# **UM11670**

# KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

Rev. 2.0 — 18 August 2025

**User manual** 

#### **Document information**

Information	Content
Keywords	FS8600, KITFS86SKTFRDMEM, KL25Z, I <sup>2</sup> C
Abstract	The KITFS86SKTFRDMEM provides flexibility to play with all the features of the device and make measurements on the main part of the application.



KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

## 1 Introduction

The KITFS86SKTFRDMEM evaluation board user manual is intended for the engineers involved in the evaluation, design, implementation, and validation of FS8600 fail-safe system basis chips with multiple SMPS and LDOs.

The scope of this document is to provide the user with information to evaluate the FS8600 Fail-safe system basis chip with multiple SMPs and LDO.

The KITFS86SKTFRDMEM enables development on FS8600 family of devices. The kit can be connected to the NXP GUI software that allows the user to play with registers, try OTP configurations, and burn the part.

The devices can be placed and removed from the board by using the socket. The device OTP can be burned twice, which provides flexibility. This board supports FS86 family of devices.

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## 2 Finding kit resources and information on the NXP website

NXP Semiconductors provides online resources for this evaluation board and its supported device(s) on <a href="http://www.nxp.com">http://www.nxp.com</a>.

The information page for KITFS86SKTFRDMEM evaluation board is at <a href="http://www.nxp.com/">http://www.nxp.com/</a> <a href="https://www.nxp.com/">KITFS86SKTFRDMEM</a>. The information page provides overview information, documentation, software and tools, parametrics, ordering information and a getting started tab. The getting started tab provides quick-reference information applicable to using the KITFS86SKTFRDMEM evaluation board, including the downloadable assets referenced in this document.

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#### KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

## 3 Getting ready

Working with the KITFS86SKTFRDMEM requires the kit contents, additional hardware, and a Windows PC workstation with installed software.

#### 3.1 Kit contents

- · Assembled and tested KITFS86SKTFRDMEM connected to a FRDM-KL25Z in an antistatic bag
- 3.0 ft USB-STD A to USB-B-mini cable
- Two connectors, terminal block plug, 2 pos., str. 3.81 mm
- Two connectors, terminal block plug, 3 pos., str. 3.81 mm
- · Jumpers mounted onboard
- · Quick start guide

#### 3.2 Additional hardware

In addition to the kit contents, the following is necessary when working with this kit.

• Power supply with a range of 8.0 V to 60 V and a current limit set initially to 1.0 A

#### 3.3 Windows PC workstation

This evaluation board requires a Windows PC workstation. Meeting these minimum specifications should produce great results when working with this evaluation board.

USB-enabled computer with Windows 7 or Windows 10

#### 3.4 Software

Installing software is necessary to work with this evaluation board. All listed software is available on the evaluation board's information page at http://www.nxp.com/KITFS86SKTFRDMEM or from the provided link.

· NXP GUI for automotive PMIC families - latest version

## 4 Getting to know the hardware

The KITFS86SKTFRDMEM provides flexibility to use with all the features of the device and make measurements on the main part of the application. The KL25Z MCU Freedom board plugged on the board, combined with the NXP GUI software allows access to the registers in read and write mode. All regulators are accessible through connectors. A Nonuser signal, such as DC-DC switcher node, is mapped on test points. Digital signals (I<sup>2</sup>C, RSTB, and so on) are accessible through connectors. Pin WAKE1 has a switch to control (ignition) them. A VBAT switch is available to power on or off the device.

The main purpose of this kit is to burn the OTP configuration. This kit can be operated in emulation mode or in OTP mode. In emulation mode, as long as the power is supplied, the board configuration stays valid. However, the fail-safe configuration is lost if the device goes into deep fail-safe mode. The OTP mode uses the fused configuration. The device can be fused two times. In OTP mode, the device always starts with the fused configuration, except if the user wants to overwrite the OTP configuration using emulation mode. This board is able to fuse the OTP without extra tools or boards.

**Note:** Because of he socket, this kit is not optimized for performance measurement or current higher than 1.0 A.

#### KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

#### 4.1 Kit overview

The KITFS86SKTFRDMEM is a hardware evaluation tool that allows OTP burning. Because of the socket, the FS8600 part can be configured without the need to solder it. Devices can be programmed two times.

An emulation mode is possible to test as many configurations as needed. An external LDO provides SUP\_I2C voltage with a choice of 1.8 V or 3.3 V (default). From USB voltage, an external DC-DC generates the OTP programming voltage (8.0 V) without need for an external power supply.

#### 4.2 KITFS86SKTFRDMEM features

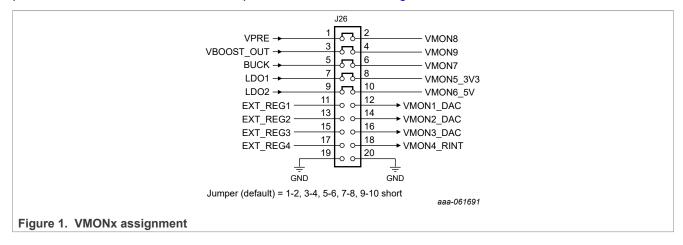
- VBAT power supply connectors (Jack and Phoenix)
- VPRE output capability up to 1.0 A (socket limit)
- VBUCK 1.0 V to 3.3 V
- VBOOST 5.0 V to 6.0 V
- LDO1 1.5 V to 5.0 V
- LDO2 1.1 V to 5.0 V
- · Ignition key switch
- · FS0B external safety pin
- Embedded USB connection for easy connection to software NXP GUI (access to I<sup>2</sup>C-bus, IOs, RSTB, FS0B, INTB, Debug, MUX OUT, regulators, register access, OTP emulation, and programming)
- · LEDs that indicate signals and regulator status
- · Support OTP fuse capabilities
- · Voltage monitoring jumper setting

## 4.3 Schematic, board layout and bill of materials

The schematic, board layout, and bill of materials for the KITFS86SKTFRDMEM evaluation board are available at <a href="http://www.nxp.com/KITFS86SKTFRDMEM">http://www.nxp.com/KITFS86SKTFRDMEM</a>.

#### 4.3.1 VMON board configuration

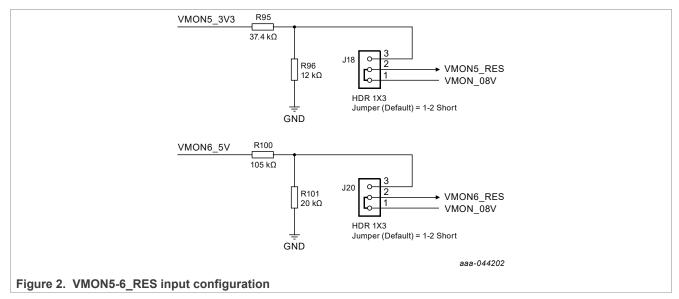
The VMONx configuration is highly dependent on the use case. This kit is delivered with a default configuration. However, the user can assign VMONx differently to address the use case using the J26 connector and other parameters that are detailed in this chapter. J26 can be seen in Figure 1.



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VMON1\_DAC, VMON2\_DAC, VMON3\_DAC, and VMON4\_RINT use either DAC or internal resistor bridges (monitoring values are configurable by OTP for VMON4\_RINT and VMONx\_DAC). These VMONs are disconnected from any regulator by default but are still accessible through the J26 connector.

By default, VMON5\_RES and VMON6\_RES pins are tied to a fixed 0.8 V supply (VMON\_08V) using J18 and J20. This behaves like hardware disabling and makes debug easier. VMON5\_RES and VMON6\_RES can be tied to another regulator by changing the J18 and J20 configurations. In that case, these VMON use external fixed resistor bridges to adapt the VMON input voltage to 0.8 V. Resistor bridges values were selected so that VMON5\_RES and VMON6\_RES would receive 0.8 V if VMONX\_RES voltage inputs were respectively 3.3 V and 5.0 V. Figure 2 shows the corresponding part of the schematic.

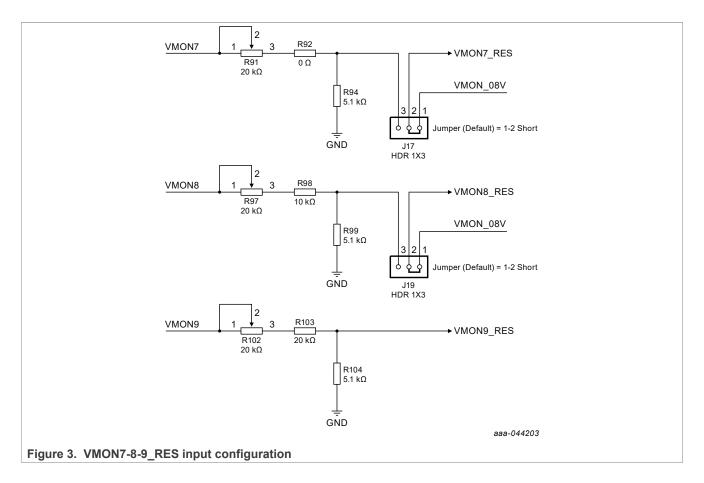


By default, VMON7\_RES and VMON8\_RES pins are tied, using respectively J17 and J19, to a fixed 0.8 V supply (VMON\_08V). This behaves like hardware disabling and makes debug easier sometimes. VMON7\_RES and VMON8\_RES can be tied to another power supply by changing the J17 and J19 configuration. In that case, potentiometers are used to adapt the VMON input voltage to 0.8 V by adjusting the resistor bridge depending on the connected regulator nominal voltage.

By default, VMON9\_RES uses a potentiometer to adapt the VMON input voltage to 0.8 V by adjusting the resistor bridge depending on the connected regulator nominal voltage.

Figure 3 shows the corresponding part of the schematic.

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## 4.3.2 VPRE compensation network

This board is delivered with a VPRE compensation network defined for VPRE 4.1 V at 455 kHz. All other VPRE configurations (different voltage, output capacitors, inductor, or current sense) require a new calculation for these components shown in Figure 4.

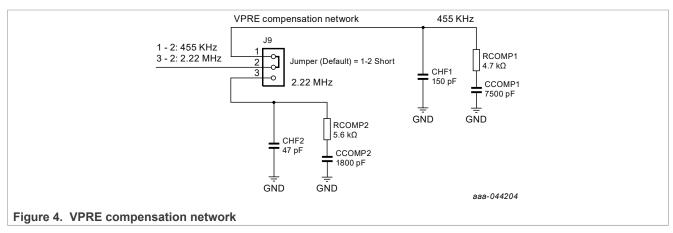


Table 1 shows the recommendation for VPRE at both 455 kHz and VPRE 2.22 MHz.

Table 1. Compensation network

Components	VPRE 455 kHz	VPRE 2.22 MHz
CHF1/CHF2	150 pF	47 pF

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#### KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

Table 1. Compensation network...continued

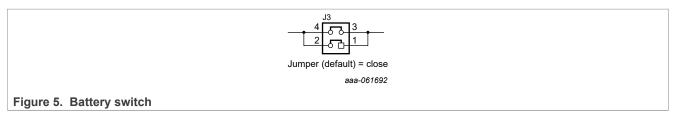
Components	VPRE 455 kHz	VPRE 2.22 MHz
Ccomp1/Ccomp2	7.5 nF	1.8 nF
Rcomp1/Rcomp2	4.7 kΩ	5.6 kΩ
LPRE	From 4.7 μH to 10 μH	From 1.5 μH to 4.7 μH

## 4.3.3 Battery switch

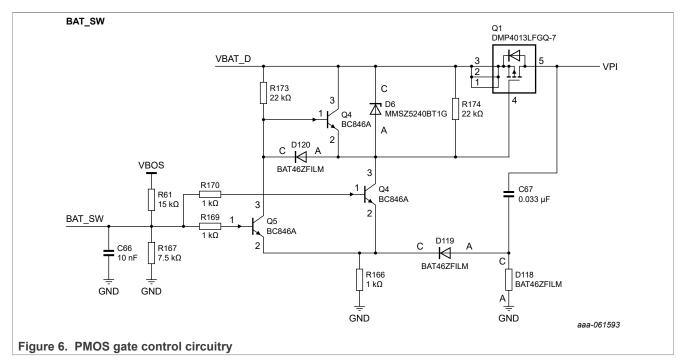
The FS8600 has a battery switch function to disconnect the battery line from VPRE in case the external highside transistor is shorted. The OTP can disable the battery switch functionality. A PMOS is used to close the battery line at startup and open it in case of failure.

The transistor can be bypassed using J3 shown in Figure 5 if the function is not used.

**Note:** The PMOS used has a maximum VDS voltage of 40 V. If the supply voltage is above this value, the PMOS must be bypassed.



The PMOS gate is controlled by an external circuitry shown in <u>Figure 6</u>. An active solution using bipolar transistors is used to have better control performance. The objective is to have the fastest PMOS opening in case of VPRE HS failure.

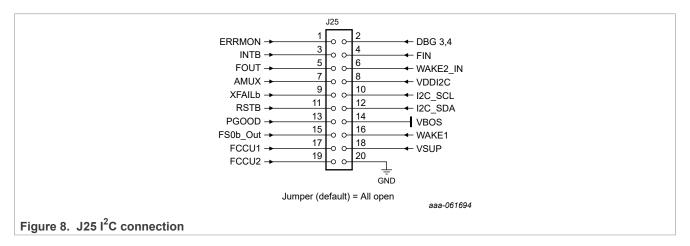


## $4.3.4 \text{ } 1^{2}\text{C}$

The I<sup>2</sup>C-bus is connected to KL25Z MCU to communicate with the NXP GUI. However, if the user wants to connect the I<sup>2</sup>C to another MCU, this is possible. In this case, remove R133 and R132 to disconnect the KL25Z

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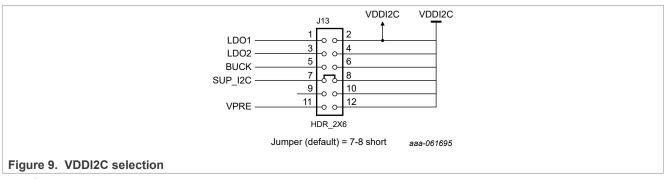
MCU (see <u>Figure 7</u>) and connect the external MCU on J25 connector as shown in <u>Figure 8</u>. In addition to this change, make sure that the VDDI2C voltage domain is the same on the MCU side and SBC side.



## 4.3.5 VMON0\_I2C

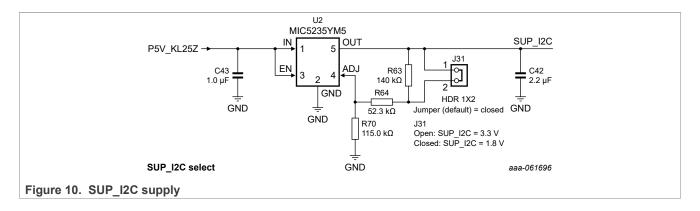
VMON0\_I2C pin is powered through VDDI2C net and is used to supply internal buffers and I<sup>2</sup>C communication. This supply is monitored through this pin depending on the OTP configuration. The monitoring voltage needs to be selected by the OTP.

The selection of VDDI2C is made using the J13 connector as shown in <u>Figure 9</u>. As an option, an external LDO is provided to feed VDDI2C through the SUP\_I2C net.



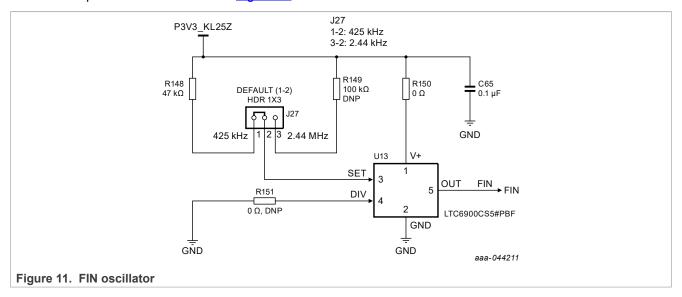
The I<sup>2</sup>C is compatible with 1.8 V or 3.3 V, therefore SUP\_I2C voltage is configurable between 3.3 V or 1.8 V using the J31 connector (1.8 V by default) shown in <u>Figure 10</u>.

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#### 4.3.6 FIN external oscillator

To ease the frequency synchronization input (FIN) evaluation, a standalone oscillator is installed on the board. It supplies either 425 kHz or 2.4 MHz to the FIN input. The configuration is made using using the J27 connector. Hardware implementation is shown in Figure 11.



## 4.4 Kit featured components

<u>Figure 12</u> identifies important components on the board and <u>Table 2</u> provides additional details on these components.

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

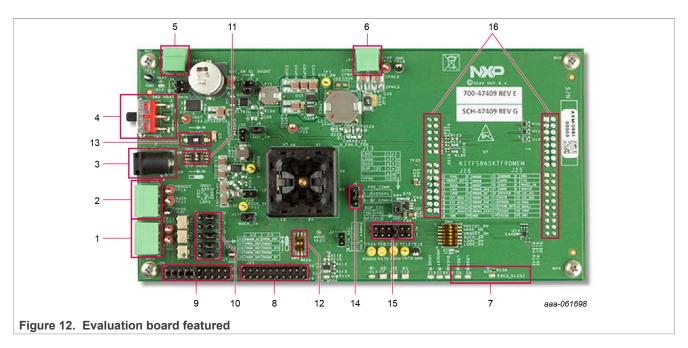


Table 2. Evaluation board featured components location

Number	Description
1	LDO1/LDO2 power supply
2	BUCK/BOOST power supply
3	VBAT Jack connector
4	VBAT three position switch  • Left position: board supplied by Jack connector  • Middle position: board not supplied  • Right position: board supplied by Phoenix connector
5	VBAT Phoenix connector
6	VPRE power supply
7	USB connectors (Open SDA for MCU flash; KL25Z for NXP GUI control)
8	Debug connectivity. Access to FS8600 signals
9	External regulator connectors (to VMONx)
10	VMONx configuration (choice between monitoring a regulator or a fixed 0.8 V)
11	OTP and DBG switch
12	FCCU switch
13	VPRE compensation network settings (455 kHz or 2.22 MHz)
14	VDDI2C selection
17	KL25Z freedom board connectors

## 4.4.1 LED signaling

Figure 13 shows the LEDs provided as visual output devices for the evaluation board:

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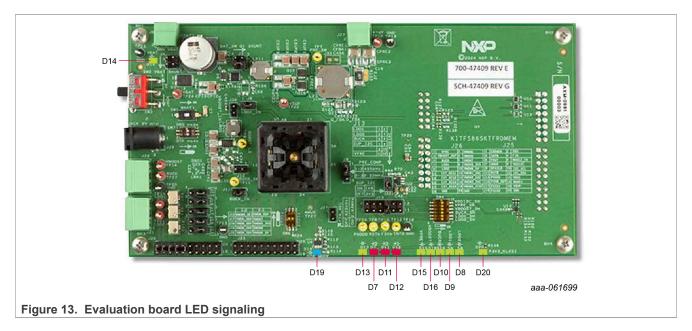


Table 3. Evaluation board LED signaling description

Label	Name	Color	Description
D7	RSTB	Red	RSTB asserted (logic level = 0)
D8	LDO2	Green	LDO2 on
D9	LDO1	Green	LDO1 on
D10	BUCK	Green	BUCK on
D11	FS0B	Red	FS0B asserted (logic level = 0)
D12	INTB	Red	INTB asserted (logic level = 0)
D13	PGOOD	Green	PGOOD released
D14	VBAT	Green	VBAT on
D15	VPRE	Green	VPRE on
D16	VBOOST	Green	VBOOST on
D19	DBG > 8.0 V	Blue	DBG pin voltage > 8.0 V (OTP programming)
D20	P3V3_KL25	Green	P3V3_KL25 on

## 4.4.2 Connectors

Figure 14 shows the location of connectors on the board.

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

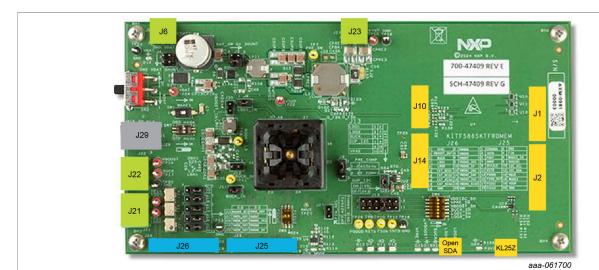


Figure 14. Evaluation board connectors

## 4.4.2.1 VBAT connector (J6)

VBAT connects to the board through Phoenix connector (J6).

Table 4. VBAT Phoenix connector (J6)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J6-1	VBAT	Battery voltage supply input
J6-2	GND	Ground

## 4.4.2.2 Output power supply connectors

Table 5. LDO1/LDO2 connector (J21)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J21-1	LDO1	LDO1 power supply output
J21-2	LDO2	LDO2 power supply output
J21-3	GND	Ground

Table 6. VBOOST/BUCK connector (J22)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J22-1	VBOOST	VBOOST output
J22-2	BUCK	BUCK power supply output
J22-3	GND	Ground

Table 7. VPRE connector (J23)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J23-1	VPRE	VPRE power supply output
J23-2	GND	Ground

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

## 4.4.2.3 Debug connector (J25)

Table 8. Debug connector (J25)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J25-1	ERRMON	Error monitoring
J25-2	DBG	DBG input pin
J25-3	INTB	Interrupt PIN (active low)
J25-4	FIN	Frequency synchronization input
J25-5	FOUT	Frequency synchronization output
J25-6	WAKE2_IN	WAKE2 input
J25-7	AMUX	Analog multiplexer
J25-8	VDDI2C	VDDI2C pin voltage
J25-9	XFAILb	Power synchronization input/output with NXP low-voltage PMIC
J25-10	I2C_SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock
J25-11	RSTB	Reset pin (active low)
J25-12	I2C_SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data
J25-13	PGOOD	Power good
J25-14	VBOS	Best of supply
J25-15	FS0b_Out	Fail-safe pin (active low)
J25-16	WAKE1	Wake 1 pin voltage
J25-17	FCCU1	Fault collector control unit 1
J25-18	VSUP	VSUP power supply
J25-19	FCCU2	Fault collector control unit 2
J25-20	GND	Ground

## 4.4.2.4 Voltage monitoring connector (J26)

Table 9. Voltage monitoring connector (J26)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J26-1	VPRE	VPRE power supply output
J26-2	VMON8	Voltage monitoring input n°8
J26-3	VBOOST	VBOOST output
J26-4	VMON7	Voltage monitoring input n°7
J26-5	BUCK	BUCK power supply output
J26-6	VMON9	Voltage monitoring input n°9
J26-7	LDO1	LDO1 power supply output
J26-8	VMON5_3V3	Voltage monitoring input n°5
J26-9	LDO2	LDO2 power supply output
J26-10	VMON6_5V	Voltage monitoring input n°6
J26-11	n.c.	Not connected
J26-12	VMON1_DAC	Voltage monitoring input n°1
J26-13	n.c.	Not connected
J26-14	VMON2_DAC	Voltage monitoring input n°2

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Table 9. Voltage monitoring connector (J26)...continued

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J26-15	n.c.	Not connected
J26-16	VMON3_DAC	Voltage monitoring input n°3
J26-17	n.c.	Not connected
J26-18	VMON4_RINT	Voltage monitoring input n°4
J26-19	GND	Ground
J26-20	GND	Ground

## 4.4.2.5 KL25Z Freedom board connectors

## Table 10. Safety output connector (J1)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J1-1	n.c.	Not connected
J1-2	INTB_MCU	Interruption (active low)
J1-3	n.c.	Not connected
J1-4	RSTB_MCU	Reset (active low)
J1-5 → J1-9	n.c.	Not connected
J1-10	FS0b_MCU	Fail-safe (active low)
J1-11 → J1-16	n.c.	Not connected

## Table 11. I<sup>2</sup>C connector (J2)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J2-1 → J2-13	N.C.	Not connected
J2-14	GND	Ground
J2-15 → J2-17	N.C.	Not connected
J2-18	I2C_SDA_MCU	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data line
J2-19	N.C.	Not connected
J2-20	I2C_SCL_MCU	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock line

## Table 12. ADC connector (J10)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J10-1	VBOOST_ADC	BOOST power supply to KL25Z ADC
J10-2	DBG_ADC	DBG pin voltage to KL25Z ADC
J10-3	VPRE_ADC	VPRE power supply to KL25Z ADC
J10-4	AMUX_ADC	AMUX pin to KL25Z ADC
J10-5	BUCK_ADC	BUCK power supply to KL25Z ADC
J10-6	LDO1_ADC	LDO1 power supply to KL25Z ADC
J10-7	n.c.	Not connected
J10-8	LDO2_ADC	LDO2 power supply to KL25Z ADC
J10-9	n.c.	Not connected
J10-10	VBOS_ADC	VBOS pin voltage to KL25Z ADC

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Document feedback

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

Table 12. ADC connector (J10)...continued

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J10-11	n.c.	Not connected
J10-12	VDDI2C_ADC	VDDI2C pin voltage to KL25Z ADC

#### Table 13. KL25Z supply connector (J14)

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
J14-1 → J14-3	n.c.	Not connected
J14-4	P3V3_KL25Z	3.3 V generated from KL25Z
J14-5 → J14-7	n.c.	Not connected
J14-8	P3V3_KL25Z	3.3 V generated from KL25Z
J14-9	n.c.	not connected
J14-10	P5V_KL25Z	5.0 V generated from USB
J14-11	n.c.	Not connected
J14-12	GND	Ground
J14-13	n.c.	Not connected
J14-14	GND	Ground
J14-15	n.c.	Not connected
J14-16	n.c.	Not connected

#### Table 14. KL25Z USB connectors

Schematic label	Signal name	Description
KL25Z	NA	USB connector used to communicate with the FS8600 part
Open SDA	NA	USB connector used to flash the KL25Z MCU

## 4.4.3 Test points

Figure 15 shows test points that provide access to various signals to and from the boards.

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

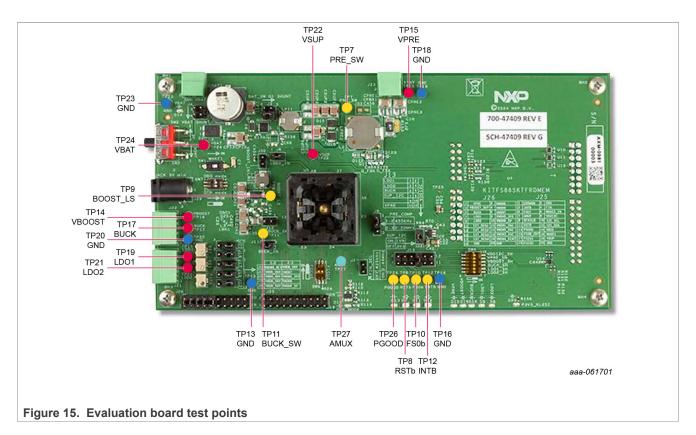


Table 15. Evaluation board test points description

Test point name	Signal name	Description	
TP7	PRE_SW	VPRE power supply switcher	
TP8	RSTb	Reset pin (active low)	
TP9	BOOST_LS	BOOST power supply low-side switcher	
TP10	FS0b	Fail-safe pin (active low)	
TP11	BUCK_SW	BUCK power supply switcher	
TP12	INTB	Interruption pin (active low)	
TP13	GND	Ground	
TP14	VBOOST	BOOST power supply output	
TP15	VPRE	VPRE power supply output	
TP16	GND	Ground	
TP17	BUCK	BUCK power supply output	
TP18	GND	Ground	
TP19	LDO1	LDO1 power supply output	
TP20	GND	Ground	
TP21	LDO2	LDO2 power supply output	
TP22	VSUP	VSUP pin voltage	
TP23	GND	Ground	
TP24	VBAT	Battery voltage	
TP27	AMUX	Analog MUX output	

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

## 4.4.4 Jumpers

Figure 16 shows jumper locations for board configuration.

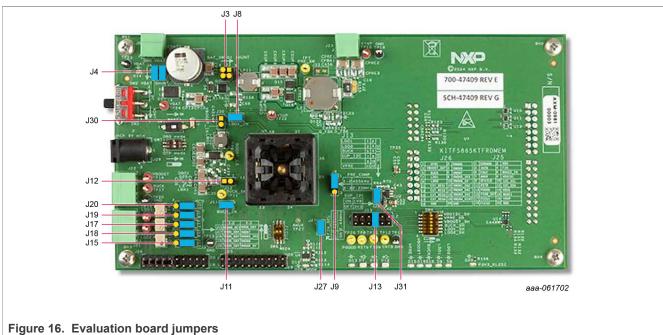


Table 16. Evaluation board jumpers descriptions

Name	Function	Pin number	Jumper/pin function	
J3	BAT_SW shunt	1-2	Bypass BAT_SW protection	
		3-4	Bypass BAT_SW protection	
J4	VBAT shunt	1-2	Shunt switch SW1 for current > 5.0 A	
		3-4	Shunt switch SW1 for current > 5.0 A	
J8	LDO1 input	1-2	LDO1_IN tied to VPRE	
J9	PRE_COMP selection	1-2	PRE_COMP for 455 kHz	
		2-3	PRE_COMP for 2.2 MHz	
J11	BUCK input	1-2	BUCK_IN tied to VPRE	
J12	BUCK_SW shunt	1-2	For current measurement (insert current probe and remove SJ6)	
J13	VDDI2C selection	1-2	VDDI2C tied to LDO1	
		3–4	VDDI2C tied to LDO2	
		5–6	VDDI2C tied to BUCK	
		7–8	VDDI2C tied to SUP_I2C (onboard LDO)	
		9–10	VDDI2C tied to VDDI2C_EXT (off-board supply)	
		11–12	VDDI2C tied to VPRE	
J15 VMON9_RES input selection		1–2	VMON9_RES/FIN pin tied to VMON9_RES (configured regulator through J25)	
		2–3	VMON9_RES/FIN pin tied to VMON_08V (fixed 0.8 V)	
J17	VMON7_RES input selection	1–2	VMON7_RES pin tied to VMON_08V (fixed 0.8 V)	
		2–3	VMON7_RES pin tied to configured regulator (through J25)	

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

Table 16. Evaluation board jumpers descriptions...continued

Name	Function	Pin number	Jumper/pin function	
J18			VMON5_RES pin tied to VMON_08V (fixed 0.8 V)	
	selection	2–3	VMON5_RES pin tied to configured regulator (through J25)	
J19	VMON8_RES input	1–2	VMON8_RES pin tied to VMON_08V (fixed 0.8 V)	
	selection	2–3	VMON8_RES pin tied to configured regulator (through J25)	
	VMON6_RES input	1–2	VMON6_RES pin tied to VMON_08V (fixed 0.8 V)	
	selection	2–3	VMON6_RES pin tied to configured regulator (through J25)	
J27	External clock selection	1-2	Frequency = 2.44 MHz	
		OFF	Frequency = 425 kHz	
J30	VBOOST Inductor shunt	1-2	For current measurement (insert current probe and remove SJ4)	
J31	SUP_I2C selection	1-2	SUP_I2C = 1.8 V	
		OFF	SUP_I2C = 3.3 V	

## 4.4.5 Switches

Figure 17 shows switch locations for board operation.

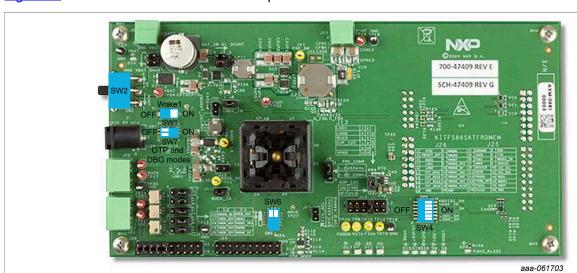


Figure 17. Switch locations

Table 17. SW1 descriptions

Position	Function	Description
RIGHT	Wake1 On	FS8600 can be powered up
LEFT	Wake1 Off	FS8600 cannot be powered up

Table 18. SW2 descriptions

	Position	Function	Description  VBAT from J6	
	TOP	VBAT On		
	MIDDLE	VBAT Off	Board not supplied	
	воттом	VBAT On	VBAT from J29	

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Table 19. SW7 descriptions

Pins	Position	Function	Description
1-4	RIGHT	DBG mode ON	FS8600 in debug mode
1-4	LEFT	DBG mode OFF	FS8600 not in debug mode
2-3	RIGHT	OTP mode On	FS8600 can be emulated or burned by OTP
2-3	LEFT	OTP mode Off	FS8600 cannot be emulated or burned by OTP

#### Table 20. SW4 descriptions

Position	Function	Description
LEFT	, ,	Each LED is controlled by an independent
RIGHT		switch. Disconnecting them allows more accurate and efficient measurement.

#### Table 21. SW6 descriptions

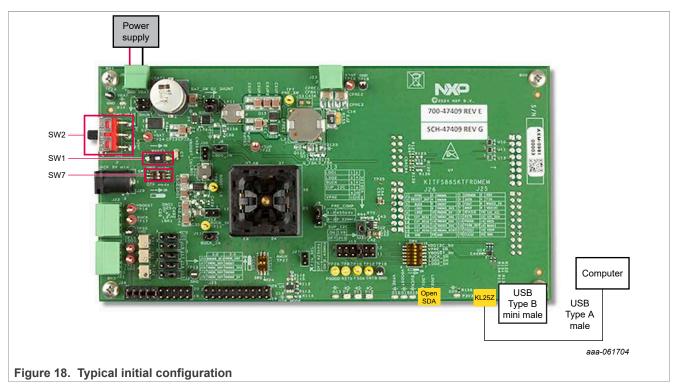
Pins	Position	Function	Description
1-4	TOP	FCCU1 ON	FCCU1 connection to pullup
1-4	воттом	FCCU1 OFF	FCCU1 disconnection to pullup
2-3	TOP	FCCU2 ON	FCCU2 connection to pulldown
2-3	воттом	FCCU2 OFF	FCCU2 disconnection to pulldown

## 5 Configuring the hardware for startup

The device configuration can be changed twice. The programming steps are described in the NXP GUI for FS86 automotive family user manual available at <a href="http://www.nxp.com/NXP GUI for Automotive PMIC Families">http://www.nxp.com/NXP GUI for Automotive PMIC Families</a>.

<u>Figure 18</u> presents a typical hardware configuration incorporating the development board, power supply, and Windows PC workstation.

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To configure the hardware and workstation as illustrated in Figure 18, complete the following procedure:

1. Install jumpers and switches for the configuration shown in Table 22.

Table 22. Hardware configuration

Switch	Configuration			
	Normal mode	Debug mode entry	OTP mode entry	
Operation	Watchdog 2 s window	Watchdog window fully open	OTP emulation/programming and Debug mode entry	
SW1 (WAKE1)		close (WAKE1 high)		
SW2 (VBAT)		middle position (VBAT OFF)		
SW7 (DBG_OTP)		BG mode OFF) TP mode OFF)	2-3 close (OTP mode ON)	
		DBG = 4.5 V) TP mode OFF)		

- 2. Connect the Windows PC USB port to the KITFS86SKTFRDMEM development board using the provided USB 2.0 cable.
- 3. Set the DC power supply to 12 V and current limit to 1.0 A. With power turned Off, attach the DC power supply positive and negative output to VBAT Phoenix connector (J6).
- 4. Turn on the power supply.
- 5. Put SW2 in top position.

At this step, if the product is in OTP mode entry configuration, all regulators are Off. The user can power up with an OTP configuration or configure the mirror registers before powering up. Power up starts as soon as one of these three functions occurs:

- SW7 (2-3) is switched Off
- OTP mode exit command is sent by I<sup>2</sup>C
- NXP GUI Exit OTP Mode is clicked.

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

## 6 References

- [1] **KITFS86SKTFRDMEM** Detailed information on this board, including documentation, downloads, and software and tools
  - http://www.nxp.com/KITFS86SKTFRDMEM
- [2] FS86 Detailed information on FS8600, safety system basis chip for domain controller, fit for ASIL B and D http://www.nxp.com/FS86
- [3] **NXP GUI for Automotive PMIC Families** Software GUI for NXP's automotive PMIC products <a href="https://www.nxp.com/PMIC-GUI-SW">https://www.nxp.com/PMIC-GUI-SW</a>

## KITFS86SKTFRDMEM Evaluation board

## 7 Revision history

Document ID	Release Date	Description
UM11670_v.2.0	18 August 2025	Updates:
		1. Figure 1: Version 2.0
		2. Figure 2: Version 2.0
		3. Figure 3: Version 2.0
		4. Figure 4: Version 2.0
		5. Figure 5: Version 2.0
		6. Figure 6: Version 2.0
		7. Figure 7: Version 2.0
		8. Figure 8: Version 2.0
		9. Figure 9: Version 2.0
		10. Figure 10: Version 2.0
		11. Figure 11: Version 2.0
		12. Figure 12: Version 2.0
		13. Figure 13: Version 2.0
		14. <u>Figure 14</u> : Version 2.0
		15. <u>Figure 15</u> : Version 2.0
		16. <u>Figure 16</u> : Version 2.0
		17. Figure 17: Version 2.0
		18. Figure 18: Version 2.0
UM11670_v.1.0	5 November 2021	Initial version

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