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# Embedded  SDK
# (Software Development Kit)

## G.729AB Vocoder Library

SDK139/D
Rev. 1, 07/19/2002

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G.729AB Vocoder Library

# About This Document

This manual describes the G.729AB Vocoder algorithm for use with Motorola's Embedded Software Development Kit, (SDK).

# Audience

This document targets software developers implementing the G.729AB Vocoder within software applications.

# Organization

This manual is arranged in the following sections:

- **Chapter 1, Introduction**--provides a brief overview of this document
- **Chapter 2, Directory Structure**--provides a description of the required core directories
- **Chapter 3, G.729AB Vocoder Library Interface**--describes all of the G.729AB Library functions
- **Chapter 4, Building the G.729AB Vocoder Library**--tells how to execute the system library project build
- **Chapter 5, Linking Applications with the G.729AB Vocoder Library**--describes the organization of the G.729AB Library
- **Chapter 6, G.729AB Vocoder Applications**--describes the use of the G.729AB Library through test/demo applications
- **Chapter 7, License**--provides the license required to use this product

# Suggested Reading

We recommend that you have a copy of the following references:

- *DSP56800E Reference Manual,* DSP56800ERM/D
- *DSP5685x User's Manual*, DSP5685xUM/AD
- *Inside CodeWarrior: Core Tools*, Metrowerks Corp.

## Conventions

This document uses the following notational conventions:

| Typeface, Symbol or Term | Meaning | Examples |
|---|---|---|
| Courier Monospaced Type | Code examples | //Process command for line flash |
| *Italic* | Directory names, project names, calls, functions, statements, procedures, routines, arguments, file names, applications, variables, directives, code snippets in text | ...and contains these core directories: *applications* contains applications software... <br><br> ...CodeWarrior project, *3des.mcp* is... <br><br> ...the *pConfig* argument.... <br><br> ...defined in the C header file, *aec.h*.... |
| **Bold** | Reference sources, paths, emphasis | ...refer to the **Targeting DSP56F80x Platform** manual.... <br> ...see: **C:\Program Files\Motorola\Embedded SDK\help\tutorials** |
| Blue Text | Linkable on-line | ...refer to Chapter 7, License.... |
| Number | Any number is considered a positive value, unless preceded by a minus symbol to signify a negative value | 3V <br> -10 <br> $DES^{-1}$ |
| ALL CAPITAL LETTERS | # defines/ defined constants | # define INCLUDE_STACK_CHECK |
| Brackets [...] | Function keys | ...by pressing function key [F7] |
| Quotation marks, "..." | Returned messages | ...the message, "Test Passed" is displayed.... <br><br> ...if unsuccessful for any reason, it will return "NULL"... |

## Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

The following list defines the acronyms and abbreviations used in this document. As this template develops, this list will be generated from the document. As we develop more group resources, these acronyms will be easily defined from a common acronym dictionary. Please note that while the acronyms are in solid caps, terms in the definition should be initial capped ONLY IF they are trademarked names or proper nouns.

| | |
|---|---|
| **ADPCM** | Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation |
| **CNG** | Comfort Noise Generation |
| **DSP** | Digital Signal Processor or Digital Signal Processing |
| **DTX** | Discontinuous Transmission |
| **I/O** | Input/Output |
| **IDE** | Integrated Development Environment |
| **LSB** | Least Significant Byte |
| **MIPS** | Million Instructions Per Second |
| **MSB** | Most Significant Byte |
| **OnCE™** | On-Chip Emulation |
| **OMR** | Operating Mode Register |
| **PC** | Program Counter |
| **SDK** | Software Development Kit |
| **SID** | Silence Insertion Descriptor |
| **SP** | Stack Pointer |
| **SPI** | Serial Peripheral Interface |
| **SR** | Status Register |
| **SRC** | Source |
| **VAD** | Voice Activity Detection |

# References

The following sources were referenced to produce this book:

[1] *DSP56800E Reference Manual*, DSP56800ERM/D

[2] *DSP5685x User's Manual*, DSP5685xUM/AD

[3] *Embedded SDK Programmer's Guide*, SDK101/D

[4] *ITU-T Recommendation G.729AB*

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# Chapter 1
# Introduction

Welcome to Motorola's Family of Digital Signal Processors, (DSPs). This document describes the G.729AB Vocoder Library, which is a part of Motorola's comprehensive Software Development Kit, (SDK), for its DSPs. In this document, you will find all the information required to use and maintain the G.729AB Vocoder Library interface and algorithms.

Motorola provides these algorithms to you for use on Motorola Digital Signal Processors to expedite your application development and reduce the time it takes to bring your own products to market.

Motorola's G.729AB Vocoder Library is licensed for your use on Motorola processors. Please refer to the standard Software License Agreement in **Chapter 7** for license terms and conditions; please consult with your Motorola representative for premium product licensing.

## 1.1   Quick Start

Motorola's Embedded SDK is targeted to a large variety of hardware platforms. To take full advantage of a particular hardware platform, use **Quick Start** from the appropriate **Targeting Motorola DSP568xx Platform** documentation.

For example, the **Targeting Motorola DSP56852 Platform** manual provides more specific information and examples about this hardware architecture. If you are developing an application for a DSP56852EVM board or any other DSP56852 development system, refer to the **Targeting Motorola DSP56852 Platform** manual for **Quick Start** or other DSP56852-specific information.

## 1.2   Overview of G.729AB Vocoder

### 1.2.1   Background

The ITU-T G.729 Recommendation describes an algorithm for speech coding at 8kbps using the Conjugate-Structure Algebraic-Code-Excited Linear-Prediction model. The coder operates on speech frames of 80 samples at a sampling rate of 8000 samples per second (each frame corresponds at 10ms of speech).

The ITU-T G.729 Annex A is a less-complicated version of the G.729 vocoder. The block diagram of the G.729 Annex A vocoder is similar to that of the original G.729 Recommendation. Most blocks are identical; only a few blocks have different implementations.

The ITU-T G.729 Annex B is used to reduce the transmission rate during silent periods of speech. Each frame first passes a voice activity detection (VAD) block that decides if the frame is "speech" or "silent". This decision is transmitted to the encoder and the decoder via the bit-stream, activating either the "Active Voice" block or "Non-Active Voice" block in both the encoder and decoder.

The "Active Voice" block is invoked for "speech" frames and represents the G.729A vocoder. In this case, the bit-stream that results by encoding with G.729A is 80 bits long.

The "Non-Active Voice" block is called for "silent" frames and means discontinuous transmission (DTX) in the encoder and comfort noise generation (CNG) in the decoder. The bit-stream that results by encoding a "silent" frame is named Silence Insertion Descriptor (SID) and is 15 or 16 bits long, depending on the transmission mode (bit or octet).

Annex B of ITU-T G.729 Recommendation contains a complete description of the VAD algorithm and DTX and CNG blocks.

## 1.2.2  Features and Performance

For details on Memory and MIPS for a particular DSP, refer to the **Libraries** chapter of the appropriate Targeting manual.

# Chapter 2
# Directory Structure

## 2.1   Required Core Directories

**Figure 2-1** details required platform directories:
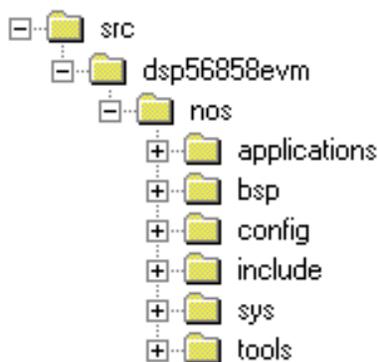


**Figure 2-1.   Core Directories**

As shown in **Figure 2-1**, DSP56858EVM has no operating system (nos) support. This platform contains these core directories:

- *applications* contains applications software that can be exercised on this platform
- *bsp* contains board support package specific for this platform
- *config* contains default hardware/software configurations for this platform
- *include* contains SDK header files which define the Application Programming Interface
- *sys* contains required system components
- *tools* contains utilities used by system components

There are also optional directories that include domain-specific libraries.

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## 2.2 Optional (Domain-Specific) Directories

**Figure 2-2** demonstrates how the G.729AB Vocoder (*g729ab*) is encapsulated in the domain-specific directory *telephony*.
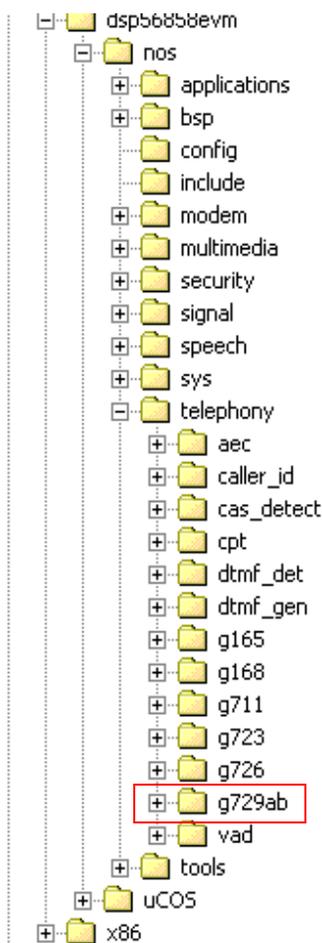


**Figure 2-2. DSP56858 Directories**

**Figure 2-3** shows the *g729ab* directory structure.

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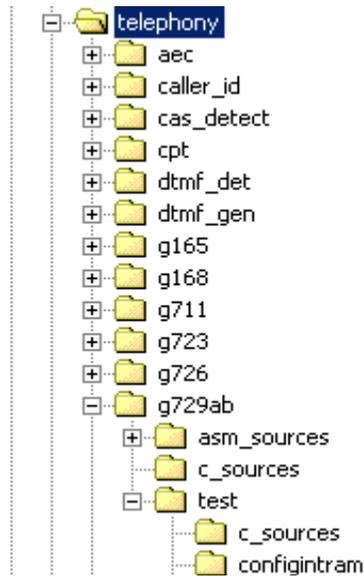
**Figure 2-3.** *g729ab* **Vocoder Directory Structure**

The *g729ab* directory contains the G.729AB library as well as the following sub-directories:

- *asm_sources* includes assembly source files for G.729AB
- *c_sources* includes "C" source files for G.729AB
- *test* includes a test project, *c_source* files, and configuration necessary for testing the G.729AB library modules
  - *configintram* contains configuration files *appconfig.c*, *appconfig.h* and *linker.cmd* specific to G.729ab Encoder/Decoder testing

  - *c_Sources* contains test source code for encoder/decoder testing

# 2.3   Demo Directory Structure

demonstrates how the components of the G.729AB vocoder demo (*loopback_vocoders* and *recorder_player*) are encapsulated in the *telephony* directory under *applications*.
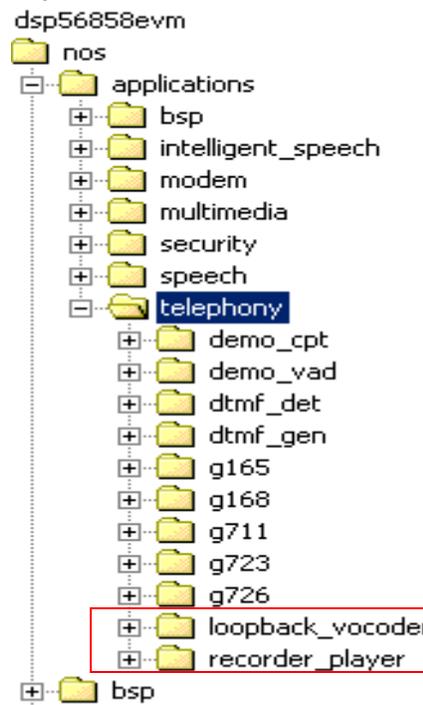
**Figure 2-4.   *telephony* Directory Structure**

The *loopback_vocoders* directory includes G.729AB, G.711, and G.726 vocoder demo-specific algorithms. **Figure 2-5** illustrates the *loopback_vocoders* directory structure.
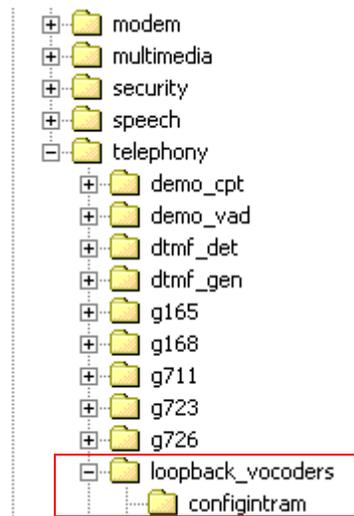


**Figure 2-5.   *loopback_vocoders* Directory Structure**

- *loopback_vocoders* includes c sources and configuration necessary for testing the demo modules for G.729AB, G.726 and G.711 vocoders
  — *configintram* contains configuration files *appconfig.c*, *appconfig.h* and *linker.cmd* specific to the demo for G.729AB, G.726, and G.711 vocoders

The *recorder_player* directory includes G.729AB and G.711 vocoder demo-specific algorithms. **Figure 2-6** shows the *recorder_player* directory structure.
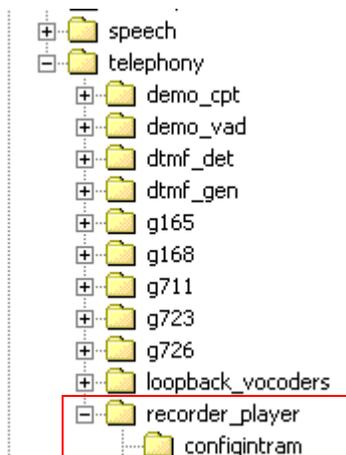


**Figure 2-6.** *recorder_player* **Directory Structure**

- *recorder_player* includes "C" sources and configuration necessary for testing the demo modules for G.729AB and G.711 vocoders
  — *configintram* contains configuration files *appconfig.c*, *appconfig.h* and *linker.cmd* specific to the demo for G.729AB and G.711 vocoders

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# Chapter 3
# G.729AB Vocoder Library Interface

## 3.1   G.729AB Vocoder Services

The principal application of G.729AB vocoder is for Voice over IP (VoIP) telephony. It codes speech at 8kbps using Conjugate-Structure Algebraic-Code-Excited Linear-Prediction model. The coder operates on speech frames of 80 samples, at a sampling rate of 8000 samples per second (each frame corresponds at 10ms of speech).

The vocoder provides a compression rate of 10:1, and even better for silent frames.

## 3.2   Interface

The C interface for the G.729 vocoder library is defined in the C header files *g729ab.h,* shown in **Code Example 3-1**.

**Code Example 3-1.   C Header File *g729ab.h***

```
/*=============================================================================

    g729ab.h

    Application Programming Interface for G729AB library

    Platform: DSP56800E


===============================================================================
                        Motorola DSP Center Romania
            (c) Copyright Motorola 2001, All Rights Reserved
=============================================================================*/



#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
```

```c
#ifndef __G729AB_H
#define __G729AB_H


/*=============================================================================
                              INCLUDE FILES
=============================================================================*/


#include "port.h"                              /* platform specifics        */


/*=============================================================================
                               CONSTANTS
=============================================================================*/
#define G729AB_SIZE_ENCODER_CH_DATA 708        /* Size of encoder channel data */
#define G729AB_SIZE_DECODER_CH_DATA 430        /* Size of decoder channel data */
#define G729AB_L_FRAME              80          /* Frame size.               */
#define G729AB_BITSTREAM_SIZE       (2+80)     /* Size of bitstream buffer  */


#define IN                                     /* input parameters          */
#define OUT                                    /* output parameters         */
#define IN_OUT                                 /* in/out parameters         */


/*=============================================================================
                      TYPEDEFS (STRUCTURES, UNIONS, ENUMS)
=============================================================================*/


typedef struct
{
    Word32 vector[G729AB_SIZE_ENCODER_CH_DATA/2];
} g729ab_sEncoderChannelData;

typedef struct
{
    Word32 vector[G729AB_SIZE_DECODER_CH_DATA/2];
} g729ab_sDecoderChannelData;



/*=============================================================================
                             GLOBAL FUNCTIONS
=============================================================================*/


/*=============================================================================
```

FUNCTION: g729abEncoderCreate()

DESCRIPTION:
    Allocates one encoder channel data structure.

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    None

RETURN VALUE:
    Pointer to new encoder channel data object.
    NULL if memory allocation failed.

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    None

```
POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    None

===============================================================================*/
g729ab_sEncoderChannelData * g729abEncoderCreate(void);


/*===============================================================================

FUNCTION: g729abEncoderInit()

DESCRIPTION: Initialize the encoder channel data

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    *pEncChData     (OUT)          -pointer to encoder channel data struct

RETURN VALUE:
    None

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    Encoder channel data struct should be allocated by the caller.

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    This function must be called one time per channel.

===============================================================================*/
void g729abEncoderInit(
    OUT     g729ab_sEncoderChannelData *pEncChData
);


/*===============================================================================

FUNCTION: g729abEncoder()

DESCRIPTION: Encode a speech frame

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    *pSpeechBuffer  (IN)           -pointer to the speech buffer (PCM coded)
    *pEncParm       (OUT)          -pointer to the output buffer
    *pEncChData     (IN/OUT)       -pointer to encoder channel data struct
    enable_vad      (IN)           -flag to enable voice activity detection module

RETURN VALUE:
    None

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    Encoder channel data struct should be initialized before this
    function call (using g729abEncoderInit).

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None
```

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    None


=================================================================================*/
void g729abEncoder(
    IN       Word16 *pSpeechBuffer,
    OUT      Word16 *pEncParm,
    IN_OUT   g729ab_sEncoderChannelData *pEncChData,
    IN       Word16 enable_vad
);

/*===============================================================================

FUNCTION: g729abEncoderDestroy()

DESCRIPTION:
    Deallocates a encoder channel data structure.

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    Pointer to encoder channel data object.

RETURN VALUE:
    None

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    None

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    None


=================================================================================*/
void g729abEncoderDestroy(
    IN       g729ab_sEncoderChannelData * pEncChData
);
/*===============================================================================

FUNCTION: g729abDecoderCreate()

DESCRIPTION:
    Allocates one decoder channel data structure.

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    None

RETURN VALUE:
    Pointer to new decoder channel data object.
    NULL if memory allocation failed.

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    None

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

```
IMPORTANT NOTES:
    None


==============================================================================*/
g729ab_sDecoderChannelData * g729abDecoderCreate(void);


/*============================================================================

FUNCTION: g719abDecoderInit()

DESCRIPTION: Initialize the decoder channel data

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    *pDecChData     (OUT)           -pointer to decoder channel data struct

RETURN VALUE:
    None

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    Decoder channel data struct should be allocated by the caller.

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    This function must be called one time per channel.

==============================================================================*/
void g729abDecoderInit(
    OUT     g729ab_sDecoderChannelData *pDecChData
);


/*============================================================================

FUNCTION: g729abDecoder()

DESCRIPTION: Decode a speech frame

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    *pEncParm       (IN)            -pointer to the parameters' array
    *pDecodedSpeech (OUT)           -pointer to the reconstructed speech buffer
                                     (PCM coded)
    *pDecChData     (IN/OUT)        -pointer to decoder channel data struct

RETURN VALUE:
    None

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    Decoder channel data struct should be initialized before this
    function call (using g729abDecoderInit).

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    None
```

```
=============================================================================*/
void g729abDecoder(
    IN      Word16 *pEncParm,
    OUT     Word16 *pDecodedSpeech,
    IN_OUT  g729ab_sDecoderChannelData *pDecChData
);


/*============================================================================

FUNCTION: g729abDecoderDestroy()

DESCRIPTION:
    Deallocates a decoder channel data structure.

ARGUMENTS PASSED:
    Pointer to decoder channel data object.

RETURN VALUE:
    None

PRE-CONDITIONS:
    None

POST-CONDITIONS:
    None

IMPORTANT NOTES:
    None


=============================================================================*/
void g729abDecoderDestroy(
    IN      g729ab_sDecoderChannelData * pDecChData
);
/*=============================================================================*/
#endif __G729AB_H

#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
```

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## 3.3  Specifications

The following pages describe the G.729AB vocoder library functions.

Function arguments for each routine are described as *in*, *out*, or *inout*. An *in* argument means that the parameter value is an input only to the function. An *out* argument means that the parameter value is an output only from the function. An *inout* argument means that a parameter value is an input to the function, but the same parameter is also an output from the function.

Typically, *inout* parameters are input pointer variables in which the caller passes the address of a preallocated data structure to a function. The function stores its results within that data structure. The actual value of the *inout* pointer parameter is not changed.

### 3.3.1 *g729abEncoderCreate*

**Call(s):**

```
g729ab_sEncoderChannelData * g729abEncoderCreate(void);
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:** None

**Description:** The *g729abEncoderCreate()* function creates an instance of G.729AB encoder. This means it allocates a data structure, *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData,* which is used by the encoder to pass the status information for a specific channel from one frame to the next.

The *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData* structure has G729AB_SIZE_ENCODER_CH_DATA words and is double-word aligned. The internal structure of the encoder channel data is transparent for the user, so it is declared as a vector of Word32 values (Word32 means the structure must be double-word aligned), For additional information, see **Code Example 3-1**.

The *g729abEncoderCreate*() function allocates memory dynamically using the *mem* library routines, and it does not initialize the allocated structure. To initialize the encoder channel data, the user must call *g729abEncoderInit().* If a *g729abEncoderCreate()* function is called to create an instance, then *g729abEncoderDestroy()* should be used to destroy the instance.

Alternatively, the user can allocate memory statically, simply by defining a variable of type *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData*. In this case, the user can call the *g729abEncoderInit()* function directly, bypassing the *g729abEncoderCreate()* function call.

**Returns:** Upon successful completion, *g729abEncoderCreate()* returns a pointer of type *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData*. If data memory is not available, *g729abEncoderCreate()* will return "NULL".

**Special Considerations:** None

### 3.3.2 *g729abEncoderInit*

**Call(s):**

```
void g729abEncoderInit(
    OUT    g729ab_sEncoderChannelData *pEncChData
);
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:**

**Table 3-1.  *g729abEncoderInit()* Arguments**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *pEncChData* | *out* | A pointer to a structure of type *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData*; the structure must be allocated before the function call |

**Description:** The *g729abEncoderInit()* function initializes the G.729AB encoder algorithm. During initialization, all channel data are set to their initial values in preparation for G.729AB encoder operation. The *g729abEncoderInit()* function must be called only once per channel before the first call to the *g729abEncoder()* function.

**Returns:** None

**Special Considerations:** None

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### 3.3.3 g*729abEncoder*

**Call(s):**

```
void g729abEncoder(
    IN      Word16 *pSpeechBuffer,
    OUT     Word16 *pEncParm,
    IN_OUT  g729ab_sEncoderChannelData *pEncChData,
    IN      Word16 enable_vad
);
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:**

**Table 3-2.   *g729abEncoder()* Arguments**

| pSpeechBuffer | in | Pointer to speech input buffer; this buffer has G729AB_L_FRAME words. |
|---|---|---|
| pEncParm | out | Pointer to encoded parameters buffer, which has G729AB_BITSTREAM_SIZE words. It must be allocated before the call to the *g729abEncoder()* function. |
| pEncChData | inout | Pointer to the *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData* structure |
| enable_vad | in | The flag that enables (1) or disables (0) the voice activity detection (VAD) block. |

**Description:** When the entire *pSpeechBuffer* is filled (80 samples), the *g729abEncoder()* must be called for each speech frame. It encodes the input data and generates the parameters that are transmitted for one frame. The first word of the *pEncParm* buffer is a synchronization word, the second word represents the encoded bit-stream length. Each word of the remaining of *pEncParm* buffer codes one bit of the G.729AB bit-stream: 0x007F means a zero-bit, 0x0081 means a one-bit.

The *g729abEncoder()* function uses information from the previous frame, stored in the *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData* structure, and updates information needed for the next frame processing in the same structure. The parameter *enable_vad* activates the G.729 annex B contribution (VAD, CNG) when it is non-zero.

In a multichannel scheme, each channel keeps channel information in its own *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData* object.

**Returns**: None

**Special Considerations:** None

**G.729AB Vocoder Library**

### 3.3.4 g729abEncoderDestroy

**Call(s):**

```
void g729abEncoderDestroy(
    IN      g729ab_sEncoderChannelData * pEncChData
);
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:**

**Table 3-3.   *g729abEncoderDestroy()* Arguments**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *pEncChData* | *in* | Pointer to an instance of G.729AB encoder generated by a call to *g729abEncoderCreate()* |

**Description:** The *g729abEncoderDestroy()* function destroys the instance of the G.729AB encoder originally created by a call to *g729abEncoderCreate()*.

If the *g729ab_sEncoderChannelData* object was statically created, the *g729abEncoderDestroy()* function should not be called.

**Returns:** None

**Special Considerations:** None

### 3.3.5 *g729abDecoderCreate*

**Call(s):**

```
g729ab_sDecoderChannelData * g729abDecoderCreate(void)
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:** None

**Description:** The *g729abDecoderCreate()* function creates an instance of G.729AB decoder. This means it allocates a data structure, *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData,* which is used by the decoder to pass the status information for a specific channel from one frame to the next.

The *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData* structure has G729AB_SIZE_DECODER_CH_DATA words and is double-word aligned. The internal structure of the decoder channel data is transparent for the user, so it is declared as a vector of Word32 values (Word32 means the structure must be double-word aligned). For more information, see **Code Example 3-1**.

The *g729abDecoderCreate*() function allocates memory dynamically using the *mem* library routines, and it does not initialize the allocated structure. To initialize the decoder channel data, the user must call *g729abDecoderInit()*. If a *g729abDecoderCreate()* function is called to create an instance, then *g729abDecoderDestroy()* should be used to destroy the instance.

Alternatively, the user can allocate memory statically, simply by defining a variable of type *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData*. In this case, the user can call the *g729abDecoderInit()* function directly, bypassing the *g729abDecoderCreate()* function.

**Returns:** Upon successful completion, *g729abDecoderCreate()* returns a pointer of type *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData*. If data memory is not available, *g729abDecoderCreate()* will return "NULL".

**Special Considerations:** None

### 3.3.6 *g729abDecoderInit*

**Call(s):**

```
void g729abDecoderInit(
    OUT     g729ab_sDecoderChannelData *pDecChData
);
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:**

**Table 3-4. *g729abDecoderInit()* Arguments**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *pDecChData* | *out* | A pointer to a structure of type *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData*. This structure must be allocated before the function call. |

**Description:** The *g729abDecoderInit()* function initializes the G.729AB decoder algorithm. During initialization, all channel data are set to their initial values in preparation for G.729AB decoder operation. The *g729abDecoderInit()* function must be called only once per channel before the first call to the *g729abDecoder()* function.

**Returns:** None

**Special Considerations:** None

### 3.3.7 g729abDecoder

**Call(s):**

```
void g729abDecoder(
    IN      Word16 *pEncParm,
    OUT     Word16 *pDecodedSpeech,
    IN_OUT  g729ab_sDecoderChannelData *pDecChData
);
```

**Required Header:** "g729ab.h"

**Arguments:**

**Table 3-5.  g729abDecoder() Arguments**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| pEncParm | in | Pointer to encoded parameters buffer received; this buffer has G729AB_BITSTREAM_SIZE words |
| pDecodedSpeech | out | Pointer to reconstructed speech buffer, which has G729AB_L_FRAME words. It must be allocated before the call to the bg29abDecoder function |
| pDecChData | inout | Pointer to the g729ab_sEncoderChannelData structure |

**Description:** The *g729abDecoder()* function must be called for each set of encoded parameters received. It decodes these parameters and provides the corresponding synthesized speech for each frame in PCM format. It uses information from the previous frame, stored in the *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData* structure and updates information needed for the next frame processing in that structure.

In a multichannel scheme, each channel keeps channel information in its own *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData* object.

**Returns**: None

**Special Considerations:** None

### 3.3.8  *g729abDecoderDestroy*

**Call(s):**

```
void g729abDecoderDestroy(
    IN       g729ab_sDecoderChannelData * pDecChData
);
```

**Required Header:** *g729ab.h*

**Arguments:**

**Table 3-6.   *g729abDecoderDestroy()* Arguments**

| pDecChData | IN | Pointer to an instance of G.729AB decoder generated by a call to *g729abDecoderCreate()* |
|---|---|---|

**Description:** The *g729abDecoderDestroy()* function destroys the instance of the G.729AB decoder originally created by a call to *g729abDecoderCreate*().

If the *g729ab_sDecoderChannelData* object was statically created, the *g729abDecoderDestroy()* function should not be called.

**Returns:** None

**Special Considerations:** None

G.729AB Vocoder Library

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# Chapter 4
# Building the G.729AB Vocoder Library

## 4.1   Building the G.729AB Vocoder Library

The G.729AB Vocoder Library combines all of the components described in the previous sections into two libraries: *g729ab_Enc.lib* and *g729ab_Dec.lib*. This library's code is not provided with the SDK; therefore, it cannot be built from the SDK. The G.729AB Vocoder Library is provided in the **...\nos\telephony\g729ab** directory of the SDK directory structure.

G.729AB Vocoder Library

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# Chapter 5
# Linking Applications with the G.729AB Vocoder Library

## 5.1  Calling G.729AB Vocoder Library

The G.729AB library provides eight entry points, described in **Chapter 3**. To invoke G.729AB vocoder, the entry points must be called in the order shown in **Table 5-1** and **Table 5-2**.

**Table 5-1.   Calling Order for Encoder Interfaces**

| Calling Order | Function Name | Notes |
|:---:|---|---|
| 1 | *g729abEncoderCreate()* | • Dynamically creates an instance of encoder<br>• Optional; alternatively, an instance can be created statically |
| 2 | *g729abEncoderInit()* | • Initializes the encoder instance<br>• Must be called once per channel |
| 3 | *g729abEncoder()* | • Encodes a frame of speech<br>• Called multiple times |
| 4 | *g729abEncoderDestroy()* | • Destroys an instance created by *g729abEncoderCreate()* |

**Table 5-2.   Calling Order for Decoder Interfaces**

| Calling Order | Function Name | Notes |
|:---:|---|---|
| 1 | *g729abDecoderCreate()* | • Dynamically creates an instance of decoder<br>• Optional; alternatively, an instance can be create statically |
| 2 | *g729abDecoderInit()* | • Initializes the decoder instance<br>• Must be called once per channel |
| 3 | *g729abDecoder()* | • Encodes a frame of speech<br>• Called multiple times |
| 4 | *g729abDecoderDestroy()* | • Destroys an instance created by *g729abDecoderCreate()* |

## 5.2   Recommended Memory Map

A sample linker command file, *linker.cmd*, used in the test application for encoder and decoder, is shown in **Code Example 5-1**.

**Code Example 5-1.**   *linker.cmd* **File**

```
#****************************************************************************
#
# Linker.cmd file for DSP56858 Internal RAM
#    using only internal program and data memory.
#
#****************************************************************************

MEMORY {

        .pInterruptVector   (RWX) : ORIGIN = 0x000000, LENGTH = 0x00008C
        .pIntRAM            (RWX) : ORIGIN = 0x00008C, LENGTH = 0x009F74

        .pIntROM            (RX)  : ORIGIN = 0x1F0000, LENGTH = 0x000400

        .xIntRAM            (RW)  : ORIGIN = 0x000100, LENGTH = 0x004F00
        .xStack             (RW)  : ORIGIN = 0x005000, LENGTH = 0x001000

        .xPeripherals       (RW)  : ORIGIN = 0x1FFC00, LENGTH = 0x000400

        .xCoreRegisters     (RW)  : ORIGIN = 0xFFFF00, LENGTH = 0x000100

}

#****************************************************************************

FORCE_ACTIVE {FconfigInterruptVector}

#****************************************************************************

SECTIONS {

    #************************************************************************

    .ApplicationInterruptVector :
      {
            vector.c (.text)

      } > .pInterruptVector

    #************************************************************************

      .ApplicationCode :
      {
      # Place all code into Program RAM
```

```
        * (.text)
        * (rtlib.text)
        * (fp_engine.text)
        * (user.text)
        * (COMMON.text)
        * (ENCODER.text)
        * (DECODER.text)


        # Place all data into Program RAM


        F_Pdata_start_addr_in_ROM = 0;
        F_Pdata_start_addr_in_RAM = .;
            pramdata.c (.data)
        F_Pdata_ROMtoRAM_length = 0;


    F_Pbss_start_addr = .;


            _P_BSS_ADDR = .;
            pramdata.c (.bss)


        F_Pbss_length = . - _P_BSS_ADDR;


    } > .pIntRAM

#***************************************************************************

    .ApplicationData :
    {
        # Define variables for C initialization code

        F_Xdata_start_addr_in_ROM = .;
        F_StackAddr               = ADDR(.xStack);
        F_StackEndAddr            = ADDR(.xStack) + SIZEOF(.xStack) - 1;
        F_Xdata_start_addr_in_RAM = .;

            * (.const.data)
            * (.data)
            * (fp_state.data)
            * (rtlib.data)
        * (G729AB_TABLE_LD8A.data)
        * (G729AB_TABLE_DTX.data)



        F_Xdata_ROMtoRAM_length = 0;

        F_Xbss_start_addr = .;
        _X_BSS_ADDR = .;

            * (rtlib.bss.lo)
            * (.bss)


        F_Xbss_length = . - _X_BSS_ADDR;  # Copy DATA

    } > .xIntRAM
```

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```
#*****************************************************************************

        FArchIO              = 0x0000;
        FArchCore            = ADDR(.xCoreRegisters);
        FArchInterrupts      = ADDR(.pInterruptVector);


}
```

## 5.3   Special Requirements

Data sections must be placed in the first 32kwords of memory.

# Chapter 6
# G.729AB Vocoder Applications

To verify the G.729AB algorithm, test and demo applications have been developed. Refer to the **Targeting Motorola DSP568xx Platform** Manual for the DSP you are using to see if the test and demo applications are available for your target.

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# Chapter 7
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