uint8_t * buff_ptr,
    uint32_t size
);
```

#### Parameters

*handle [in]* - handle returned by [USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

*qos[in]* - QOS of the transfer

*buff\_ptr[out]* - buffer to receive

*size[in]* - number of bytes to receive

#### Description

The function is used to receive PHDC data from the endpoint specified by *current\_qos*. This function uses [\\_usb\\_device\\_recv\\_data\(\)](#) function to perform the required functionality.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### See Also:

[\\_usb\\_device\\_recv\\_data\(\)](#)

[USB\\_Class\\_PHDC\\_Init\(\)](#)

#### 4.5.4 USB\_PHDC\_Periodic\_Task()

Complete any left over activity during a specified time period.

##### Synopsis

```
void USB_Class_PHDC_Periodic_Task(void);
```

##### Parameters

None

##### Description

The application calls this API function to enable the class driver to complete any left over activity on the device's control endpoint.

##### Return Value

None

## Chapter 5

# USB Descriptor API

This section discusses API functions that are implemented as part of the application.

## 5.1 USB Descriptor API function listings

### 5.1.1 USB\_Desc\_Get\_Descriptor()

Gets various descriptors from the application.

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Get_Descriptor
(
    uint32_t          handle,
    uint8_t          type,
    uint8_t          str_num,
    uint8_t          index,
    uint16_t         *descriptor,
    uint8_t          *handle,
    USB_PACKET_SIZE *size
);
```

#### Parameters

*handler [in]* - USB class handle  
*type [in]* - type of descriptor requested  
*str\_num [in]* - string number for string descriptor  
*index [in]* - string descriptor language ID  
*descriptor [out]* - output descriptor pointer  
*size [out]* - size of descriptor returned

#### Description

The framework module calls this function to get the descriptor information when Get\_Descriptor framework call is received from the host.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_INVALID\_REQ\_TYPE** (failure: invalid request)

#### Sample Implementation:

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Get_Descriptor(
    uint32_t handle,          /* [IN] handle */
    uint8_t type,            /* [IN] type of descriptor requested */
    uint8_t str_num,         /* [IN] string index for string descriptor */
    uint16_t index,         /* [IN] string descriptor language Id */
    uint8_t **descriptor,    /* [OUT] output descriptor pointer */
    uint8_t *handle,
    USB_PACKET_SIZE *size
);
```

```

        USB_PACKET_SIZE *size    /* [OUT] size of descriptor returned */
    )
    {
    switch(type)
    {
    case USB_REPORT_DESCRIPTOR:
    {
        type = USB_MAX_STD_DESCRIPTOR;
        *descriptor = (uint8_t *)g_std_descriptors [type];
        *size = g_std_desc_size[type];
    }
    break;
    case USB_HID_DESCRIPTOR:
    {
        type = USB_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR ;
        *descriptor = (uint8_t *) (g_std_descriptors [type]+
            CONFIG_ONLY_DESC_SIZE+IFACE_ONLY_DESC_SIZE);
        *size = HID_ONLY_DESC_SIZE;
    }
    break;
    case USB_STRING_DESCRIPTOR:
    {
        if(index == 0)
        {
            /* return the string and size of all languages */
            *descriptor = (uint8_t *)g_languages.languages_supported_string;
            *size = g_languages.languages_supported_size;
        } else
        {
            uint8_t lang_id=0;
            uint8_t lang_index=USB_MAX_LANGUAGES_SUPPORTED;

            for(;lang_id< USB_MAX_LANGUAGES_SUPPORTED;lang_id++)
            {
                /* check whether we have a string for this language */
                if(index == g_languages.usb_language[lang_id].language_id)
                {
                    /* check for max descriptors */
                    if(str_num < USB_MAX_STRING_DESCRIPTOR)
                    {
                        /* setup index for the string to be returned */
                        lang_index=str_num;
                    }
                    break;
                }
            }
            /* set return val for descriptor and size */
            *descriptor = (uint8_t
            *)g_languages.usb_language[lang_id].lang_desc[lang_index];
            *size =
            g_languages.usb_language[lang_id].lang_desc_size[lang_index];
        }
    }
    }
    }

```

```

break;
default :
    if (type < USB_MAX_STD_DESCRIPTOR)
    {
        /* set return val for descriptor and size*/
        *descriptor = (uint8_t *)g_std_descriptors [type];
        /* if there is no descriptor then return error */
        if(*descriptor == NULL)
        {
            return USBERR_INVALID_REQ_TYPE;
        }
        *size = g_std_desc_size[type];
    }
    else /* invalid descriptor */
    {
        return USBERR_INVALID_REQ_TYPE;
    }
break;
}
return USB_OK;
}

```



## 5.1.2 USB\_Desc\_Get\_Endpoints()

Gets the endpoints and their properties.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Get_Endpoints
(
    uint32_t handle
);
```

### Parameters

*handler [in]* - USB class handle

### Description

The class driver calls this function to get information about the non-control endpoints. The class driver can use this information to initialize these endpoints.

### Return Value

Pointer to the structure containing information about the non-control endpoints.

### Sample Implementation:

```
void* USB_Desc_Get_Endpoints(
    uint32_t handle /* [IN] handle */
)
{
    return (void*)&usb_desc_ep;
}
```

### See also:

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

## 5.1.3 USB\_Desc\_Get\_Interface()

Gets the currently configured interface.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Get_Interface
(
    uint32_t handle,
    uint8_t interface,
    uint8_t * alt_interface
);
```

### Parameters

*handler [in]* - USB class handle  
*interface [in]* - Interface number  
*alt\_interface [out]* - Output alternate interface

### Description

The framework module calls this function to get the alternate interface corresponding to the interface provided as an input parameter.

**Return Value**

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_INVALID\_REQ\_TYPE** (failure: invalid request)

**Sample Implementation:**

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Get_Interface
(
    uint32_t handle,          /* [IN] handle */
    uint8_t interface,       /* [IN] interface number */
    uint8_t * alt_interface  /* [OUT] output alternate interface */
)
{
    /* if interface valid */
    if(interface < USB_MAX_SUPPORTED_INTERFACES)
    {
        /* get alternate interface*/
        *alt_interface = g_alternate_interface[interface];
        return USB_OK;
    }
    return USBERR_INVALID_REQ_TYPE;
}
```

### 5.1.4 USB\_Desc\_Remote\_Wakeup()

Checks whether the application supports remote wake-up or not.

**Synopsis**

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Remote_Wakeup
(
    uint32_t handle
);
```

**Parameters**

*handler [in]* - USB class handle

**Description**

This function is called by framework module. This function returns the boolean value as to whether the controller device supports remote wake-up or not.

**Return Value**

- **TRUE** (Remote wake-up supported)
- **FALSE** (Remote wake-up not supported)

**Sample Implementation:**

```
bool USB_Desc_Remote_Wakeup
(
```

```

    uint32_t handle /* [IN] handle */
)
{
    return REMOTE_WAKEUP_SUPPORT;
}

```

**See also:**

## [USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

### 5.1.5 USB\_Desc\_Set\_Interface()

Sets new interface.

#### Synopsis

```

uint8_t USB_Desc_Set_Interface
(
    uint32_t handle,
    uint8_t interface,
    uint8_t * alt_interface
);

```

#### Parameters

- handler [in]* - USB class handle
- interface [in]* - Interface number
- alt\_interface [in]* - Input alternate interface

#### Description

The framework module calls this function to set the alternate interface corresponding to the interface provided as an input parameter. The alternate interface is also provided as an input parameter.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **USBERR\_INVALID\_REQ\_TYPE** (failure: invalid request)

#### Sample Implementation:

```

uint8_t USB_Desc_Set_Interface
(
    uint32_t handle,          /* [IN] handle */
    uint8_t interface,       /* [IN] interface number */
    uint8_t alt_interface    /* [IN] input alternate interface */
)
{
    /* if interface valid */
    if(interface < USB_MAX_SUPPORTED_INTERFACES)
    {
        /* set alternate interface*/
        g_alternate_interface[interface]=alt_interface;
        return USB_OK;
    }
}

```

```

        return USBERR_INVALID_REQ_TYPE;
    }

```

## 5.1.6 USB\_Desc\_Valid\_Configuration()

Checks if the configuration is valid.

### Synopsis

```

uint8_t USB_Desc_Valid_Configuration
(
    uint32_t handle,
    uint16_t config_val
);

```

### Parameters

handler [in] - USB class handle  
 config\_val [in] - USB descriptor configuration value

### Description

This function is called by framework module to check whether the configuration is valid or not.

### Return Value

- **TRUE** (Configuration is valid)
- **FALSE** (Configuration is invalid)

### Sample Implementation:

```

bool USB_Desc_Valid_Configuration
(
    uint32_t handle,      /*[IN] handle */
    uint16_t config_val  /*[IN] configuration value */
)
{
    uint8_t loop_index=0;
    /* check with only supported val right now */
    while(loop_index < (USB_MAX_CONFIG_SUPPORTED+1))
    {
        if(config_val == g_valid_config_values[loop_index])
        {
            return TRUE;
        }
        loop_index++;
    }
    return FALSE;
}

```

## 5.1.7 USB\_Desc\_Valid\_Interface()

Checks if the interface is valid.

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t USB_Desc_Valid_Interface
(
    uint32_t handle,
    uint8_t interface
);
```

### Parameters

*handler [in]* - USB class handle  
*interface [in]* - USB descriptor target interface

### Description

This function is called by the class driver to check whether the interface is valid or not.

### Return Value

- **TRUE** (Interface is valid)
- **FALSE** (Interface is invalid)

### Sample Implementation:

```
bool USB_Desc_Valid_Interface
(
    uint32_t handle,    /*[IN] handle */
    uint8_t interface  /*[IN] target interface */
)
{
    uint8_t loop_index=0;
    /* check with only supported val right now */
    while(loop_index < USB_MAX_SUPPORTED_INTERFACES)
    {
        if(interface == g_alternate_interface[loop_index])
        {
            return TRUE;
        }
        loop_index++;
    }

    return FALSE;
}
```

# Chapter 6

## Data Structures

This section discusses the data structures that are passed as parameters in various API functions.

### 6.1 USB Device Layer Data Structure listings

#### 6.1.1 `_usb_device_handles`

This data type is a pointer to handle of USB device.

##### Synopsis

```
typedef void *_usb_device_handle;
```

#### 6.1.2 `PTR_USB_EVENT_STRUCT`

This structure is passed as a parameter to the service callback function and contains information about the event.

##### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _USB_EVENT_STRUCT
{
    _usb_device_handle    handle;
    uint8_t               ep_num;
    bool                  setup;
    bool                  direction;
    uint8_t *             buffer_ptr;
    uint32_t              len;
}USB_EVENT_STRUCT, *PTR_USB_EVENT_STRUCT;
```

##### Fields

*handle* - USB control device handle

*ep\_num* - USB endpoint number

*setup* - *buffer\_ptr* contains setup packet or not

*direction* - direction of the endpoint, one of:

**USB\_RECV**

**USB\_SEND**

*buffer\_ptr* - transferring the data buffer

*len*- size of the data buffer

### 6.1.3 USB\_EP\_STRUCT\_PTR

This structure defines parameters that are passed to `_usb_device_init_endpoint()` API function to initialize a particular endpoint.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _USB_EP_STRUCT
{
    uint8_t ep_num;
    uint8_t type;
    uint8_t direction;
    uint32_t size;
}USB_EP_STRUCT;
typedef USB_EP_STRUCT* USB_EP_STRUCT_PTR;
```

#### Fields

*ep\_num* - USB endpoint number

*type* - Type of endpoint, one of:

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_CONTROL\_PIPE**

**USB\_INTERRUPT\_PIPE**

*direction* - Direction of endpoint, one of:

**USB\_RECV**

**USB\_SEND**

*size* - Size of buffer to be used

## 6.2 Common Data Structures for USB Class listings

### 6.2.1 DESC\_CALLBACK\_FUNCTIONS\_STRUCT

This structure is used to represent descriptor callback functions to be implemented by the application.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_desc_callbackFunction_struct
{
    uint32_t handle;
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ GET_DESC)(uint32_t handle,uint8_t type,uint8_t str_num,
        uint16_t index,uint8_t_ptr *descriptor,uint32_t *size);
    USB_ENDPOINTS * (_CODE_PTR_ GET_DESC_ENDPOINTS)(uint32_t handle);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ GET_DESC_INTERFACE)(uint32_t handle,uint8_t interface,
        uint8_t_ptr alt_interface);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ SET_DESC_INTERFACE)(uint32_t handle,uint8_t interface,
        uint8_t alt_interface);
    bool (_CODE_PTR_ IS_DESC_VALID_CONFIGURATION)(uint32_t handle,
        uint16_t config_val);
    bool (_CODE_PTR_ DESC_REMOTE_WAKEUP)(uint32_t handle);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ DESC_SET_FEATURE)(uint32_t handle,int32_t cmd,
        uint8_t in_data,uint8_t ** feature);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ DESC_GET_FEATURE)(uint32_t handle,int32_t cmd,
        uint8_t in_data,uint8_t ** feature);
}DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT, * DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT_PTR;
```

#### Fields

*handle* - USB device handle

*GET\_DESC* - The callback function is used to get various descriptors from the application.

*GET\_DESC\_ENDPOINTS* - The callback function is used to get the endpoints used and their properties.

*GET\_DESC\_INTERFACE* - The callback function is used to get the current configured interface.

*SET\_DESC\_INTERFACE* - The callback function is used to set new interface.

*IS\_DESC\_VALID\_CONFIGURATION* - The callback function is used to check if the configuration is valid.

*DESC\_REMOTE\_WAKEUP* - The callback function is used to check whether the application supports remote wake-up or not.

*DESC\_SET\_FEATURE* - The callback function is used to set specific feature of the device.

*DESC\_GET\_FEATURE* - The callback function is used to get specific feature of the device.



## 6.2.2 USB\_CLASS\_CALLBACK()

This callback function is called for generic application events. The data parameter passed to the function contains information about the event. The information passed through the data parameter is based on the type of event. The application implements this callback typecasts the data parameter to the data type or structure based on the type of the event before reading it.

### Synopsis

```
typedef void(_CODE_PTR_ USB_CLASS_CALLBACK)
(
    uint8_t controller_ID,
    uint8_t type,
    void* data
);
```

### Fields

*controller\_ID* - USB controller handle  
*type* - Type of event  
*data* - Event data based on the type value

### 6.2.3 USB\_CLASS\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT

This structure represents the class callback.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct usb_class_callback_struct
{
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK  callback;
    void                *arg;
}USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT, * USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT_PTR ;
```

#### Fields

- callback* - pointer to the class callback function
- arg* - argument pointer to be passed in class callback function

See also:

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\(\)](#)

### 6.2.4 USB\_CLASS\_SPECIFIC\_HANDLER\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT

This structure represents the class specific USB callback.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct usb_class_specific_handler_callback_struct
{
    USB_CLASS_SPECIFIC_HANDLER_FUNC  callback;
    void                              *arg;
}USB_CLASS_SPECIFIC_HANDLER_CALLBACK_STRUCT,
 * USB_CLASS_SPECIFIC_HANDLER_CALLBACK_STRUCT_PTR;
```

#### Fields

- callback* - pointer to the class callback function
- arg* - argument pointer to be passed in class callback function

See also:

[USB\\_CLASS\\_SPECIFIC\\_HANDLER\\_FUNC\(\)](#)

## 6.2.5 USB\_CLASS\_SPECIFIC\_HANDLER\_FUNC()

This callback function supports class specific USB functionality. This function is passed as a parameter from the application to the class driver at initialization time. The parameters passed to it include request and value that the USB host sends to the device as part of the setup packet. If the application has to reply with information, it sets the data in the buffer parameter passed to it with the size information. The size parameter is an input and an output parameter that states the maximum data an application must reply with.

### Synopsis

```
typedef uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ USB_CLASS_SPECIFIC_HANDLER_FUNC)
(
    uint8_t      request,
    uint16_t     value,
    uint8_t *    *buff,
    uint32_t     *size
);
```

If a class specific request is not supported, the application passes NULL for this callback function while initializing the class layer.

### Fields

*request* - Request code from setup packet

*value* - Value code from setup packet

*buff* - Pointer to the buffer to be returned with data

*size* - Size of data required from application and data sent by application

## 6.2.6 USB\_ENDPOINTS

This structure defines information about the non-control endpoints used by the application.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _USB_ENDPOINTS
{
    uint8_t      count;
    USB_EP_STRUCT *ep;
}USB_ENDPOINTS;
```

### Fields

*count* - Count of non-control endpoints

*ep* - Properties of each endpoint

### See also:

[USB\\_EP\\_STRUCT\\_PTR](#)

## 6.2.7 USB\_REQ\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT

Structure other request class callback

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct usb_req_callback_struct
{
    USB_REQ_FUNC          callback;
    void                  *arg;
}USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT, * USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT_PTR ;
```

### Fields

*ep\_num* - USB endpoint number  
*size* - Size of buffer to be used in the device layer

See also:

[USB\\_REQ\\_FUNC\(\)](#)

## 6.2.8 USB\_REQ\_FUNC()

This callback function is called to support vendor specific USB functionality and is passed from the application to the class driver at initialization time. USB control setup packet is passed to it as an input and the application returns data and size as part of the buffer as well as size output parameters passed to it.

### Synopsis

```
typedef uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ USB_REQ_FUNC)
(
    USB_SETUP_STRUCT      *setup_packet,
    uint8_t *              buff,
    uint32_t               size,
    void                   *arg
);
```

### Fields

*setup\_packet* — setup packet received on control endpoint from the host  
*buff* — pointer to the buffer to be returned with data  
*size* — size of data required from application and data sent by application  
*arg* - other parameter

## 6.3 CDC Class Data Structures listings

### 6.3.1 CDC\_HANDLE

This data type represents the CDC class handle.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t CDC_HANDLE;
```

### 6.3.2 \_ip\_address

This data type represents the ip address.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t _ip_address;
```

### 6.3.3 APP\_DATA\_STRUCT

This structure holds information of an endpoint buffer.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _app_data_struct  
{  
    uint8_t *      data_ptr;  
    uint32_t      data_size;  
}APP_DATA_STRUCT;
```

#### Fields

*data\_ptr* - pointer to buffer

*data\_size* - buffer size

### 6.3.4 USB\_CLASS\_CDC\_QUEUE

This structure describes a request in the endpoint queue.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_cdc_queue
{
    _usb_device_handle    handle;
    uint8_t               channel;
    APP_DATA_STRUCT       app_data;
}USB_CLASS_CDC_QUEUE, *PTR_USB_CLASS_CDC_QUEUE;
```

#### Fields

*handle* - handle of USB device  
*channel*- endpoint number of this request  
*app\_data* - endpoint buffer

#### See also:

[APP\\_DATA\\_STRUCT](#)

### 6.3.5 USB\_CLASS\_CDC\_ENDPOINT

This structure describes an endpoint of the CDC class.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_cdc_endpoint
{
    uint8_t               endpoint;
    uint8_t               type;
    uint8_t               bin_consumer;
    uint8_t               bin_producer;
    USB_CLASS_CDC_QUEUE  queue[CDC_MAX_QUEUE_ELEMS];
}USB_CLASS_CDC_ENDPOINT;
```

#### Fields

*endpoint* - endpoint number  
*type*- type of endpoint  
**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**  
**USB\_ISOCHRONOUS\_PIPE**  
**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**  
**USB\_INTERRUPT\_PIPE**  
*bin\_consumer* - the number of queued elements  
*bin\_producer* - the number of de-queued elements  
*queue* - queue data

#### See also:

## USB\_CLASS\_CDC\_QUEUE

### 6.3.6 CDC\_DEVICE\_STRUCT

This structure holds CDC class state information (CDC device handle).

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _cdc_variable_struct
{
    CDC_HANDLE                cdc_handle;
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE         class_handle;
    _usb_device_handle       controller_handle;
    USB_ENDPOINTS           *usb_ep_data;
    uint32_t                 comm_feature_data_size;
    uint8_t                  cic_send_endpoint;
    uint8_t                  cic_rcv_endpoint;
    uint8_t                  dci_send_endpoint;
    uint8_t                  dci_rcv_endpoint;
    uint32_t                 dic_rcv_pkt_size;
    uint32_t                 dic_send_pkt_size;
    uint32_t                 cic_send_pkt_size;
    void                      *pstn_obj_ptr;
    uint8_t                  max_supported_interfaces;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT cdc_class_cb;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT  vendor_req_callback;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT param_callback;
    USB_CLASS_CDC_ENDPOINT  *ep;
#ifdef RNDIS_SUPPORT
    _enet_address            mac_address;
    _ip_address              ip_address;
    uint32_t                 rndis_max_frame_size;
#endif
}CDC_DEVICE_STRUCT, * CDC_DEVICE_STRUCT_PTR;
```

#### Fields

*cdc\_handle* - CDC class handle

*class\_handle* - USB common class handle

*controller\_handle* - USB device controller handle

*comm\_feature\_data\_size* - data size of communication feature

*cic\_send\_endpoint* - out notification endpoint number

*cic\_rcv\_endpoint* - in notification endpoint number

*dci\_send\_endpoint* - bulk data in endpoint number

*dci\_rcv\_endpoint* - bulk data out endpoint number

*dic\_rcv\_pkt\_size* - size of data to be received in bulk data in endpoint

*dic\_send\_pkt\_size* - size of data to be sent in bulk data out endpoint

*cic\_send\_pkt\_size* - size of data to be sent in notification endpoint

*pstn\_obj\_ptr* - pointer to an object of PSTN (Public Switched Telephone Network) device

*max\_supported\_interfaces* - maximum number of supported interfaces  
*cdc\_callback* - class callback function pointer  
*vendor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer  
*param\_callback* - callback function pointer for application to provide class parameters  
*ep* - pointer to the USB class MSC endpoint data

See also:

[CDC\\_HANDLE](#)

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CDC\\_ENDPOINT](#)

### 6.3.7 CDC\_CONFIG\_STRUCT

This structure holds configuration parameter sent by the application to configure the CDC class.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct _cdc_config_struct
{
    uint32_t                comm_feature_data_size;
    uint8_t                 cic_send_endpoint;
    uint8_t                 dic_send_endpoint;
    uint8_t                 dic_rcv_endpoint;
    uint32_t                dic_rcv_pkt_size;
    uint32_t                dic_send_pkt_size;
    uint32_t                cic_send_pkt_size;
    uint8_t                 max_supported_interfaces;
    USB_ENDPOINTS           *usb_ep_data;
    uint32_t                 desc_endpoint_cnt;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT cdc_class_cb;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT  vendor_req_callback;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT param_callback;
    USB_CLASS_CDC_ENDPOINT  *ep;
    DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT_PTR desc_callback_ptr;
    #if RNDIS_SUPPORT
        _enet_address         mac_address;
        _ip_address          ip_address;
        uint32_t              rndis_max_frame_size;
    #endif
}CDC_CONFIG_STRUCT, * CDC_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR;
```

Fields

*comm\_feature\_data\_size* - data size of communication feature  
*cic\_send\_endpoint* - out notification endpoint number  
*cic\_rcv\_endpoint* - in notification endpoint number



*dci\_send\_endpoint* - bulk data in endpoint number  
*dci\_rcv\_endpoint* - bulk data out endpoint number  
*dic\_rcv\_pkt\_size* - size of data to be received in bulk data in endpoint  
*dic\_send\_pkt\_size* - size of data to be sent in bulk data out endpoint  
*cic\_send\_pkt\_size* - size of data to be sent in notification endpoint  
*max\_supported\_interfaces* - maximum number of supported interfaces  
*usb\_ep\_data* - contains all endpoints used by this device  
*cdc\_class\_callback* - class callback function pointer  
*verdor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer  
*param\_callback* - callback function pointer for the application to provide class parameters  
*ep* - pointer to USB class CDC endpoint data  
*desc\_callback\_ptr* - pointer to a descriptor callback function defined in the application

**See also:**

**[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)**

**[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)**

**[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)**

**[USB\\_CLASS\\_CDC\\_ENDPOINT](#)**

**[DESC\\_CALLBACK\\_FUNCTIONS\\_STRUCT](#)**

## 6.4 HID Class Data Structures listings

### 6.4.1 HID\_HANDLE

This data type represents HID class handle.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t HID_HANDLE;
```

### 6.4.2 USB\_CLASS\_HID\_QUEUE

This structure describes a request in the endpoint queue.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_hid_queue
{
    _usb_device_handle    handle;
    uint8_t               channel;
    uint8_t *             app_buff;
    uint32_t              size;
}USB_CLASS_HID_QUEUE, *PTR_USB_CLASS_HID_QUEUE;
```

#### Fields

*handle* - handle of USB device

*channel*- endpoint number of this request

*app\_buff* - buffer to send

*size* - size of the transfer

### 6.4.3 USB\_CLASS\_HID\_ENDPOINT

This structure contains USB class HID endpoint data.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_hid_endpoint
{
    uint8_t               endpoint;
    uint8_t               type;
    uint8_t               bin_consumer;
    uint8_t               bin_producer;
    USB_CLASS_HID_QUEUE  queue[HID_MAX_QUEUE_ELEMS];
}USB_CLASS_HID_ENDPOINT;
```

#### Fields

*endpoint* - endpoint number

*type*- type of endpoint

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_ISOCHRONOUS\_PIPE**

## USB\_BULK\_PIPE

## USB\_INTERRUPT\_PIPE

*bin\_consumer* - the number of queued elements

*bin\_producer* - the number of de-queued elements

*queue* - queue data

**See also:**

## USB\_CLASS\_HID\_QUEUE

### 6.4.4 USB\_CLASS\_HID\_ENDPOINT\_DATA

This structure represents the endpoint data for non control endpoints.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_hid_endpoint_data
{
    uint8_t                count;
    USB_CLASS_HID_ENDPOINT *ep;
}USB_CLASS_HID_ENDPOINT_DATA, *PTR_USB_CLASS_HID_ENDPOINT_DATA;
```

#### Fields

*count* - number of non control endpoints

*ep* - endpoint data

**See also:**

## USB\_CLASS\_HID\_ENDPOINT

### 6.4.5 HID\_DEVICE\_STRUCT

This structure holds HID class state information (CDC device handle).

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct hid_device_struct
{
    _usb_device_handle    handle;
    uint32_t              user_handle;
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE      class_handle;
    USB_ENDPOINTS         *ep_desc_data;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT hid_class_callback;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT vendor_req_callback;
    USB_CLASS_SPECIFIC_HANDLER_CALLBACK_STRUCT param_callback;
    USB_CLASS_HID_ENDPOINT_DATA hid_endpoint_data;
    uint8_t               class_request_params[2];
}HID_DEVICE_STRUCT, * HID_DEVICE_STRUCT_PTR;
```

#### Fields

*handle* - controller device handle

*user\_handle* - user handle  
*class\_handle* - USB class handle  
*ep\_desc\_data* - contains all endpoints used by this device  
*hid\_class\_callback* - class callback function pointer  
*vendor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer  
*param\_callback* - callback function pointer for the application to provide class parameters  
*hid\_endpoint\_data* - the endpoint data for non control endpoints  
*class\_request\_param* - class request parameter for get/set idle and protocol requests

**See also:**

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_SPECIFIC\\_HANDLER\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_HID\\_ENDPOINT\\_DATA](#)

## 6.4.6 HID\_CONFIG\_STRUCT

This structure holds a configuration parameter sent by the application to configure the HID class.

**Synopsis**

```
typedef struct hid_config_struct
{
    uint32_t                desc_endpoint_cnt;
    USB_ENDPOINTS          *ep_desc_data;
    USB_CLASS_HID_ENDPOINT *ep;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT hid_class_callback;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT vendor_req_callback;
    USB_CLASS_SPECIFIC_HANDLER_CALLBACK_STRUCT param_callback;
    DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT_PTR desc_callback_ptr;
}HID_CONFIG_STRUCT, * HID_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR;
```

**Fields**

*desc\_endpoint\_cnt* - number of endpoints  
*ep\_desc\_data* - contains all endpoints used by this device  
*hid\_class\_callback* - class callback function pointer  
*vendor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer  
*param\_callback* - callback function pointer for application to provide class parameters  
*desc\_callback\_ptr* - pointer to a descriptor callback function defined in the application

**See also:**

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

**USB\_CLASS\_HID\_ENDPOINT**

**USB\_CLASS\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT**

**USB\_REQ\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT**

**USB\_CLASS\_SPECIFIC\_HANDLER\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT**

**DESC\_CALLBACK\_FUNCTIONS\_STRUCT**

## 6.5 MSC Class Data Structures listings

### 6.5.1 MSD\_HANDLE

This data type represents MSD class handle.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t MSD_HANDLE;
```

### 6.5.2 APP\_DATA\_STRUCT

This structure holds information of an endpoint buffer.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _app_data_struct
{
    uint8_t * data_ptr;
    uint32_t data_size;
}APP_DATA_STRUCT;
```

#### Fields

*data\_ptr* - pointer to buffer

*data\_size* - buffer size

### 6.5.3 USB\_CLASS\_MSC\_QUEUE

This structure describes a request in the endpoint queue.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_msc_queue
{
    _usb_device_handle          handle;
    uint8_t                     channel;
    APP_DATA_STRUCT             app_data;
}USB_CLASS_MSC_QUEUE, *PTR_USB_CLASS_MSC_QUEUE;
```

#### Fields

*handle* - handle of USB device

*channel*- endpoint number of this request

*app\_data* - endpoint buffer

#### See also:

[APP\\_DATA\\_STRUCT](#)

## 6.5.4 USB\_CLASS\_MSC\_ENDPOINT

This structure describes an endpoint of the MSC class.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_msc_endpoint
{
    uint8_t                endpoint;
    uint8_t                type;
    uint8_t                bin_consumer;
    uint8_t                bin_producer;
    USB_CLASS_MSC_QUEUE   queue[MSD_MAX_QUEUE_ELEMS];
}USB_CLASS_MSC_ENDPOINT;
```

### Fields

*endpoint* - endpoint number

*type*- type of endpoint

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_ISOCHRONOUS\_PIPE**

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_INTERRUPT\_PIPE**

*bin\_consumer* - the number of queued elements

*bin\_producer* - the number of de-queued elements

*queue* - queue data

See also:

[USB\\_CLASS\\_MSC\\_QUEUE](#)

## 6.5.5 LBA\_APP\_STRUCT

This structure holds a device logical block information.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _lba_app_struct
{
    uint32_t                offset;
    uint32_t                size;
    uint8_t *               buff_ptr;
}LBA_APP_STRUCT, * PTR_LBA_APP_STRUCT;
```

### Fields

*offset* - offset address of the logical block

*size* - size of the logical block

*buff\_ptr* - logical block data

## 6.5.6 MSD\_BUFF\_INFO

This structure holds information of MSD buffers.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _msd_buffers_info
{
    uint8_t *          msc_lba_send_ptr;
    uint8_t *          msc_lba_recv_ptr;
    uint32_t          msc_lba_send_buff_size;
    uint32_t          msc_lba_recv_buff_size;
}MSD_BUFF_INFO, *PTR_MSD_BUFF_INFO;
```

### Fields

*msc\_lba\_send\_ptr* - send buffer pointer  
*msc\_lba\_recv\_ptr* - receive buffer pointer  
*msc\_lba\_send\_buffer\_size* - size of send buffer  
*msc\_lba\_recv\_buffer\_size* - size of receive buffer

## 6.5.7 MSC\_DEVICE\_STRUCT

This structure holds MSC class state information (MSC device handle).

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _msc_variable_struct
{
    _usb_device_handle      controller_handle;
    MSD_HANDLE              msc_handle;
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE        class_handle;
    USB_ENDPOINTS           *ep_desc_data;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT msc_callback;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT vendor_callback;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT param_callback;
    uint8_t                 bulk_in_endpoint;
    uint32_t                 bulk_in_endpoint_packet_size;
    uint8_t                 bulk_out_endpoint;
    uint32_t                 usb_max_suported_interfaces;
    void                     *scsi_object_ptr;
    USB_CLASS_MSC_ENDPOINT *ep;
    uint8_t                 lun;
    bool                     out_flag;
    bool                     in_flag;
    bool                     in_stall_flag;
    bool                     out_stall_flag;
    bool                     cbw_valid_flag;
    PTR_CSW                  csw_ptr;
    PTR_CBW                  cbw_ptr;
    bool                     re_stall_flag;
    DEVICE_LBA_INFO_STRUCT   device_info;
    MSD_BUFF_INFO            msd_buff;
```



```

        uint32_t                transfer_remaining;
        uint32_t                current_offset;
    }MSC_DEVICE_STRUCT, * MSC_DEVICE_STRUCT_PTR;
    
```

## Fields

*controller\_handle* - device controller handle

*msc\_handle* - MSC class handle

*class\_handle* - USB common class handle

*ep\_desc\_data* - contains all endpoints used by this device

*msc\_callback* - class callback function pointer

*verdor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer

*param\_callback* - callback function pointer for application to provide class parameters

*bulk\_in\_endpoint* - receive bulk endpoint

*bulk\_in\_endpoint\_packet\_size* - size of receive bulk endpoint

*bulk\_out\_endpoint* - send bulk endpoint

*usb\_max\_suported\_interfaces* - maximum number of supported interfaces

*scsi\_object\_ptr* - pointer to SCSI object

*ep* - pointer to USB class MSC endpoint data

*lun* - logical unit number. It can have the value only from 0 to 15 decimals

*out\_flag* - flag to track bulk out data processing after command block wrapper if needed

*in\_flag* - flag to track bulk in data processing before command status wrapper if needed

*in\_stall\_flag* - flag to track if there is need to stall BULK IN ENDPOINT because of BULK COMMAND

*out\_stall\_flag* - flag to track if there is need to stall BULK OUT ENDPOINT because of BULK COMMAND

*cbw\_valid\_flag* - flag to validate command block wrapper

*csw\_ptr* - global structure for command status wrapper

*cbw\_ptr* global structure for command block wrapper

*re\_stall\_flag* - re-installation flag

*device\_info* - device information

*msd\_buff* - contain information of msd class buffers

*transfer\_remaining* - number of remaining transfer bytes

*current\_offset* - offset of remaining transfer bytes

## See also:

[MSD\\_HANDLE](#)

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

## USB\_CLASS\_MSC\_ENDPOINT

## LBA\_APP\_STRUCT

## MSD\_BUFF\_INFO

### 6.5.8 USB\_MSD\_CONFIG\_STRUCT

This structure holds configuration parameter sent by application to configure the MSC class.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_msd_config
{
    DEVICE_LBA_INFO_STRUCT      device_info;
    bool                        implementing_disk_drive;
    uint32_t                    usb_max_suported_interfaces;
    uint8_t                     bulk_in_endpoint;
    uint32_t                    bulk_in_endpoint_packet_size;
    uint8_t                     bulk_out_endpoint;
    uint32_t                    desc_endpoint_cnt;
    MSD_BUFF_INFO              msd_buff;
    USB_ENDPOINTS              *ep_desc_data;
    USB_CLASS_MSC_ENDPOINT     *ep;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT_PTR msc_class_callback;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT_PTR  vendor_req_callback;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT_PTR param_callback;
    DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT_PTR desc_callback_ptr;
}USB_MSD_CONFIG_STRUCT, * USB_MSD_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR;
```

#### Fields

*device\_info* - device information

*implementing\_disk\_drive* - If Implementing Disk Drive then configure the macro below as TRUE, otherwise keep it FALSE (say for Hard Disk)

*usb\_max\_suported\_interfaces* - maximum number of supported interfaces

*bulk\_in\_endpoint* - receive bulk endpoint

*bulk\_in\_endpoint\_packet\_size* - size of receive bulk endpoint

*bulk\_out\_endpoint* - send bulk endpoint

*usb\_max\_suported\_interfaces* - maximum number of supported interfaces

*msd\_buff* - contain information of MSC class buffers

*ep\_desc\_data* - contains all endpoints used by this device

*ep* - pointer to USB class MSC endpoint data

*msc\_callback* - class callback function pointer

*verdor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer

*param\_callback* - callback function pointer for application to provide class parameters

*desc\_callback\_ptr* - pointer to descriptor callback function defined in application

**See also:**

**USB\_ENDPOINTS**

**USB\_CLASS\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT**

**USB\_REQ\_CALLBACK\_STRUCT**

**USB\_CLASS\_MSC\_ENDPOINT**

**DESC\_CALLBACK\_FUNCTIONS\_STRUCT**

**MSD\_BUFF\_INFO**

## 6.6 PHDC Class Data Structures listings

### 6.6.1 PHDC\_HANDLE

This data type represents PHDC class handle.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t PHDC_HANDLE;
```

### 6.6.2 USB\_CLASS\_PHDC\_QOS\_BIN

This structure holds a request in the endpoint QOS bin.

#### Synopsis

```
struct _usb_class_phdc_qos_bin
{
    uint8_t          channel;
    bool             meta_data;
    uint8_t          num_tfr;
    uint8_t          qos;
    uint8_t *        app_buff;
    uint32_t         size;
};
typedef struct _usb_class_phdc_qos_bin USB_CLASS_PHDC_QOS_BIN,
*PTR_USB_CLASS_PHDC_QOS_BIN;
```

#### Fields

*channel*- endpoint number of this request

*meta\_data* - whether a packet is a meta data or not

*num\_tfr* - number of transfers that follow the meta data package. Used only when *meta\_data* is TRUE

*qos* - quality of the transfers that follow the meta data package

*app\_buff* - buffer to send

*size* - size of the transfer

### 6.6.3 USB\_CLASS\_PHDC\_TX\_ENDPOINT

This structure holds transmission endpoint data information of the PHDC class.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_phdc_tx_endpoint
{
    uint8_t          endpoint;
    uint8_t          type;
    uint32_t         size;
    uint8_t          qos;
    uint8_t          current_qos;
    uint8_t          transfers_left;
```

```

uint8_t          bin_consumer;
uint8_t          bin_producer;
USB_CLASS_PHDC_QOS_BIN qos_bin[MAX_QOS_BIN_ELEMS];
}USB_CLASS_PHDC_TX_ENDPOINT;
    
```

### Fields

*endpoint* - endpoint number

*type*- type of endpoint

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_ISOCHRONOUS\_PIPE**

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_INTERRUPT\_PIPE**

*size* - size of transfer

*qos* - quality of transfer

*current\_qos* - quality of received meta data

*transfers\_left* - number of transfers left

*bin\_consumer* - the number of queued elements

*bin\_producer* - the number of de-queued elements

*qos\_bin* - requests in the endpoint QOS bin

### See also:

[USB\\_CLASS\\_PHDC\\_QOS\\_BIN](#)

## 6.6.4 USB\_CLASS\_PHDC\_RX\_ENDPOINT

This structure holds receive endpoint data information of PHDC class.

### Synopsis

```

typedef struct _usb_class_phdc_rx_endpoint
{
    uint8_t          endpoint;
    uint8_t          type;
    uint32_t         size;
    uint8_t          qos;
    uint8_t          current_qos;
    uint8_t          transfers_left;
    uint16_t         buffer_size;
    uint8_t *        buff_ptr;
}USB_CLASS_PHDC_RX_ENDPOINT;
    
```

### Fields

*endpoint* - endpoint number

*type*- type of endpoint

**USB\_BULK\_PIPE**

**USB\_ISOCHRONOUS\_PIPE**

### USB\_BULK\_PIPE

### USB\_INTERRUPT\_PIPE

*size* - size of transfer

*qos* - quality of transfer

*current\_qos* - quality of received meta data

*transfers\_left* - number of transfers left

*buffer\_size* - size of receive buffer

*buff\_ptr* - receive buffer

## 6.6.5 USB\_CLASS\_PHDC\_ENDPOINT\_DATA

This structure holds endpoint information of the PHDC class.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_phdc_endpoint_data
{
    _usb_device_handle          handle;
    uint8_t                    count_rx;
    uint8_t                    count_tx;
    USB_CLASS_PHDC_RX_ENDPOINT ep_rx[PHDC_RX_ENDPOINTS];
    USB_CLASS_PHDC_TX_ENDPOINT ep_tx[PHDC_TX_ENDPOINTS];
}USB_CLASS_PHDC_ENDPOINT_DATA, *PTR_USB_CLASS_PHDC_ENDPOINT_DATA;
```

### Fields

*handle* - device controller handle

*count\_rx* - number of receive endpoints

*count\_tx* - number of transmission endpoints

*ep\_rx* - receive endpoint description

*ep\_tx* - send endpoint description

### See also:

[USB\\_CLASS\\_PHDC\\_TX\\_ENDPOINT](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_PHDC\\_RX\\_ENDPOINT](#)

## 6.6.6 USB\_APP\_EVENT\_SEND\_COMPLETE

This structure holds data passed to the application when the send process is completed.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_app_event_send_complete
{
    uint8_t                    qos;
    uint8_t *                  buffer_ptr;
    uint32_t                   size;
}USB_APP_EVENT_SEND_COMPLETE, *PTR_USB_APP_EVENT_SEND_COMPLETE;
```

## Fields

*qos* - quality of the transfer  
*buffer\_ptr* - send buffer pointer  
*size* - size of buffer

### 6.6.7 USB\_APP\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECIEVED

This structure holds data passed to the application when the receive process is completed.

#### Synopsis

```

typedef struct _usb_app_event_data_recieved
{
    uint8_t          qos;
    uint8_t *        buffer_ptr;
    uint32_t         size;
}USB_APP_EVENT_DATA_RECIEVED, *PTR_USB_APP_EVENT_DATA_RECIEVED;
    
```

## Fields

*qos* - quality of the transfer  
*buffer\_ptr* - send buffer pointer  
*size* - size of buffer

### 6.6.8 PHDC\_STRUCT

This structure holds the PHDC class state information (PHDC device handle).

#### Synopsis

```

typedef struct _phdc_struct
{
    _usb_device_handle          controller_handle;
    PHDC_HANDLE                 phdc_handle;
    USB_CLASS_HANDLE            class_handle;
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT    phdc_callback;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT      vendor_callback;
    uint8_t *                   service_buff_ptr;
    USB_CLASS_PHDC_ENDPOINT_DATA ep_data;
    #if META_DATA_MSG_PRE_IMPLEMENTED
    USB_META_DATA_MSG_PREAMBLE   meta_data_msg_preamble;
    #endif
    #if USB_METADATA_SUPPORTED
    bool                         phdc_metadata;
    #endif
    uint16_t                    phdc_ep_has_data;
}PHDC_STRUCT, * PHDC_STRUCT_PTR;
    
```

## Fields

*controller\_handle* - controller device handle  
*phdc\_handle* - PHDC class handle

*class\_handle* - USB common class handle  
*phdc\_class\_callback* - class callback function pointer  
*verdor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer  
*service\_buff\_ptr* - ram buffer for configuring next receive  
*ep\_data* - PHDC endpoint data  
*phdc\_ep\_has\_data* - stores a bit map of the active endpoints

**See also:**

[PHDC\\_HANDLE](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_PHDC\\_ENDPOINT\\_DATA](#)

### 6.6.9 PHDC\_CONFIG\_STRUCT

This structure holds configuration parameter sent by the application to configure the HID class.

**Synopsis**

```
typedef struct _config_phdc_struct
{
    USB_CLASS_CALLBACK_STRUCT          phdc_callback;
    USB_REQ_CALLBACK_STRUCT            vendor_callback;
    DESC_CALLBACK_FUNCTIONS_STRUCT_PTR desc_callback_ptr;
    USB_ENDPOINTS                     *info;
} PHDC_CONFIG_STRUCT, * PHDC_CONFIG_STRUCT_PTR;
```

**Fields**

*phdc\_class\_callback* - class callback function pointer  
*verdor\_req\_callback* - other request class callback function pointer  
*desc\_callback\_ptr* - pointer to a descriptor callback function defined in the application  
*info* - contains all endpoints used by this device

**See also:**

[USB\\_ENDPOINTS](#)

[USB\\_CLASS\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[USB\\_REQ\\_CALLBACK\\_STRUCT](#)

[DESC\\_CALLBACK\\_FUNCTIONS\\_STRUCT](#)



# Chapter 7

## Reference Data Types

### 7.1 USB Device API Data Types

USB Device API uses the data types as shown in [Table 7-1](#).

**Table 7-1. USB Device API Data Types**

| USB Device API data type        | Simple data type |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| <code>_usb_device_handle</code> | void*            |

