Debugger

Lauterbach TRACE32
Target Interface

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Lauterbach TRACE32 Target Interface

Introduction

Another advanced feature of Debugger for the embedded systems development world is the ability to load different target components, which implements the interface with target systems. The TRACE32 Development System is introduced in this document. The TRACE32 is a product from Lauterbach Datentechnik GmbH.

Debugger supports the emulator (ICE) and the background debug mode (BDM, ICD) interface. In this document, the specific features of the TRACE32 target component are described. With this interface, an executable program from the Debugger environment can be downloaded to an external target system based on a Motorola MCU, which will execute it and give the feedback of the real target system behaviour to Debugger.

Debugger will fully supervise and monitor the MCU of the target system and control the CPU execution such as read and write in internal/external memory (even with the CPU running), single-step/run/stop processes in the CPU and the set of breakpoints in the code.

| Note: Unconcerned Components | As the code is executed by an external MCU the memory statistics are not available with the TRACE 32 target component and Profiling, Coverage analysing and I/O Simulation will therefore not work with the TRACE 32 target component. |

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General

In this chapter the specific features of the TRACE32 are described in detail. This includes a detailed description of the function and purpose of the Bus analyzer. The corresponding windows and dialog boxes are also explained together with the features they belong to.

**TRACE32**  The TRACE32 is an emulator system for MCUs, that provides emulation memory and a bus state analyzer.

**Interfaces**  Before any communication between TRACE 32 and the Debugger is possible, the TRACE32 host driver program delivered from Lauterbach GmbH must be loaded. For communication with the TRACE32 system, the Debugger uses the Application Programming Interface (API) delivered from Lauterbach GmbH. This interface (API) communicates via a socket interface with the TRACE32 host driver program. The TRACE32 host driver program just routes the API requests to the TRACE32 system. This can be done with an Ethernet, parallel or optical interface.

Interfacing Your System and the Target

First the TRACE32 host driver program from Lauterbach GmbH for the In Circuit Debugger or for the In Circuit Emulator must be installed. Be sure that the installation is correct for the used interface (Ethernet, parallel, optical...).

**Preparing the TRACE32 driver**  The TRACE32 host driver program has to be configured for a usage with a remote control, such as the Debugger which uses itself the Application Programming Interface (API). To allow and set up a remote control, add the following lines to the CONFIG.T32 file:

```
RCL=NETASSIST
PACKLEN=1024
PORT=20000
```

IMPORTANT: Make sure to have an empty line before "RCL=NETASSIST". The port number used here must correspond with the configuration of the UDP port in the Debugger.

**Hardware Connection**  For the hardware connection, please refer to the *TRACE32 Operation System Manual.*

Loading the TRACE32 Target

Usually the target is set in the PROJECT.INI file, where Target=Trace32.
If the connection between the Debugger and the TRACE32 system is not already set, a Load TRACE32 Driver dialog pops up and you can set yourself the path and name of the TRACE32 host driver program and the UDP port. Please see the following section Load TRACE32 Driver.

If no target is set in the PROJECT.INI file or if a different target is set, you can load the TRACE32 target component selecting in the main menu Component | Set Target... as shown below and choose Trace32 in the list of proposed targets.

After a successful target loading, the Target menu item is replaced by Trace32.
Load TRACE32 Driver program

While the Trace32 target component is loaded and the Trace32 Driver is not yet opened, the dialog shown below will pop up.

**Note:** This dialog can also be opened selecting Trace32 | Connect... when previous connection attempts with a TRACE32 failed or if the communication was lost.

Make sure that the parameters on your host computer are correctly configured. Check that the used UDP port corresponds with the port specified in the `CONFIG.T32` file, otherwise no communication between the Debugger and the target is possible.

**Load TRACE32 Driver** If the TRACE32 Driver program is not yet opened and the Trace32 target is loaded, a dialog box `Load TRACE32 Driver` pops up in the Debugger as shown below.

Enter the path and name of the TRACE32 Driver program in the `TRACE32 Driver` edit box or click on button `Browse` to find the program. The default path is `C:\T32\T32W95.EXE`. Set the UDP port on the same value as specified in the `CONFIG.T32` file and click `OK`. The default UDP port is 20000.

**Note:** The name of the TRACE32 Driver and the UDP port which are saved through this dialog, override the environment variables `DRIVER` and `PORT` of the `DEFAULT.ENV` file.

While the TRACE32 Driver is loading and the TRACE32 system is booting, the following dialog pops up. The boot process can last up to a minute and can be aborted by pressing the `Abort` button.

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The program name and the used UDP port are saved for later debug sessions. If no connection could be established, press *Abort* button, check if the used parameters are correct and try it again by choosing *Trace32 | Connect.*

**Configuration of the CPU used by the debugger**

The Lauterbach debugger returns a string which can be used to retrieve the CPU of the currently connected derivative. Usually this CPU identification is handled in the *TRACE32.INI* file which is located in the prog directory of your installation.

If the debugger can not retrieve the current CPU identification from the derivative string, the *CPU Identification* dialog is displayed.

This dialog allows to select the CPU corresponding to the string describing the derivative returned by the Lauterbach debugger. Use the *CPU* list box to select the correct CPU. When clicking *OK*, the selected CPU is set and the *TRACE32.INI* file is created/updated.

For more information regarding this dialog, please refer to section *Trace32 Menu Entries, CPU Identification* in this manual.

**Note:** This dialog can also be opened selecting *Trace32 | Set CPU...* if the currently set CPU does not match the current derivative or to update the *Trace32.ini* file.

**Configuration of the TRACE32 system**

After the boot process, the TRACE32 system is configured by calling the *BOOT.CMD* file. The content of this file consists of commands from Lauterbach to correctly set the emulator. This file must be adapted depending on the MCU used. Examples of *BOOT.CMD* files are given in the *TRACE32 Boot Command File* section of this manual.
The Debugger Status Bar for the TRACE32

When the TRACE32 Target Component has been loaded, specific information are given in the Debugger status bar (from left to right): the BUS analyzer mode, the MCU of the probe and the Debugger status.

Default Target Setup

As any other target, the TRACE32 target component can be loaded from the Target menu or can be set as a default target in the PROJECT.INI file which should be located in the current project directory.

Example of PROJECT.INI file.

```
[HI-WAVE]
Window0=Source   0   0  50  40
Window1=Assembly 50   0  50  40
Window2=Register 50  40  50  30
Window3=Memory   50  70  50  30
Window4=Data     0   40  50  25
Window5=Command  0   65  50  20
Window6=Module   0   85  50  15
Target=Trace32

[TRACE32]
PORT=20000
SHOWPROT=1
DRIVER=C:\T32\T32w95.exe (emulator driver)
or
DRIVER=C:\T32BDM\T32m12.exe (BDM, ICD driver)
```

Note: For details about the Configuration please see the TRACE32 manuals from Lauterbach GmbH.

Note: For further information about the PROJECT.INI file please see the Debugger manual.
TRACE32 Parameters

Under normal usage, these parameters are once interactively set at installation in the PROJECT.INI file and used in the future debugging sessions.

**DRIVER**
This parameter specifies the path and the name of the TRACE32 Driver program. 
C:\T32\T32W95.EXE is the default driver program name for PCs.
Example: DRIVER=C:\T32\T32W95.exe

**PORT**
The UDP Port used between the Debugger and TRACE32 Driver program. This port number must correspond with the port specified in the CONFIG.T32 file.
Example: PORT=20000

**SHOWPROT**
This variable is set to 0 or 1 (1 to show the communication protocol, 0 to hide it) at the first communication attempt with the target. In the Load TRACE32 Driver dialog, you can check the Show Protocol checkbox to decide if you want to display the communication protocol in the Command Line component window. This option is saved under the SHOWPROT variable.
Please see section Load TRACE32 Driver program, Load TRACE32 Driver.
Trace32 Menu Entries

Reset
The Trace32 | Reset command resets the CPU and executes the RESET.CMD file, which must be located in the current project directory.

Connect to TRACE32
If Trace32 | Connect is selected, the TRACE32 system is initialized by calling the BOOT.CMD file. If there is no connection to the TRACE32 system, the following dialog is displayed.

TRACE32 Driver
Enter the path and name of the TRACE32 Driver program in the TRACE32 Driver edit box or click on button Browse to find the program. The default path is C:\T32\T32w95.exe.

UDP Port
Set the UDP port on the same value as specified in the CONFIG.T32 file. The default UDP port is 20000.

Show Protocol
To report all the used TRACE32 API functions with their parameters in the command line window, check the check box Show Protocol.

Note: This feature is used by support personnel from Metrowerks.

Please see section Load TRACE32 Driver program, Load TRACE32 Driver.

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CPU Identification

The TRACE32.INI file is used to provide the information on the currently used CPU from a string describing the derivative returned by the Lauterbach Trace32 debugger. If this information is corrupted or missing, select TRACE32 | Set CPU... to specify the CPU corresponding to the MCU you are using. The CPU Identification dialog is displayed.

This dialog allows to select the CPU corresponding to the string describing the derivative returned by the Lauterbach debugger.

Select from the CPU list box the CPU corresponding to the derivative you are using:
- CPU08 for M68HC08 derivatives,
- CPU11 for M68HC11 derivatives,
- CPU12 for M68HC12 derivatives,
- CPU32 for M68K derivatives.

When clicking OK, the correct CPU is set in the debugger and the information is saved/updated in the TRACE32.INI file located in the prog directory of your installation.

Note: This dialog is also opened if the trace32.ini file is missing or if the string returned from the Lauterbach device is not present in this file.

Bus Tracing

Select TRACE32 | Bus Trace to run the Bus Analyser. For all details please see section Bus Analyser in this document.
Introduction to the Bus Analyzer

Besides the emulation of the target system MCU, the most important feature that can be offered by a microcontroller development tool is an instrument to analyse program execution activities on the target MCU bus. This analyse allows the user to determine what is occurring in a system without actually affecting it.

**Note:** The Bus analyzer in the TRAC32 shows the logical state of the MCU bus. It does not show signal hold and setup times.

**Trace Modes**  If the bus analyzer has not been configured, the default settings are used. That means:

- The AutoArm option is enabled, i.e. the analyzer will be armed automatically when the user program is started, and switched to off, after the program has been stopped.
- The FIFO operation mode is used, i.e. the analyzer records the last cycles before stopping the recording.
- The SLAVE and PrePost mode are enabled, i.e. the analyzer samples only cycles while the user program is running and the first and last cycle is always sampled, regardless of the trigger program.
- The size of the trace buffer is 32676 records.

It is possible to set up the bus analyzer by using Command Line commands in the Command Line component window or in the ANALYZER.CMD file. This file is called when selecting Trace | Setup.

**Note:** For details about the Bus analyzer please see to the corresponding manuals of Lauterbach GmbH.

**Textual or Graphical**  The Bus analyzer can display the data either textually or graphically. Use the horizontal and vertical scroll bars, as in other Windows applications, to move around the display of the trace buffer contents.

**Using the Bus Analyzer**  The Bus analyzer functions like any Debugger component, and has its own menu to control the features of the TRAC32 Bus analyzer hardware. This menu entry is called Trace in the Debugger main menu and the display window is also called Trace. Choose Trace... to find the menu shown below.

This menu is also available as a pop-up menu in the Trace window when right-clicking.

From the user's perspective, using the Bus analyzer requires two steps. These steps are, collecting the desired bus data (running the program) and viewing the collected data.

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The Trace window popup menu

Configure the Bus Analyzer

The Trace32 Emulator allows to configure very complex triggers. This is done by writing a program which describes the trigger conditions and the behaviour of the trace logic. This program is then loaded into the Trace32.

Since this procedure needs some efforts to learn, the Trace32 target component contains a dialog which allows to configure the most common trigger functions interactively without having to know the full set of features. There are also several command line commands which will allow to configure all the items from the dialog also on the Debugger command line. For more complex trigger conditions, the TRACE32 host driver program can still be used in parallel to the Debugger. However, if the Trace32 Bus Analyzer was not configured, all cycles are recorded.

Quick Trace Configuration

Select the Trace | Configure... Item to open the following dialog:
Triggers There are three Trigger groups labelled Trigger Alpha, Trigger Beta and Trigger Charly. Each trigger can be disabled by checking the corresponding Disable checkbox. Read- and/or Write accesses of each Trigger can be specified by checking the Read and/or Write checkbox of the corresponding trigger group. The values entered in these trigger groups are interpreted as hexadecimal values.

Address Each trigger group contains an Address Item. There are three modes: If Disable is selected, the address Item is ignored in the trigger. When Address is selected, the address Item consists of a single address and if Range is selected, an address range is used as address Item in the corresponding trigger.

Data Each trigger group contains a Data Item. All bits of the Data field which corresponds to one in the Mask field are used in the corresponding trigger. If the Disable box is checked, the Data Item is ignored in the trigger.

External Trigger Each trigger group contains an External Trigger Item. An 8-bit value can be specified in the Data field that defines trigger input signals on the Trace32 for the trigger. Only the bits that corresponds to one in the Mask field are used in the trigger. A and B specifies the external trigger port used for the corresponding trigger. If Disable is selected, the external trigger Item is
Sequencer Mode  There are six different modes for the recording.

- **All cycles** records all cycles continuously. Recording stops when the number of cycles specified in the Post Trigger Counter is reached, if enabled.
- **Events only** records all cycles where a trigger triggers. Recording stops when the number of cycles specified in the Post Trigger Counter is reached, if enabled.
- **A -> C, <- B** stops recording on cycles of two events in sequence, A then B, provided that third trigger B remains false. When the third trigger B occurs, the sequence starts again with the first trigger. This sequence can be used as two-event sequence by leaving trigger B disabled. If the Post Trigger Counter is enabled, recording stops after the number of cycles specified in the Post Trigger Counter is reached.
- **A + B + C** stops recording after either trigger A or trigger B or trigger C. If the Post Trigger Counter is enabled, data storage ends after the number of cycles specified in the Post Trigger Counter is reached.
- **A -> B -> C** stops recording after three events, A then B then C occurring in sequence. If the Post Trigger Counter is enabled, recording stops after the number of cycles specified in the Post Trigger Counter is reached.
- **A + B -> C** stops recording on either of two events trigger A or trigger B then followed by trigger C. The sequencer can be simplified to involve fewer than three triggers by leaving trigger A or B disabled. If the Post Trigger Counter is enabled, data storage ends after the specified number of cycles in the Post Trigger Counter.

**Post Trigger Counter**  If the Enable post counting mode box is checked, recording data ends after the value specified in Post Trigger Count is reached. The application is also stopped after recording if the Stop program when recording terminated box is checked.

Collecting Data

**Arming the Analyzer**  If the AutoArm option is enabled (default option), the analyzer will be armed automatically when the user program is started. In the other case, if the AutoArm option is disabled, the Bus analyzer has to be armed to collect data. Choose the entry Trace | Arm Analyzer to arm the Bus analyzer. After the Arm Analyzer entry was clicked, the entry changes to Disarm Analyzer.

**Disarming the Analyzer**  If the AutoArm option is enabled (default option), the analyzer will be switched to off automatically, after the program has been stopped. In the other case, if the AutoArm option is disabled, select the entry Trace | Disarm Analyzer to stop the analyzer. After the Disarm Analyzer entry was clicked, the entry changes to Arm Analyzer. The status of the Bus analyzer is shown in the title bar of the analyzer window and in the status bar of the main window.

**Start Emulation**  To begin emulation use the command Run | Continue in the Debugger or any other command which starts program execution. Emulation continues until it is stopped by either a breakpoint, a watchpoint or manually. When the emulation stops, the data in the Bus analyzer window is updated (see below).
**Status Bar**  When the Bus analyzer is activated manually (if the AutoArm option is not used), the MBA status shown on the status bar at the bottom of the main window changes to ARMED, to indicate that the Bus analyzer is ready to begin to collect data. When emulation begins, the MCU status shown on the status bar changes to RUNNING. When the Bus analyzer collects data, the Bus analyzer state changes to ANALYZING.

**Halt Data Collection**  To manually halt data collection, the user must select the submenu Trace | Disarm Analyzer. Disarming the analyzer stops data collection without stopping emulation.

**Halt Emulation**  if the AutoArm option is enabled (default option), data collection is halted. In the other case, data collection is halted, but the analyzer leaves armed. If the AutoArm- and SLAVE option is disabled, data collection is not halted.

**Recording Bus Data**  There are two different modes to recording bus data. If the FIFO operation mode is used, the analyzer records the last cycles before stopping the recording. If the STACK operation mode is used, the analyzer stops recording, when the trace buffer is full.

**Viewing Collected Data**

**View Cycles**  When the desired cycles have been collected, the Bus analyzer software provides a variety of methods to view those cycles. At this point, the trace buffer contains up to 32,767 stored frames. The highest numbered frames are usually the post-trigger frames. The lower-numbered frames are those frames stored before the trigger occurred, if any were stored. When the Bus analyzer is deactivated (not in ANALYZING or ARMED state), the data is displayed in the Trace window.

**Textual, Graphical or Instructions**  To specify select one in the Trace popup menu to set the display of the bus data. The contents of the Bus analyzer can be displayed as text or as graphic. In the text representation, all frames or just the frames where an instruction starts, can be displayed. The user can also in the Trace | Items... dialog select the items which have to be displayed.

**Textual Display**  If the Textual format is chosen the software displays all the frames of the trace buffer contents in a textual form, as shown below. Use the scroll bar at the right to display other frames. Use the scroll bar at the bottom to display other signals. The marker consists of two horizontal lines, which are used to mark a specific frame. The frame number of the marked frame is inverted. A line of the display corresponds to the data of a frame. The Trace window contains the following basic items described below. It is possible to add or remove any item. Please see section Adding / Removing Items in the Trace Window.

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Frame Is the cycle or the frame number 1 - 32768, that identifies the frame. The most recently stored frame is frame 32768 (or the highest-numbered frame that has been stored when fewer than 32768 frames have been stored).

Address Is the address bus value stored in the frame, displayed as hexadecimal digits. This is the address on the address bus when the frame is strobed into the trace buffer.

Data Is the data bus value stored in the frame, displayed as four hexadecimal digits. This is the value on the data bus when the frame is strobed into the trace buffer.

Time Tag Contains a representation of the time tag count stored when the frame is strobed into the trace buffer. The time tag is displayed as a number of seconds or fractions of seconds.

Instruction If the frame contains an instruction start, the instruction is displayed.

Trigger A/B Contains a representation of the external triggers A and B.

Time Measuring to reference a frame with a tag value of zero click on an entry and simultaneously type the key ‘Z’ on the keyboard. All other time tag values are now displayed relative to the bus cycle of this frame.

Control Signals The remaining fields in the Trace dialog box contain the values of the control signals.

Instructions Only Display If the Instructions only format is chosen the software only displays those frames of the trace buffer contents in a text format where an instruction starts.

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**Graphical Display**

The figure below shows the graphical display of the Bus analyzer data. The graphical representation of the Bus analyzer data gives a better overview than the textual one. Switching between the different display formats can easily be done at any time by selecting the menu entries in the Trace menu. The leftmost sections of the Figures above and below display a textual description of the current frame with information about frame number, events, values on the data and address bus, time tag value, etc...

**Zoom In or Out** In the graphical display it is possible to 'zoom in' or to 'zoom out' either to see more details or to get a better general view. *Zoom in / Zoom out* are displayed in the Trace popup menu.

To zoom in select **Trace | Zoom In** or type 'I' on the keyboard.

To zoom out select **Trace | Zoom Out** or type 'O' on the keyboard.
Dragging the marker over the display of the Bus analyzer data, may also generate updates in component windows, e.g. the source and assembly windows. Thus the Bus analyzer data can be viewed and thoroughly examined in the continually updated windows as the marker is moved with the help of the cursor over the graphic or text display of the Bus analyzer data. The vertical bar indicates the position of the marker and displays all the information of the current frame.

**ShowLocation**  
If the option Trace | ShowLocation check box is checked in the Bus Analyzer menu, the marker can be positioned with a left mouse click and the source and assembly windows are automatically updated as well.  
If the option Trace | ShowLocation check box is not checked, the source and assembly windows are only updated, if the marker is dragged with a right mouse click.

**Add / Remove Items in the Trace Window**

The Trace window can be supplied with new items. In the default configuration, the following items are displayed in the window: Frame, Events, Address, Data, Time Tag, Instruction and R/W. It is possible to add new kinds of items (predefined and given in a list box in this dialog) and to remove them. It is possible to permute items in text or graphic mode simply dragging them into the window.

To edit an item, to set its colour or to give a specific name select More.
Scrolling the Display

Scrolling can be done in different ways. The scrollbars can be used as in Windows applications or the display can be scrolled to a specific trace buffer frame. It is also possible to search for a specific pattern (see below).

Search for a Frame

Select Trace | Go to Frame... to search for an occurrence of a frame and enter the desired frame number. If a frame with this number is found, the frame is selected. If the selected frame is not visible, the Bus analyzer window is scrolled to make the frame visible. If no frame can be found an error message is shown in a modal dialog box.

Search for a Pattern

To search for a frame with a specific pattern define the search pattern to use in order to find all stored bus cycles that match the pattern. The pattern can be defined as string which consists of a TRACE32 command, e.g. `analyzer.find, address 100-200 data.b 55` will search for matching address range and data byte. Select Trace | Search|Pattern...
The Bus analyzer will look at specific collected cycles, matches the specific frame that shows the pattern and display this area in the window of the Debugger.

**Cancel Button**  To remove the dialog box without any parameter being changed, select Cancel.

**Forward Button**  To search forwards select Forward and a search is done to find the first frame which matches the specified pattern.

**Backward Button**  To search backwards select Backward and a search is done to find the last frame which matches the specified pattern.

**Next Pattern**  To search for the next occurrence of the pattern select the entry Trace | Search | Next Pattern. If the pattern is not found, an error message is shown in a modal dialog box.

**Previous Pattern**  Select Trace | Search | Previous Pattern to search for the previous occurrence of the pattern. If the pattern is not found, an error message is shown in a modal dialog box.

**Commands in the Run Menu in the Debugger**

These menu commands control the program flow and are equivalent to the commands found in the procedure menu.

**Continue**  Continues execution of a halted program until it reaches a breakpoint or until a run time error is detected. Execution also continues until a program is halted by the Halt command.

**Halt**  This command stops the target processor and allows to examine the state of the application program.

**Step**  If the application is halted, this command performs a single step on source level, i.e. execution continues until the next source reference is reached.

**Flat**  Is very similar to single stepping, but no stepping into called procedures.
**Asm Step**  A halted program continues for one machine instruction from the point it was halted. This command is the same command as the single step command in the assembly window.
Dumping the Bus analyzer data to a file

To dump the Bus analyzer data to a file choose **Trace** | **Dump...**

### Dump File

The **Dump**... command creates a modal dialog box which allows to select frames and dump them to a file. Only the items actually displayed in the Bus analyzer window are dumped. The group box **Dump File** contains an edit field where the name of the file to which the data has to be written, can be entered.

### Select

When the button **Select** is pressed, a standard file select box is opened and the selected file is than displayed in the edit field.

### Frames to Dump

The elements in the group box **Frames to Dump** allow to select the frames that have to be dumped to the file. Just the frames within the range defined by the two edit fields **From** and **To**: are dumped to the file.

- **All** To dump all the frames within the selected range to the file, select **All**.

- **Instructions** To dump just the frames where an instruction starts and this instruction is in the selected range, select **Instructions**.

### OK Button

When the **OK** button is pressed, the dialog box is removed and the Bus analyzer...
data is dumped to the file.

**Cancel Button** When the *Cancel* button is pressed, the dialog box is removed without any data being dumped to a file.

---

**Note:** For more details about the Bus Analyser, please refer to *TRACE32 State Analyzer User's Guide (version 96/01/08)* from Lauterbach Datentechnik GmbH.
TRACE32 Boot Command File

The BOOT.CMD command file is needed to configure the TRACE32 system and is started while the boot process. The boot command file contains a basic configuration and can be adapted if necessary. The commands listed below might be present in this file. This is not an exhaustive list, other might also be present.

system.up or system.mode aloneint

Before any communication to the TRACE32 system is possible, the system must be powered up. The operating mode is set automatically according the available signals. system.mode aloneint should be used when using an emulator with only the probe.

system.access cpu

The access to the emulation probe must be enabled. The keyword used after access depends on the used emulation probe.

map.def 0200--0xffff

Through this command, memory is mapped from address 0x200...0xFFFF. The slow mapper mode is selected and the memory is mapped intern. Do not map memory to the register map, this may cause problems with the IPRU.

map.opfetch 08000--0xffff

The opfetch command defines program area. For the emulator it is necessary to know what are program fetches and what are data fetches. This command depends on the used emulation probe.

map.ram 0200--0xffff

Through this command, memory is mapped from address 0x200 to 0xFFFF.

map.intern

Using this command, the whole address range is mapped to internal, the emulation memory is used.

system.option mapgap on

This command can be used if necessary to map the locations with no internal ram or rom while using the MCU embedded memory.

An example for a BOOT.CMD file used for the emulator with a HC08 probe (M68HC08AZ):

```plaintext
SYSTEM.Option MAPGAP ON
SYSTEM.Mode aloneint

;Disable Watchdog for the M68HC08AZ probe
Data.Set D:1F 1
```

An example for a BOOT.CMD file used for the emulator with a HC11 probe:

```plaintext
system.up
map.ram 0000--0xffff
map.ram 01040--0xffff
map.intern
```

An example for a BOOT.CMD file used for the emulator with a HC12 probe:

```plaintext
system.up
system.access cpu
map.def 0200--0xffff
map.opfetch 08000--0xffff
```

An example for a BOOT.CMD file used for the HC12 ICD/BDM:
An example for a BOOT.CMD file used for the emulator with a M68K probe (M68332):

```
; system up
system.up
; system mode aloneint
system.mode aloneint
; map emulation memory
map.def 0--0ffff
map.opfetch 01000--03fff
map.ram 04000--043ff
; disable watchdog
data.set 0ffa21 40
; define pin assignment
data.set 0ffa44 %w 1557
data.set 0ffa46 %w 155
```
An example for a `BOOT.CMD` file used for the M68K ICD/BDM:
```
system.cpu M68332
system.up
```

---

**Note:** For details about the Configuration please see the TRACE32 manuals from Lauterbach GmbH.

### TRACE32 Target Startup File

The startup command file `STARTUP.CMD` is executed by the Debugger immediately after the TRACE32 target driver has been loaded. This file must be located in the current project directory. Any Debugger command can be used in this file and advantage taken of the wide set of commands introduced in the Debugger manual.

Example of a `startup.cmd` file content:
```
wb 0x0035   0x00
wb 0x0012   0x11
```

### TRACE32 Reset Command File

To execute the TRACE32 reset command file `RESET.CMD` select *Reset* in the *Trace32* menu. This file must be located in the current project directory. Any Debugger command can be used in this file.

### TRACE32 Analyzer Setup File

To setup the Bus analyzer, the `ANALYZER.CMD` file can be used. To execute the analyzer command file, select *Setup* in the *Trace* menu. This file must be located in the current project directory. Any Debugger command can be used in this file.

---

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TRACE32 Commands

This section describes the TRACE32 specific commands. TRACE32 specific commands are used like any other commands when typing them in the Command Line component or when inserting them into a command file. For further details about commands, please see the Debugger manual section Appendix, Debugger Commands and also section Command Line Component.

PROTOCOL

If this command is used, all the commands and responses sent and received are reported in the Command Line component window.

Syntax: PROTOCOL ON|OFF

Example PROTOCOL ON

Note: This feature is used by support personnel from Motorola or Metrowerks.

Pass Through PT

This command executes a TRACE32 command within the Debugger. The TRACE32 command follows the PT command, and can be run in the Command Line component or in a command file. For the TRACE32 command, the short form is allowed.

Syntax: PT <T32 Command>

Example PT a.f , address 100--200 data.b 55

RESET

This command resets the CPU and executes the reset.cmd file.

Syntax: RESET

Example RESET
TRACE32 Commands

The TRACE32 commands listed below can be used directly. For the word before the dot, the short form is not allowed.

**Syntax:** `<t32 Command> .<parameters>`

**Example**  
ANALYZER. f , address 100--200 data.b 55

The following TRACE32 commands are available:
ANALYZER, BREAK, COUNT, DATA, EXCEPTION, FLAG, FLASH, FPU, GO, MAP, MMU, MODE, NAME, ON, PER, PULSE, PULSER, REFRESH, REGISTER, REST32, RINTIME, SETUP, SETP, STOP, STORE, SYMBOL, SYNCH, SYSTEM, TASK, TERM, TRADDRESS, TREVENT, TRIN, TRIGGER, VCO

**Note:** For more details about these commands, please refer to TRACE32 Emulator Reference (version 96/01/08) from Lauterbach Datentechnik GmbH.

Clear Trigger

The `CT` command clears the values of specified bus analyzer triggers (events), A, B and/or C. The command also disables the cleared triggers. The trigger are cleared in the trigger unit of the Trace32 after the Trigger Program (`TP`) command has been executed. The trigger values are set by the Set Trigger (`ST`) command, and the Quick Trace Configuration dialog windows. Triggers are enabled by the Trigger Enable (`TE`) command; Triggers are disabled by the Trigger Disable (`TD`) command. The Sequencer mode and the Post trigger counter are not concerned from the Clear Trigger command.

**Syntax:** `CT list | *`

`list` specifies a list of trigger identifiers.

`*` specifies all triggers (A, B and C).

**Example**  
CT A

Set Trigger

The `ST` command sets the value of one of the three triggers. If no parameters are specified or if only the trigger id is entered, the command interpreter will display the Quick Trigger Configuration dialog, with which the user sets a trigger value interactively. The trigger is set in the trigger unit of the Trace32 after the Trigger Program (`TP`) command has been executed.

**Syntax:** `ST [id [(address|addressRange|,)]
[(data|,)[|clipsId clips)]][|R|;W|;RW|;D]`

`id` specifies the trigger id of the analyzer trigger, A, B or C.
**address**: An address to which a trigger is set. The address is specified with an address constant, as follows:

**addressRange**: A range of addresses within which a trigger is set. The address range can be specified with a starting and ending address constant, or with a starting address and a length value, as follows:

```
start-address[..end-address]
```

or

```
start-address[::length]
```

- The comma indicates that the address, address range, data or clips has been omitted. The omitted item is ignored in the trigger.

**data**: A data value that defines the trigger. The value is specified as follows:

```
value[:mask]
```

When a mask is entered, only the bits of the value that correspond to ones in the mask are used in the comparison.

**clipsId** specifies the external trigger port A or B.

**clips**: A 8-bit value that defines logic clip signals on the Trace32 analyzer for the trigger. The value is specified as follows:

```
clips[:mask]
```

- When a mask is entered, only the bits of the value that correspond to ones in the mask are used in the comparison.
- \(R\): Trigger on a read bus cycle only.
- \(W\): Trigger on a write bus cycle only.
- \(RW\): Trigger on read and write bus cycles
- \(D\): Disable trigger; i.e., set trigger value and disable trigger.

**example**: STA 0x1000

Sets analyzer trigger A to match accesses at address $1000.

**example**: STB , 4

Sets analyzer triggers B to match accesses with a data value of 4, at any address.

**example**: STC ,,A 0x11:0xFF

Sets analyzer triggers C to match external trigger A with data signals 0x11. The mask for the external trigger is set to 0xFF that means that all 8 bit are used in comparison.

---

**Enable Trigger**

The **TE** command enables specified triggers, whether these triggers have been set or disabled. Triggers are set by the Set Trigger (**ST**) command, and are disabled by the Trigger Disable (**TD**) command. Another related command, the Trigger Clear (**CT**) command, clears all triggers. The trigger is enabled in the trigger unit of the Trace32 after the Trigger Program (**TP**) command has been executed.

**Syntax**: **TE** list | *

**list**: A list of triggers to be enabled; each trigger is either A, B or C and is separated from any following trigger by a comma.
Disable Trigger

The **TD** command disables specified triggers, whether these triggers have been set or enabled. Triggers are set by the Set Trigger (**ST**) command, and are enabled by the Trigger Enable (**TE**) command. Another related command, the Trigger Clear (**CT**) command, clears all triggers. The trigger is disabled in the trigger unit of the Trace32 after the Trigger Program (**TP**) command has been executed.

**Syntax:** **TD** list | *

* list: A list of triggers to be disabled; each trigger is either A, B or C and is separated from any following trigger by a comma.

* : All triggers (A, B and C).

**Example:** **TD** A,B

Disables triggers A and B.

**Example:** **TD** *

Disables all triggers.

Set Sequencer Mode

The **SQ** command sets the analyzer sequencer mode. If no parameters are specified, the command interpreter displays the Quick Trace Configuration dialog window with which the user can program the sequencer interactively. The sequencer mode is set in the trigger unit of the Trace32 after the Trigger Program (**TP**) command has been executed.

**Syntax:** **SQ** [mode [count[;S]]]

* mode: Specifies the sequencer mode. The following modes are available:
  - ALL: Records all bus cycles.
  - EVENT: Records events only.
  - SEQ0: Sequential recording mode: A -> C, B <-
  - SEQ1: Sequential recording mode: A + B + C
  - SEQ2: Sequential recording mode: A -> B -> C
  - SEQ3: Sequential recording mode: A + B -> C

For details about the sequential recording mode please see in chapter **Quick Trace Configuration**.

* count: Sets the post trigger counter. The recording stops after the specified value is reached. If the post trigger counter is specified it is enabled automatically.
If this option is set, the program is also stopped after the recording is terminated.

**Example:** SQ EVENT 100;S
With this settings, only the events are recorded. After 100 events the recording and the application is stopped.

### Set Event

The **SE** command sets the mode of the different input events (address, data or clips) for the specified Trigger. If no parameters are specified, the command interpreter displays the Quick Trace Configuration dialog window with which the user can program the sequencer interactively. The mode is set automatic if the Trigger is set with the **ST** Command. However, through the **SE** Command it is possible to enable and disable single input events of each Trigger. The events are set in the trigger unit of the Trace32 after the Trigger Program (**TP**) command has been executed.

**Syntax:**

```
SE[id[(addressMode|,)[(dataMode|,)[clipsMode]]]]
```

- **id**: Specifies the trigger id of the analyzer trigger, A, B or C.
- **addressMode**: Specifies the address mode. The following modes are available:
  - **dis**: disable address event in the trigger
  - **address**: a single address is used in the trigger
  - **range**: an address range is used in the trigger
- **dataMode**: Specifies the data mode. The following modes are available:
  - **en**: enables data event
  - **dis**: disables data event
- **clipsMode**: Specifies the clips mode. The following modes are available:
  - **dis**: disables external trigger event
  - **A**: use external trigger port A
  - **B**: use external trigger port B

**Example:** SEA address,A
With this settings, a single address and the external trigger port A is used as trigger events in the trigger A. The data mode is not modified.

### Trigger Program

The **TP** loads the settings done through the commands **TE**, **TD**, **ST**, **CT**, **SQ** and **SE** in the trigger unit of the Trace32.

**Syntax:**

```
TP
```

**Example:** TP
Loads the current settings into the trigger unit.
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