

MPC5748G Low Cost Evaluation Board (MPC5748G-LCEVB)

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Caution:

These schematics are provided for reference purposes only. As such, NXP does not make any warranty, implied or otherwise, as to the suitability of circuit design or component selection (type or value) used in these schematics for hardware design using the NXP MPC5748G family of Microprocessors. Customers using any part of these schematics as a basis for hardware design, do so at their own risk and NXP does not assume any liability for such a hardware design.

Notes:

- All components and board processes are to be ROHS compliant
- All small capacitors are 0402 unless otherwise stated
- All resistors are 0603 5% 0.1w unless otherwise stated. All zero ohm links are 0603
- All connectors and headers are denoted Px and are 2.54mm pitch unless otherwise stated
- All jumpers are denoted Jx. Jumpers are 2mm pitch
- Jumper default positions are shown in the schematics. For 3 way jumpers, default is always posn 1-2. 2 Pin jumpers generally have the "source" on pin 1.
- All switches are denoted SWx
- All test points (SMT wire loop style) are denoted TPx
- Test point Vias (just through hole pads) are denoted TPVx

Signals (ports) have not been routed via busses as this makes it harder to determine where each signal goes.

User notes are given throughout the schematics.

Specific PCB LAYOUT notes are detailed in *ITALICS*

Revision Information

Rev	Date	Designer	Comments
x1	14 Apr 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Start of capture, Working version (256BGA)
x2	08 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Changed to 176 QFP Package and changed peripheral Matrix
x3	18 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Changes required for initial placement
x4	19 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Tidy Up, Replaced some "hard to source" components
x5	26 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Renumber and Back Annotated from Layout
x6	27 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Correction to GND on 3v3 Regulator circuit
x7	29 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Correction to CAN Test points
x8	31 May 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Few refdes changes after layout tweaks
x9	01 Jun 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Correction to user LED Refdes after re-number
x10	01 Jun 2015	Alasdair Robertson	DNP Jumpers. 0 Ohm resistors added across LIN jumpers
A	11 Jun 2015	Andrew MacDonald	Prototype Manufacture Release
AX1	29 Sep 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Prodn Build changes (LIN0 default to Slave, LIN1 Master only) PN Changed to MPC5748G-LCEVB
AX2	26 Oct 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Change to JTAG Pulls to meet latest RM Spec
AX3	29 Oct 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Changed RV1 current limit resistor. SW4 / SW5 refdes swap
AX4	09 Dec 2015	Alasdair Robertson	Pull DOWN on TCLK to mitigate against STANDBY exit issue.
AX5	20 Jan 2016	Alasdair Robertson	Updated NXP Logos
B	12 Feb 2016	Alasdair Robertson	Updated NXP Logos
B1	26 Aug 2016	Karthikeyan	The text mentioned as "Calypso" in all places updated to "MPC5748". Title block document number changed.

3 Different test points used in design:

TPVx - Through Hole Pad small


 TPV?

TPHx - Through Hole Pad Large (for standard 0.1" header).
Also used on IO Matrix (IOMx)

 TPH5

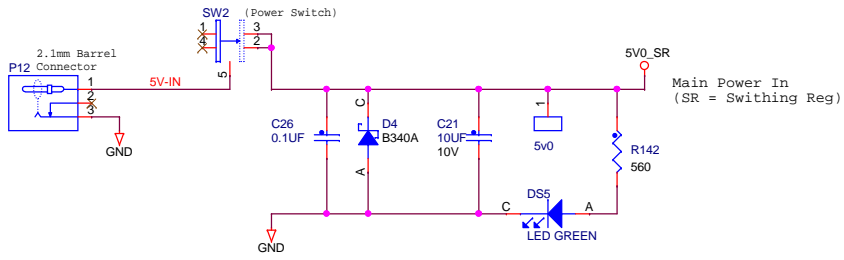
TPx - Surface Mount Wire Loop

 TP?

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Designer: A. Robertson	Drawing Title: MPC5748G-LCEVB		
Drawn by: A. Robertson	Page Title: Index and Title Page		
Approved: A. Robertson	Size B	Document Number SCH-28822 PDF: SPF-28822	Rev B1
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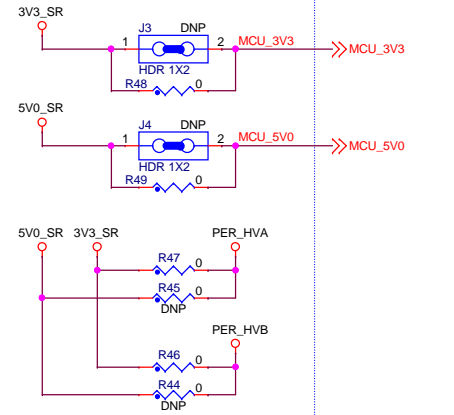
Power Input and Linear Voltage Regulators

Power Supply Input

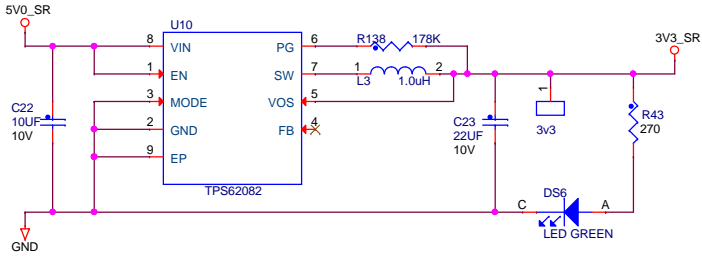


Power Control

Jumpers can be fitted to facilitate power measurements

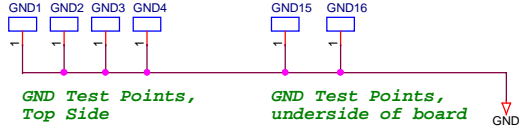



3.3v Switching Regulator



Inoput Voltage 5V, Output 3.3V at 700mA. Ripple 1.4mV, Approx 90% efficient

Test and reference points



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MPC5748G MCU Power Connections

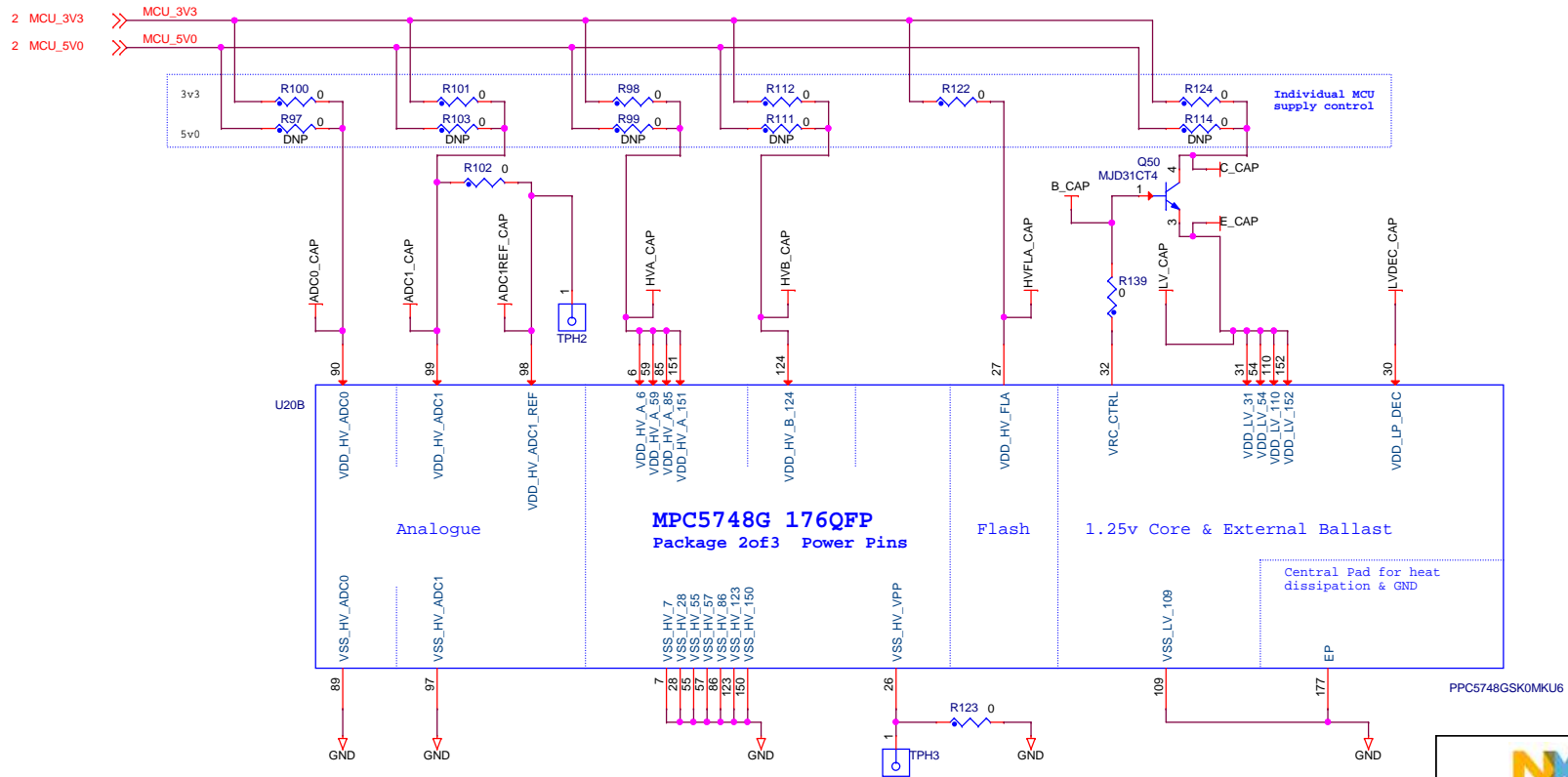
Power Supply Constraints:

- If VDD_HV_A is driven from 3.3V, VDD_HV_FL_A must also be supplied from 3.3V
- If VDD_HV_A is driven from 5V, the VDD_HV_FL_A pin must be disconnected from 3.3V
- Don't attempt to over drive an analogue pad to 5V when the digital VDD_HV_x supply is set to 3.3V. This will trigger the ESD protection on that pad. For example if VDD_HV_A is set to 3.3V and the analogue supplies are set to 5V, you cannot drive 5V into a pad in the VDD_HV_A domain

Default Configuration:


- ALL MCU supply voltages are set to 3.3V (ADC0, ADC1, VDD_HV_A, VDD_HV_B, VDD_HV_C, VBallast)
- VDD_HV_FL_A = External 3.3V supplied (jumper fitted)

The analogue pins can only be driven to the same voltage as the VDD_HV_x domain they are situated in (ie max 3.3V) so makes sense for the analogue supply and reference to be 3.3V

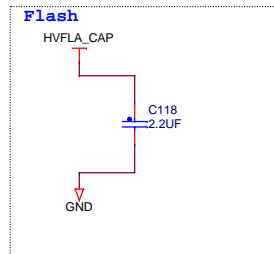
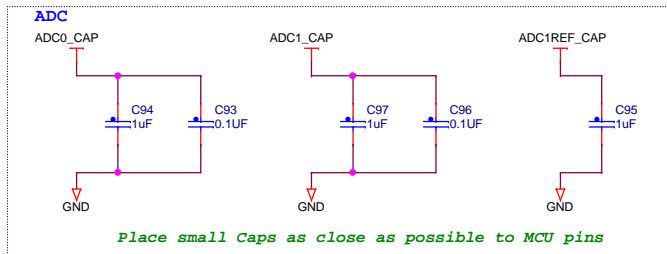


Notes on signal Grounds:

- The scheme shown has the analogue and digital grounds connected to the same plane
- This results in better ADC performance than using an analogue ground plane with single entry point (or ferrite) to digital ground plane.

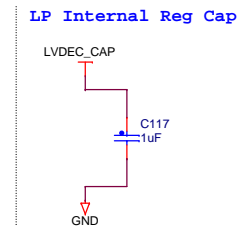
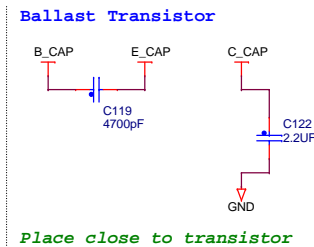
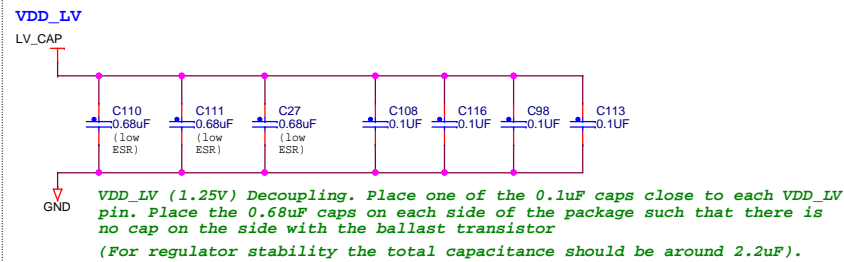
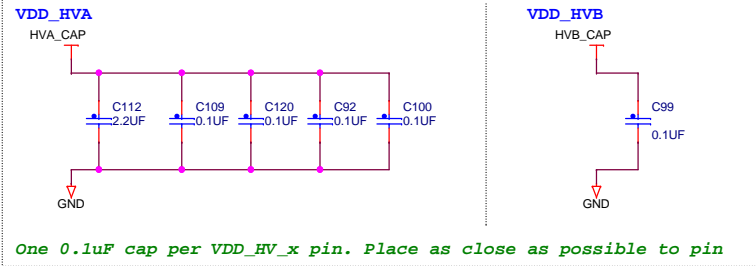
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MPC5748G MCU Decoupling and bulk storage



Capacitor Types:

- 4700pF - Ceramic X7R, 50V 10% 0402
- 0.1uF - Ceramic X7R, 16V 10% 0402 (Kemet C0402C104K4RAC)
- 0.68uF - Ceramic X7R, 16V 10% 0805 (Murata GCM219R71C684KA37)
- 1uF - Ceramic X7R, 10V 10% 0603 Low ESR (Taiyo Yuden LMK107B7105KA-T)
- 2.2uF - Ceramic X7R, 10V 10% 0603 Low ESR (Taiyo Yuden LMK107B7225KA-TR)



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Reset and External Clock In

Reset is in the VDD_HVA domain.

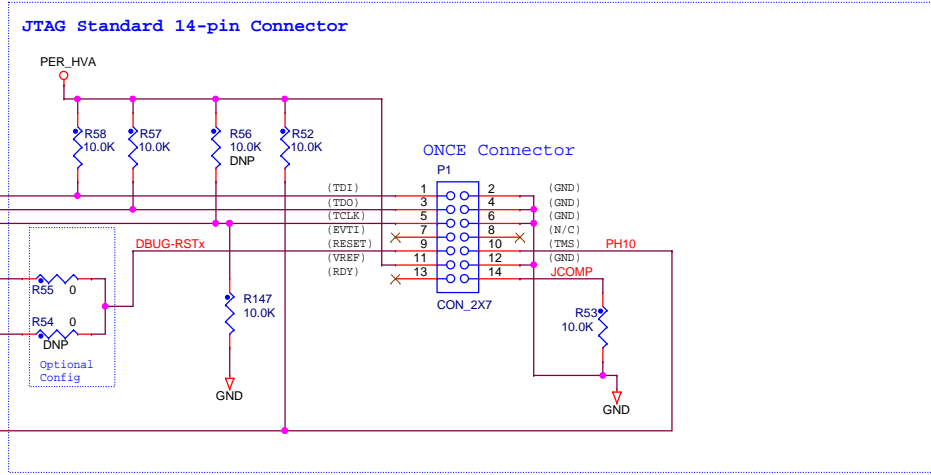
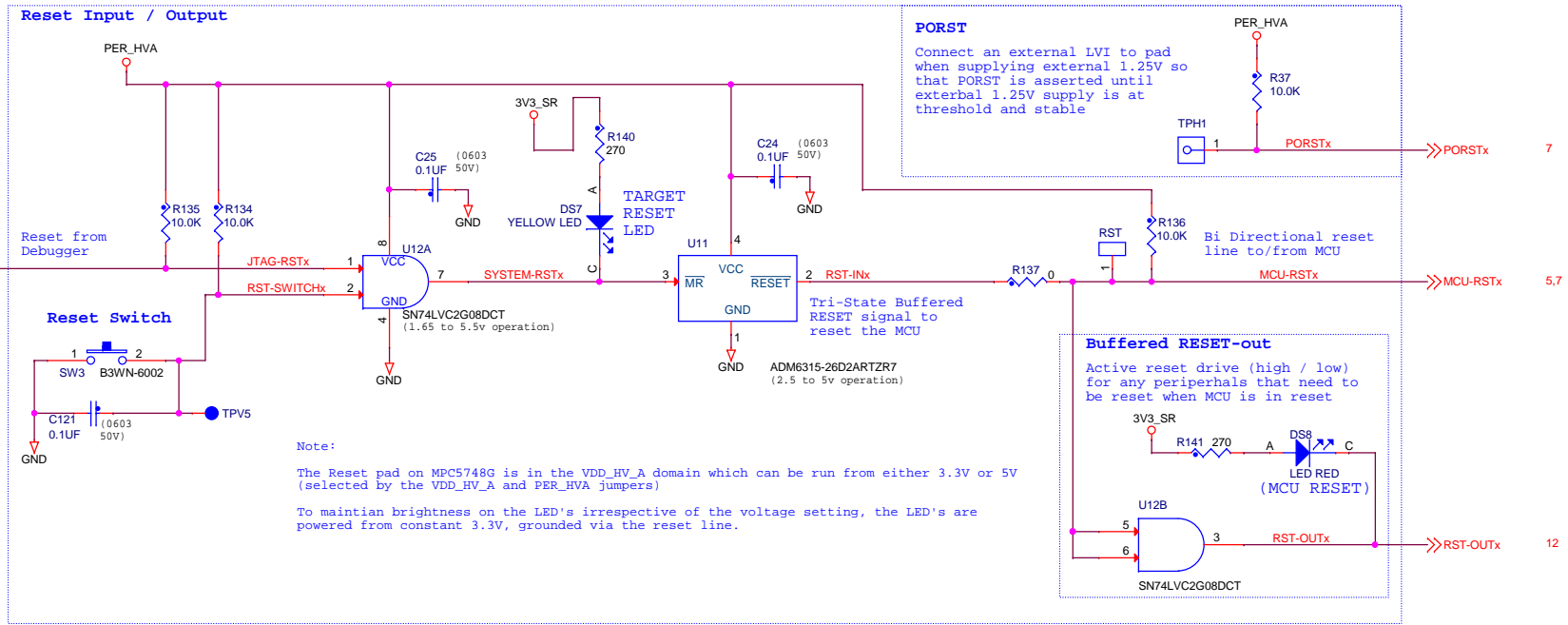


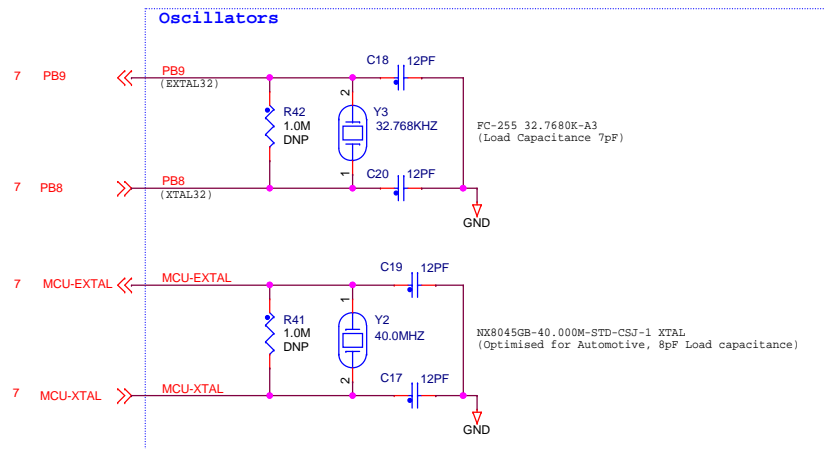
Table 13-3. Functional terminal state during power-up and reset


TERMINAL TYPE ¹	POWERUP pad state ²	RESET pad state	DEFAULT pad state ³	Comments
RESET	strong pull-down	strong pull-down	weak pull-up	functional reset pad.
PORST ⁴	Weak pull down	Weak pull-up	power on reset pad.	
GPIO	high impedance	high impedance	high impedance	by default, but configurable for STANDBY exit
ANALOG	high impedance	high impedance	high impedance	-
EOU0, EOUT1	high impedance	high impedance	high impedance	-
TCK	high impedance	weak pull-up	weak pull-up	-
TMS	high impedance	weak pull-up	weak pull-up	-
TDI	high impedance	weak pull-up	weak pull-up	-
TDO	high impedance	high impedance	high impedance	-
TCK_ALT	high impedance	weak pull-up	weak pull-up	-
TMS_ALT	high impedance	weak pull-up	weak pull-up	-
TDI_ALT	high impedance	weak pull-up	weak pull-up	-
TDO_ALT	high impedance	high impedance	high impedance	-

Note TCLK needs to be pulled down to allow exit from STANDBY in some corner cases

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Clocks



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Key to text colours:
 Purple - Comms Physical Interfaces
 Orange - Other Peripherals and I/O
 Blue - Debug (JTAG & Nexus)
 Black - Clock, Reset and Control
 RED - I/O Matrix and other Functions (eg LED)
 Green - I/O Matrix (dedicated)

PA 12..15 has SPI

PD has ADC0 and ADC1

U20A

MPC5748G 176QFP
 Package Iof3 GPIO Pins1

15	PA0	(GPIO)	PA0	24	PA0
14,15	PA1	(SW1 & GPIO)**	PA1	19	PA1
14,15	PA2	(SW2 & GPIO)	PA2	17	PA2
12	PA3	(MII_RXCLK)	PA3	114	PA3
15	PA4	(GPIO)	PA4	51	PA4
15	PA5	(GPIO)	PA5	146	PA5
12	PA6	(GPIO)	PA6	147	PA6
12	PA7	(MII_RXD2)	PA7	128	PA7
12	PA8	(RMI1_RXD1)	PA8	129	PA8
12	PA9	(RMI1_RXD0)	PA9	130	PA9
12	PA10	(MII_RXD1)	PA10	131	PA10
12	PA11	(RMI1_RXER)	PA11	132	PA11
12	PA12	(GPIO)	PA12	53	PA12
15	PA13	(GPIO)	PA13	52	PA13
15	PA14	(GPIO)	PA14	50	PA14
15	PA15	(GPIO)	PA15	48	PA15
9	PB0	(CAN0_TX)	PB0	39	PB0
9	PB1	(CAN0_RX)	PB1	40	PB1
9	PB2	(LINO_TX)	PB2	176	PB2
9	PB3	(LINO_RX)	PB3	1	PB3
14	PB4	(ADC_POT)	PB4	88	PB4
15	PB5	(GPIO)	PB5	91	PB5
15	PB6	(GPIO)	PB6	92	PB6
15	PB7	(GPIO)	PB7	93	PB7
6	PB8	(XTAL32)	PB8	61	PB8
6	PB9	(EXTAL32)	PB9	60	PB9
15	PB10	(GPIO)	PB10	62	PB10
15	PB11	(GPIO)	PB11	96	PB11
15	PB12	(GPIO)	PB12	101	PB12
15	PB13	(GPIO)	PB13	103	PB13
15	PB14	(GPIO)	PB14	105	PB14
15	PB15	(GPIO)	PB15	107	PB15
5	PC0	(TDI)	PC0	154	PC0
5	PC1	(TDO)	PC1	149	PC1
11	PC2	(USB1_CLK)	PC2	145	PC2
11	PC3	(USB1_DIR)	PC3	144	PC3
13	PC4	(FR_B_TX_EN)	PC4	159	PC4
13	PC5	(FR_A_TX)	PC5	158	PC5
9	PC6	(LINI_TX)	PC6	44	PC6
9	PC7	(LINI_RX)	PC7	45	PC7
10	PC8	(RS232_TX)	PC8	175	PC8
10	PC9	(RS232_RX)	PC9	2	PC9
9	PC10	(CAN1_TX)	PC10	36	PC10
9	PC11	(CAN1_RX)	PC11	35	PC11
13	PC12	(FR_DBG0)	PC12	173	PC12
13	PC13	(FR_DBG1)	PC13	174	PC13
13	PC14	(FR_DBG2)	PC14	3	PC14
13	PC15	(FR_DBG3)	PC15	4	PC15
14,15	PD0	(HEX1 & GPIO)	PD0	77	PD0
14,15	PD1	(HEX2 & GPIO)	PD1	78	PD1
14,15	PD2	(HEX3 & GPIO)	PD2	79	PD2
14,15	PD3	(HEX4 & GPIO)	PD3	80	PD3
15	PD4	(GPIO)	PD4	81	PD4
15	PD5	(GPIO)	PD5	82	PD5
15	PD6	(GPIO)	PD6	83	PD6
15	PD7	(GPIO)	PD7	84	PD7
15	PD8	(GPIO)	PD8	87	PD8
15	PD9	(GPIO)	PD9	94	PD9
15	PD10	(GPIO)	PD10	95	PD10
15	PD12	(GPIO)	PD12	100	PD12
15	PD13	(GPIO)	PD13	102	PD13
15	PD14	(GPIO)	PD14	104	PD14
15	PD15	(GPIO)	PD15	106	PD15
5	MCU-RSTx	MCU-RSTx	29	RESET	
5	PORSTx	PORSTx	153	PORST	
6	MCU-XTAL	MCU-XTAL	56	XTAL	
6	MCU-EXTAL	MCU-EXTAL	58	EXTAL	

RESET
 PORST
 XTAL
 EXTAL

18	PE0	X		
20	PE1	X		
156	PE2	(FR_A_TX_EN)	PE2	13
157	PE3	(FR_A_RX)	PE3	13
160	PE4	(FR_B_TX)	PE4	13
161	PE5	(FR_B_RX)	PE5	13
167	PE6	X		
168	PE7	X		
21	PE8	X		
22	PE9	X		
25	PE10	X		
133	PE12	(MII_CRS)	PE12	12
127	PE13	(MII_RXD3)	PE13	12
136	PE14	(USB1_D2)	PE14	11
137	PE15	(USB1_D3)	PE15	11
63	PF0	(GPIO)	PF0	15
64	PF1	(GPIO)	PF1	15
65	PF2	(GPIO)	PF2	15
66	PF3	(GPIO)	PF3	15
67	PF4	(GPIO)	PF4	15
68	PF5	(GPIO)	PF5	15
69	PF6	(GPIO)	PF6	15
70	PF7	(GPIO)	PF7	15
42	PF8	(GPIO)	PF8	15
41	PF9	(GPIO)	PF9	15
46	PF10	(GPIO)	PF10	15
47	PF11	(GPIO)	PF11	15
43	PF12	(GPIO)	PF12	15
49	PF13	(GPIO)	PF13	15
128	PF14	(RMI1_MDIO)	PF14	12
125	PF15	(RMI1_RXDV)	PF15	12
122	PG0	(RMI1_MDC)	PG0	12
121	PG1	(RMI1_TXCLK)	PG1	12
16	PG2	(LED1 & GPIO)	PG2	14
15	PG3	(LED2 & GPIO)	PG3	14
14	PG4	(LED3 & GPIO)	PG4	14
13	PG5	(LED4 & GPIO)	PG5	14
38	PG6	(CLKOUT1 GPIO)		
37	PG7	(CLKOUT0 GPIO)		
34	PG8	X		
33	PG9	X		
138	PG10	(USB1_D4)	PG10	11
139	PG11	(USB1_D5)	PG11	11
116	PG12	(MII_TXD2)	PG12	12
115	PG13	(MII_TXD3)	PG13	12
134	PG14	(USB1_D0)	PG14	11
135	PG15	(USB1_D1)	PG15	11
117	PH0	(RMI1_TXD1)	PH0	12
118	PH1	(RMI1_TXD0)	PH1	12
119	PH2	(RMI1_TXEN)	PH2	12
120	PH3	X		
162	PH4	X		
163	PH5	X		
164	PH6	X		
165	PH7	X		
166	PH8	X		
155	PH9	(TCK)	PH9	5
148	PH10	(TMS)	PH10	5
140	PH11	(USB1_D6)	PH11	11
141	PH12	(USB1_D7)	PH12	11
9	PH13	X		
10	PH14	X		
8	PH15	X		



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 RED - I/O Matrix and other functions (eg LED)
 Green - I/O Matrix (dedicated)

15	PI0	<<<	(GPIO)	PI0	172	PI0
15	PI1	<<<	(GPIO)	PI1	171	PI1
15	PI2	<<<	(GPIO)	PI2	170	PI2
15	PI3	<<<	(GPIO)	PI3	169	PI3
11	PI4	<<<	(USB1_STP)	PI4	143	PI4
11	PI5	<<<	(USB1_NXT)	PI5	142	PI5
15	PI6	<<<	(GPIO)	PI6	11	PI6
11	PI7	<<<	(USB1_RST)	PI7	12	PI7
15	PI8	<<<	(GPIO)	PI8	108	PI8
12	PI11	<<<	(ENET_RST)	PI11	111	PI11
15	PI12	<<<	(GPIO)	PI12	112	PI12
15	PI13	<<<	(GPIO)	PI13	113	PI13
15	PI14	<<<	(GPIO)	PI14	76	PI14
15	PI15	<<<	(GPIO)	PI15	75	PI15

<	74	PJ0
<	73	PJ1
<	72	PJ2
<	71	PJ3
<	5	PJ4

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 Package 3of3 GPIO Pins2

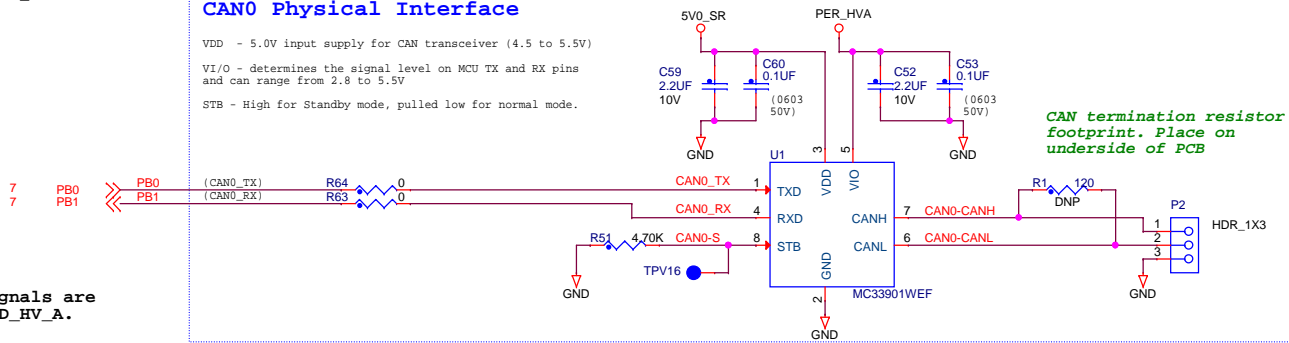
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CAN & LIN Physical

CAN0 Physical Interface

VDD - 5.0V input supply for CAN transceiver (4.5 to 5.5V)
 VI/O - determines the signal level on MCU TX and RX pins and can range from 2.8 to 5.5V
 STB - High for Standby mode, pulled low for normal mode.

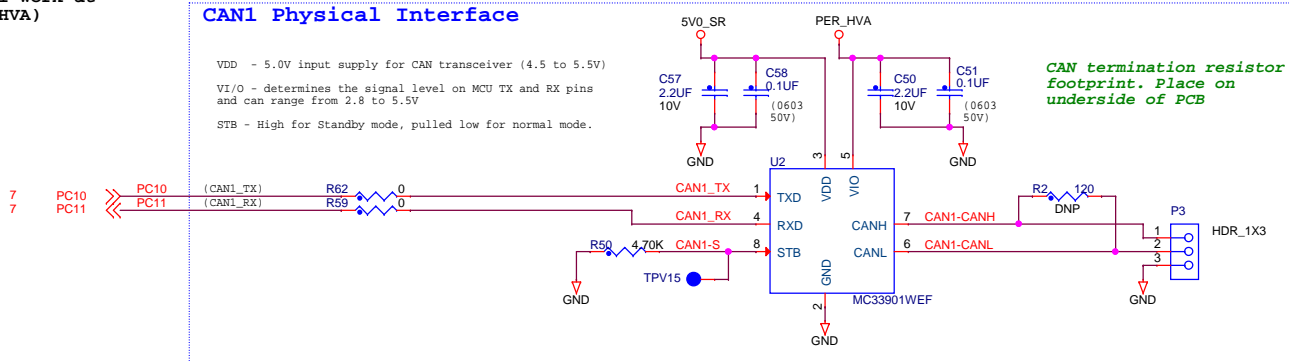


All CAN and LIN signals are in power domain VDD_HV_A.

All interfaces will work at 3.3V or 5.0V (PER_HVA)

CAN1 Physical Interface

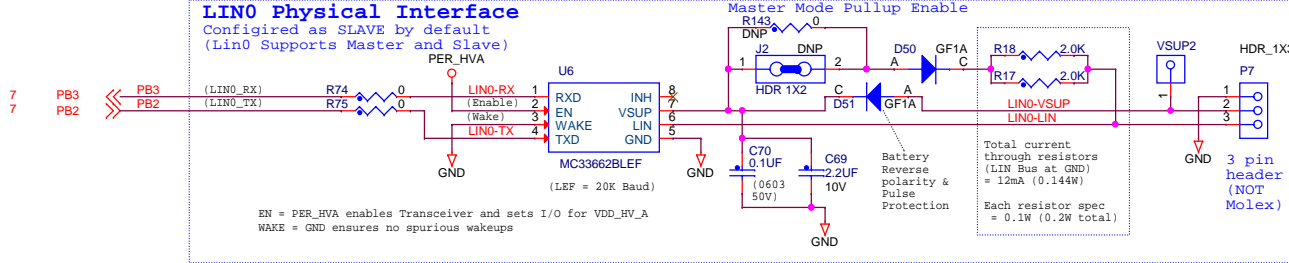
VDD - 5.0V input supply for CAN transceiver (4.5 to 5.5V)
 VI/O - determines the signal level on MCU TX and RX pins and can range from 2.8 to 5.5V
 STB - High for Standby mode, pulled low for normal mode.



LIN0 Physical Interface

Configured as SLAVE by default
 (Lin0 Supports Master and Slave)

EN = PER_HVA enables Transceiver and sets I/O for VDD_HV_A
 WAKE = GND ensures no spurious wakeups



MC33662LEF LIN transceiver is newer version of 33661 offering:

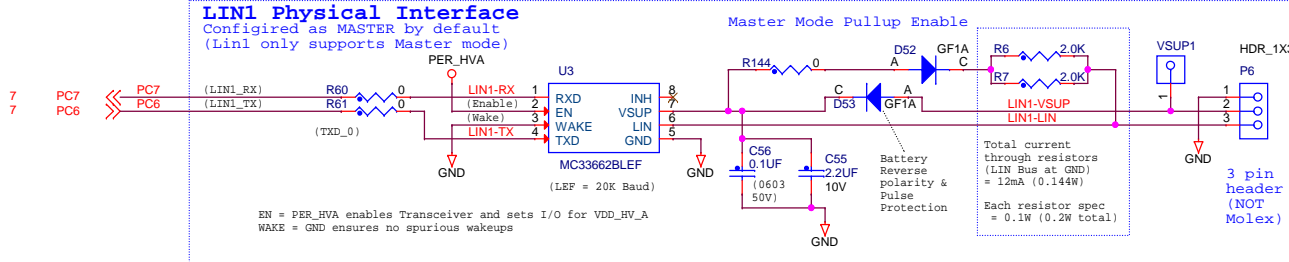
- Full LIN compliance (33661 no longer compliant)
- Improved ESD protection on LIN pin up to 15KV
- Improved ESD on Wake and VSUP Pins
- Other EMC and performance improvements

See freescale.com for more details

LIN1 Physical Interface

Configured as MASTER by default
 (Lin1 only supports Master mode)

EN = PER_HVA enables Transceiver and sets I/O for VDD_HV_A
 WAKE = GND ensures no spurious wakeups



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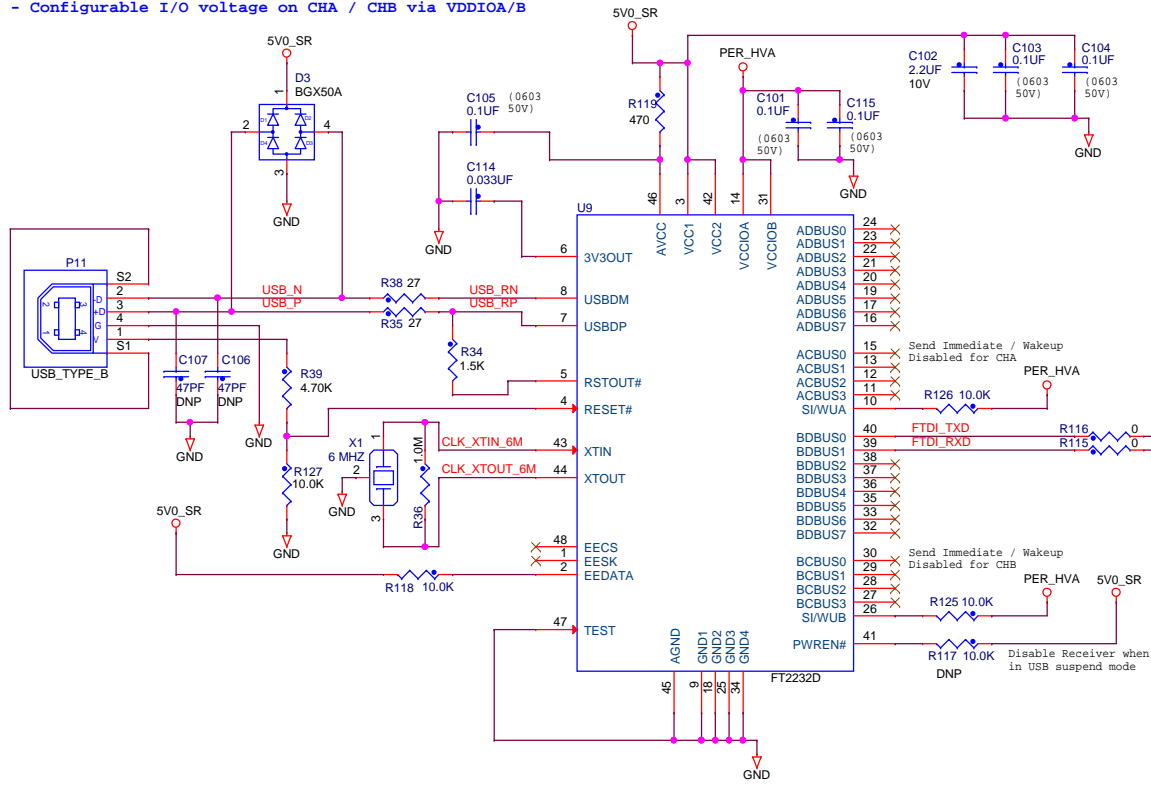
USB RS232 (serial) Interface

All Signals are in power domain VDD_HV_A.

FTDI interface will work at 3.3V or 5.0V (PER_HVA)

FTDI USB <-> Serial Interface

- Self Powered mode. No power is taken from USB
- Device defaults to Dual serial (RS232) mode ie RS232 on both A and B
- Configurable I/O voltage on CHA / CHB via VDDIOA/B



Pin#	Generic Pin name	232 UART Mode
40	BDBUS0	TXD
39	BDBUS1	RXD

FTDI Pin 40 (TXD) is Output from FTDI Device, connect to MCU RXD

FTDI Pin 39 (RXD) is Input to FTDI device, connect to MCU TXD



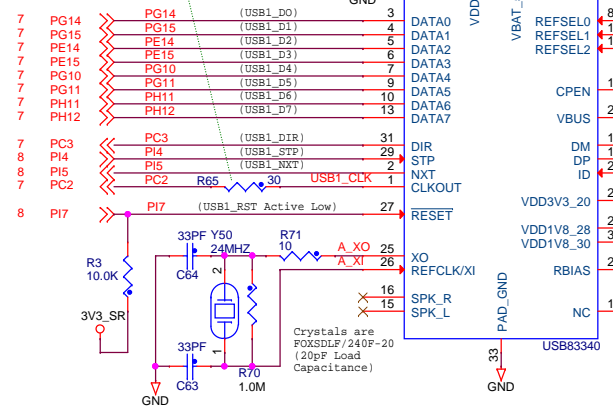
		Automotive Microcontroller Applications East Kilbride, Scotland NXP General Business Use	
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USB (Type A Host and Type AB OTG)

USB Signals are in power domain VDD_HV_A

The USB interface only supports 3.3V operation. All I/O signals must be 3.3V. If VDD_HVA is set to 5V, USB MCU pads must be left as tri-state with no pullups.

(Layout Note: Place Series Termination resistor close to USB IC)



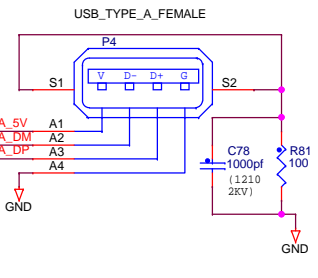
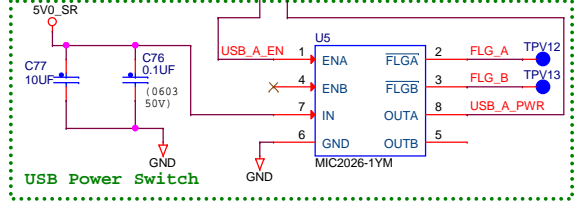
General Layout Note. Recommendation is to keep all tracks between MCU and USB PHI less than 3" See additional SMSC Layout guidelines PDF to the right



USB Host, Type A (Available on all packages)

(Layout Note: Route DP and DM with 90 Ohm Differential Pair. Keep tracks as short as possible)

(Layout Note: Place caps & resistor as close to device as possible)

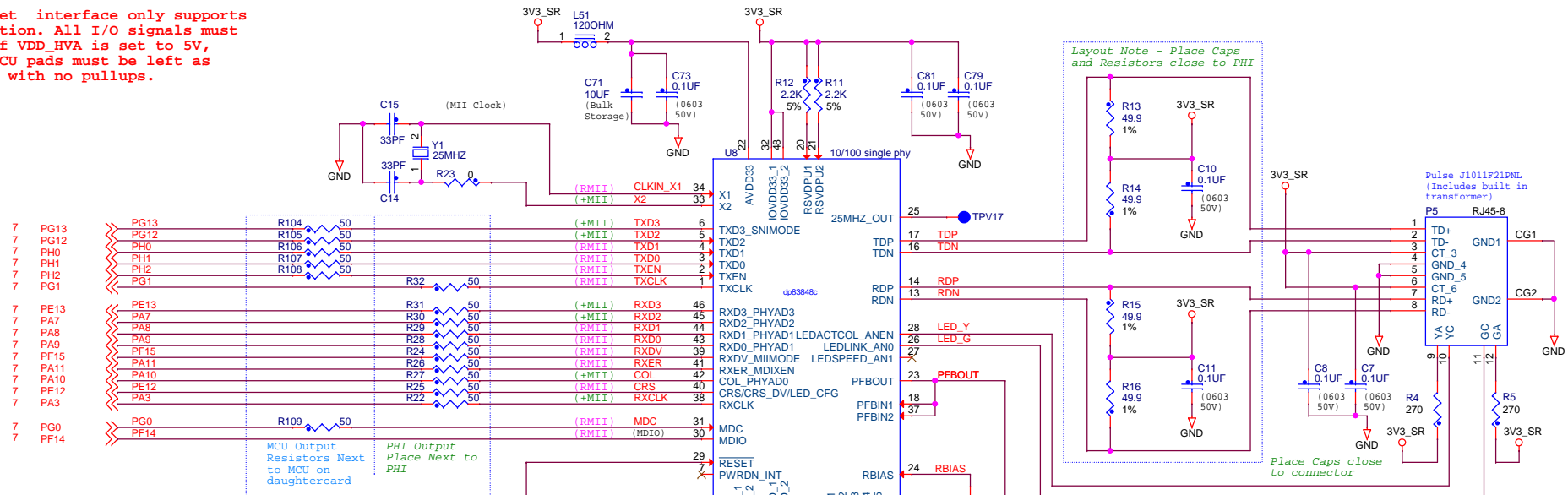


		Automotive Microcontroller Applications	
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Ethernet (Configured for MII Mode)

All Ethernet Signals are in power domain VDD_HV_B

The Ethernet interface only supports 3.3V operation. All I/O signals must be 3.3V. If VDD_HVA is set to 5V, Ethernet MCU pads must be left as tri-state with no pullups.



MCU Output Resistors Next to MCU on daughtercard

PHI Output Place Next to PHI

Series Termination Resistors: 50 Ohms as per TI spec. Place resistors as close to driving source as possible. Termination recommended for ALL MII signals

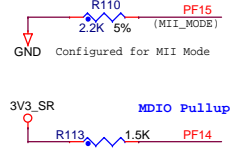
Reset Control:

- Reset from MCU Reset Out (will reset with MCU)
- Reset from GPIO. Allows MCU to reset PHY as well as hold PHY in reset while reset config data can be driven onto pins to change mode etc.

- Boot Configuration (using PHY internal Pulls)**
- Auto Negotiation Enable (All speeds / duplex supported) (AN_EN, AN0 and AN1 all Internal PullUp)
 - Operating Mode (MII) (SNI_Mode Internal PullDown, MII_Mode control via PF15)
 - LED Configuraiton (Model) (LED_CFG Internal PullUp)
 - MDIX Enable (Auto MDIX Enabled) (MDIX_EN Internal PullUp)
 - Physical Address (set to 0b00001) (PHYAD[0] Internal PullUp, PHYAD[1..4] Internal PullDown)

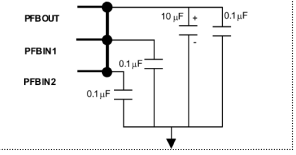
Layout Note:

MII Mode resistor and the MDIP ullup resistor should be placed as close as possible to the PF15 / PF14 tracks to reduce the effect of a stub on the transmission line.



Layout Note - Place Caps and Resistors close to PHI

Layout Note: Place 0.1uF cap close to each pin. 10uF TANT as close to pin 23 as possible as shown in diagram below taken from TI device specification

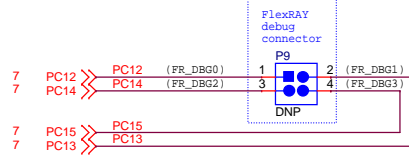


		Automotive Microcontroller Applications	
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FlexRAY Physical Interface

All Signals are in power domain VDD_HV_A.

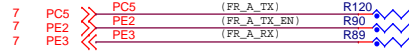
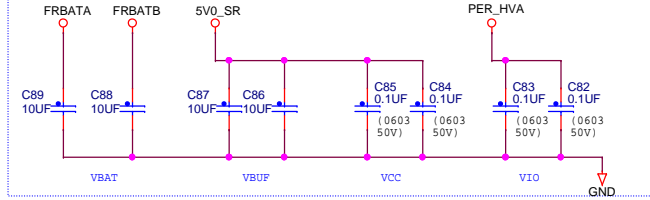
FlexRAY interface will work at 3.3V or 5.0V (PER_HVA)



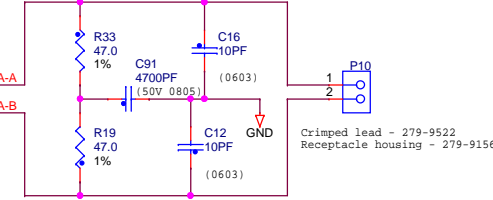
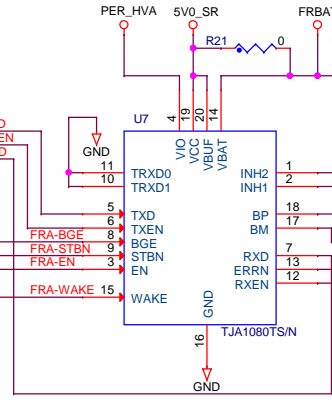
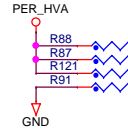
Note on VBAT:
 - Operational range is 6.5v to 60v
 - Undervoltage detection is max 4.5v

On EVB this is supplied from 5v, In theory this should be to battery with 60uS delay between applying Vbat and I/O voltages. If necessary, 12V can be externally supplied by removing the resistor and connecting pad to 12v

Decoupling Caps for BOTH IC's. Place next to power pins.



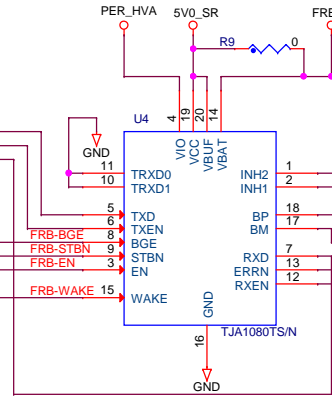
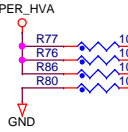
BGE: Bus Guardian Enable. Pull high to enable transmitter
 STBN: Standby Input. Pull High for non standby mode
 EN: Enable Input. Pull high to enable



Bus voltage +/- 12v (VBAT = 12v)
 Components spec'd for 12v operation

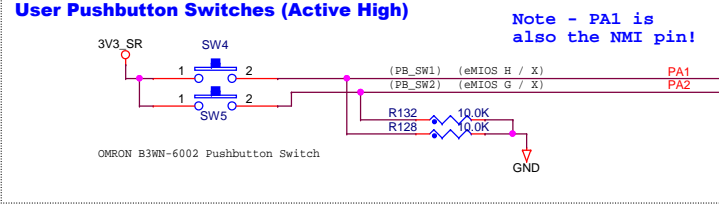
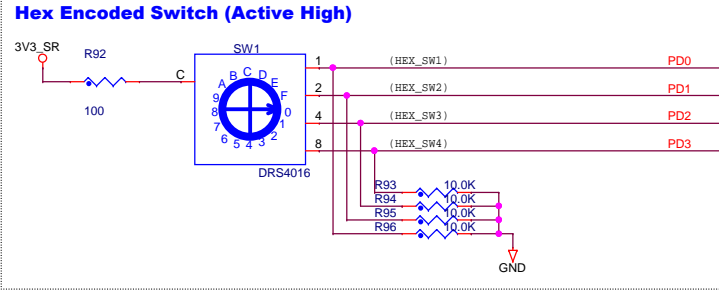
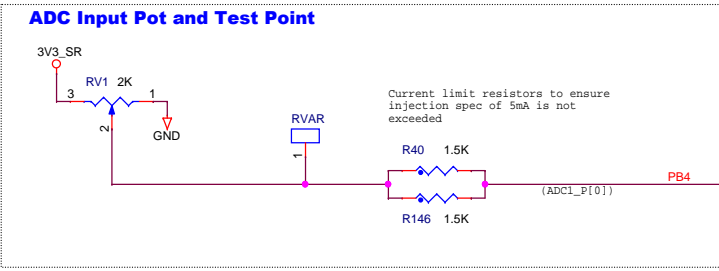
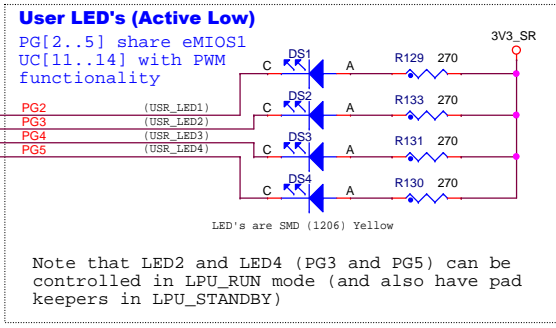
FlexRAY A

FlexRAY B



User Peripherals (Led's, Switches and ADC Pot)

Switches are hard wired to 3.3V rather than 5V so it's not possible to drive 5V into a 3.3V pad (which would cause damage)
 Similarly, the LED's are active low with 3.3v supply so can be safely coupled to pads on either 3.3V or 5V domains
 The ADC input is limited to 3.3V, again to prevent driving 5V into a 3.3V pad which would cause damage



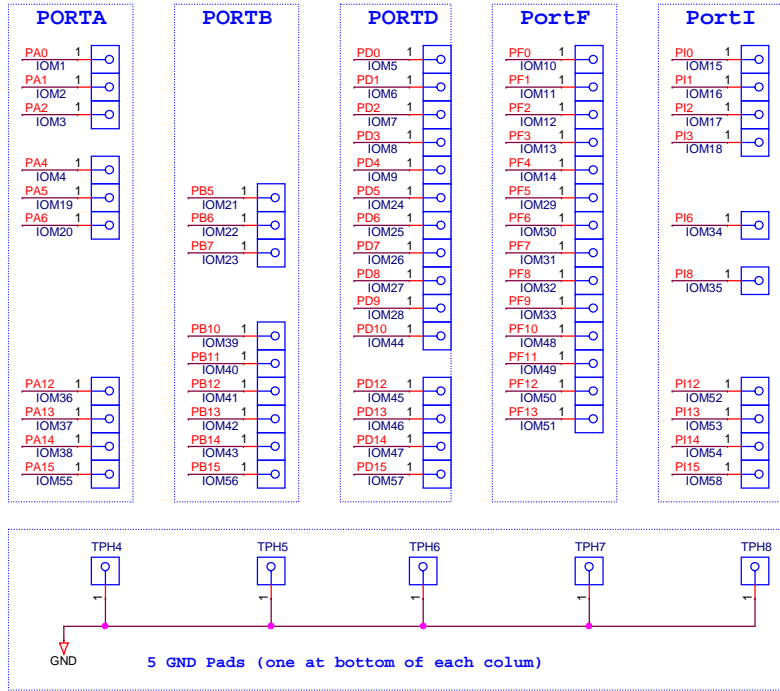
		Automotive Microcontroller Applications	
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GPIO Pin Matrix


All pads are DNP (Do Not Populate) 0.1" pitch headers placed on a 0.1" grid

	7	PA0	PA0
PA[1,2] shared with user switches	7,14	PA1	PA1
	7,14	PA2	PA2
	7	PA4	PA4
	7	PA5	PA5
	7	PA6	PA6
	7	PA12	PA12
	7	PA13	PA13
	7	PA14	PA14
	7	PA15	PA15
	7	PB5	PB5
	7	PB6	PB6
	7	PB7	PB7
	7	PB10	PB10
	7	PB11	PB11
	7	PB12	PB12
	7	PB13	PB13
	7	PB14	PB14
	7	PB15	PB15
	7,14	PD0	PD0
	7,14	PD1	PD1
	7,14	PD2	PD2
	7,14	PD3	PD3
	7,14	PD4	PD4
	7	PD5	PD5
	7	PD6	PD6
	7	PD7	PD7
	7	PD8	PD8
	7	PD9	PD9
	7	PD10	PD10
	7	PD12	PD12
	7	PD13	PD13
	7	PD14	PD14
	7	PD15	PD15
	7	PF0	PF0
	7	PF1	PF1
	7	PF2	PF2
	7	PF3	PF3
	7	PF4	PF4
	7	PF5	PF5
	7	PF6	PF6
	7	PF7	PF7
	7	PF8	PF8
	7	PF9	PF9
	7	PF10	PF10
	7	PF11	PF11
	7	PF12	PF12
	7	PF13	PF13
	8	PI0	PI0
	8	PI1	PI1
	8	PI2	PI2
	8	PI3	PI3
	8	PI6	PI6
	8	PI8	PI8
	8	PI12	PI12
	8	PI13	PI13
	8	PI14	PI14
	8	PI15	PI15

PD[0..3] shared with Hex Switch



Layout Notes:
 Pads must be placed in a 5 (W) x 16 (H) matrix pattern, 2.54 mm pitch
 - one column for each port
 - 16 tall (1 row for each port number from 0 to 15).
 - GND pad at bottom of each column
 - After production, pads should be through hole (not solder filled)

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